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|#

EVENT: Start with the library "mc20-2" using the compiled version.

; Proof of the Correctness of a Quicksort Program

;

#|

The following C function QSORT sorts a[left], ..., a[right] into increasing order. The program is a slightly modified version of K&R.

```
/* qsort: sort a[left]...a[right] into increasing order. We use the middle */
/* element of each subarray for partitioning. */
void qsort (int a[], int left, int right)
{
    int i, last, temp;

    if (left >= right)
        return;
    last = (left + right) / 2;
    temp = a[left];
```

```

a[left] = a[last];
a[last] = temp;
last = left;
for (i = left + 1; i<= right; i++)
    if (a[i] < a[left]){
        temp = a[++last];
        a[last] = a[i];
        a[i] = temp;
    };
temp = a[left];
a[left] = a[last];
a[last] = temp;
qsort(a, left, last-1);
qsort(a, last+1, right);
}

```

Here is the MC68020 assembly code of the above QSORT program. The code is generated by "gcc -O".

```

0x22b8 <qsort>:      linkw fp,#0
0x22bc <qsort+4>:    moveml d2-d4/a2-a3,sp@-
0x22c0 <qsort+8>:    moveal fp@(8),a3
0x22c4 <qsort+12>:   movel fp@(12),d3
0x22c8 <qsort+16>:   movel fp@(16),d4
0x22cc <qsort+20>:   cmpl d3,d4
0x22ce <qsort+22>:   ble 0x2338 <qsort+128>
0x22d0 <qsort+24>:   movel d3,d2
0x22d2 <qsort+26>:   addl d4,d2
0x22d4 <qsort+28>:   bpl 0x22d8 <qsort+32>
0x22d6 <qsort+30>:   addql #1,d2
0x22d8 <qsort+32>:   asrl #1,d2
0x22da <qsort+34>:   movel 0(a3)[d3.1*4],d1
0x22de <qsort+38>:   movel 0(a3)[d2.1*4],0(a3)[d3.1*4]
0x22e4 <qsort+44>:   movel d1,0(a3)[d2.1*4]
0x22e8 <qsort+48>:   movel d3,d2
0x22ea <qsort+50>:   movel d2,d0
0x22ec <qsort+52>:   bra 0x2308 <qsort+80>
0x22ee <qsort+54>:   moveal 0(a3)[d0.1*4],a0
0x22f2 <qsort+58>:   cmpal 0(a3)[d3.1*4],a0
0x22f6 <qsort+62>:   bge 0x2308 <qsort+80>
0x22f8 <qsort+64>:   addql #1,d2
0x22fa <qsort+66>:   movel 0(a3)[d2.1*4],d1
0x22fe <qsort+70>:   movel 0(a3)[d0.1*4],0(a3)[d2.1*4]
0x2304 <qsort+76>:   movel d1,0(a3)[d0.1*4]

```

```

0x2308 <qsort+80>:      addq1 #1,d0
0x230a <qsort+82>:      cmpl d0,d4
0x230c <qsort+84>:      bge 0x22ee <qsort+54>
0x230e <qsort+86>:      movel 0(a3)[d3.l*4],d1
0x2312 <qsort+90>:      movel 0(a3)[d2.l*4],0(a3)[d3.l*4]
0x2318 <qsort+96>:      movel d1,0(a3)[d2.l*4]
0x231c <qsort+100>:     moveal d2,a0
0x231e <qsort+102>:     pea a0@(-1)
0x2322 <qsort+106>:     movel d3,sp@-
0x2324 <qsort+108>:     movel a3,sp@-
0x2326 <qsort+110>:     lea 0x22b8 <qsort>,a2
0x232a <qsort+114>:     jsr a2@
0x232c <qsort+116>:     movel d4,sp@-
0x232e <qsort+118>:     moveal d2,a0
0x2330 <qsort+120>:     pea a0@(1)
0x2334 <qsort+124>:     movel a3,sp@-
0x2336 <qsort+126>:     jsr a2@
0x2338 <qsort+128>:     moveml fp@(-20),d2-d4/a2-a3
0x233e <qsort+134>:     unlk fp
0x2340 <qsort+136>:     rts

```

The machine code of the above program is:

```

<qsort>:      0x4e56  0x0000  0x48e7  0x3830  0x266e  0x0008  0x262e  0x000c
<qsort+16>:    0x282e  0x0010  0xb883  0x6f68  0x2403  0xd484  0x6a02  0x5282
<qsort+32>:    0xe282  0x2233  0x3c00  0x27b3  0x2c00  0x3c00  0x2781  0x2c00
<qsort+48>:    0x2403  0x2002  0x601a  0x2073  0x0c00  0xb1f3  0x3c00  0x6c10
<qsort+64>:    0x5282  0x2233  0x2c00  0x27b3  0x0c00  0x2c00  0x2781  0x0c00
<qsort+80>:    0x5280  0xb880  0x6ce0  0x2233  0x3c00  0x27b3  0x2c00  0x3c00
<qsort+96>:    0x2781  0x2c00  0x2042  0x4868  0xffff  0x2f03  0x2f0b  0x45fa
<qsort+112>:   0xff90  0x4e92  0x2f04  0x2042  0x4868  0x0001  0x2f0b  0x4e92
<qsort+128>:   0x4cee  0x0c1c  0xffec  0x4e5e  0x4e75

```

In the Logic, it looks like:

```

' (78      86      0      0      72      231      56      48
   38      110     0      8      38      46      0      12
   40      46      0     16     184     131     111     104
   36       3     212    132    106      2      82     130
  226     130     34     51     60      0      39     179
   44       0     60      0     39     129     44      0
   36       3     32      2     96      26     32     115
   12       0    177    243     60      0    108     16
   82     130     34     51     44      0     39     179

```

12	0	44	0	39	129	12	0
82	128	184	128	108	224	34	51
60	0	39	179	44	0	60	0
39	129	44	0	32	66	72	104
255	255	47	3	47	11	69	250
255	144	78	146	47	4	32	66
72	104	0	1	47	11	78	146
76	238	12	28	255	236	78	94
78	117)						

|#

; in the Logic, the above program is defined by (qsort-code).

DEFINITION:

QSORT-CODE

```
= '(78 86 0 0 72 231 56 48 38 110 0 8 38 46 0 12 40 46 0
    16 184 131 111 104 36 3 212 132 106 2 82 130 226 130
    34 51 60 0 39 179 44 0 60 0 39 129 44 0 36 3 32 2 96
    26 32 115 12 0 177 243 60 0 108 16 82 130 34 51 44 0
    39 179 12 0 44 0 39 129 12 0 82 128 184 128 108 224
    34 51 60 0 39 179 44 0 60 0 39 129 44 0 32 66 72 104
    255 255 47 3 47 11 69 250 255 144 78 146 47 4 32 66
    72 104 0 1 47 11 78 146 76 238 12 28 255 236 78 94
    78 117)
```

THEOREM: ilessp-lessp

$(x \in \mathbf{N}) \rightarrow (\text{ilessp}(x, y) = (x < y))$

EVENT: Disable ilessp.

EVENT: Enable iplus.

EVENT: Enable idifference.

EVENT: Enable iquotient.

; qsort is a function in Nqthm that characterizes the functional semantics of
; the program (qsort-code).

DEFINITION:

qpart-aux($l, r, lst, last, i$)

```
= if  $r < i$  then swap( $l, last, lst$ )
   elseif ilessp(get-nth( $i, lst$ ), get-nth( $l, lst$ ))
```

then qpart-aux($l, r, \text{swap}(1 + \text{last}, i, \text{lst}), 1 + \text{last}, 1 + i$)
else qpart-aux($l, r, \text{lst}, \text{last}, 1 + i$) **endif**

DEFINITION:

qpart(l, r, lst) = qpart-aux($l, r, \text{swap}(l, (l + r) \div 2, \text{lst}), l, 1 + l$)

DEFINITION:

qlast-aux($l, r, \text{lst}, \text{last}, i$)
= **if** $r < i$ **then** fix(last)
elseif ilessp($\text{get-nth}(i, \text{lst}), \text{get-nth}(l, \text{lst})$)
then qlast-aux($l, r, \text{swap}(1 + \text{last}, i, \text{lst}), 1 + \text{last}, 1 + i$)
else qlast-aux($l, r, \text{lst}, \text{last}, 1 + i$) **endif**

DEFINITION:

qlast(l, r, lst) = qlast-aux($l, r, \text{swap}(l, (l + r) \div 2, \text{lst}), l, 1 + l$)

THEOREM: qlast-aux-lb

$(\text{left} \leq \text{last}) \rightarrow (\text{qlast-aux}(\text{left}, \text{right}, \text{lst}, \text{last}, i) \not\leq \text{left})$

THEOREM: qlast-lb

$\text{qlast}(\text{left}, \text{right}, \text{lst}) \not\leq \text{left}$

THEOREM: qlast-aux-ub

$((\text{last} < i) \wedge (i \leq \text{right}))$
 $\rightarrow (\text{right} \not\leq \text{qlast-aux}(\text{left}, \text{right}, \text{lst}, \text{last}, i))$

THEOREM: qlast-ub

$(\text{left} < \text{right}) \rightarrow (\text{right} \not\leq \text{qlast}(\text{left}, \text{right}, \text{lst}))$

EVENT: Disable qlast.

EVENT: Disable qpart.

DEFINITION:

qsort(l, r, lst)
= **if** $l < r$
then qsort($1 + \text{qlast}(l, r, \text{lst}),$
 $\quad r,$
 $\quad \text{qsort}(l, \text{qlast}(l, r, \text{lst}) - 1, \text{qpart}(l, r, \text{lst}))$)
else lst **endif**

; the computation time of the program.

DEFINITION:

```

qpart-aux-t(a, l, r, n, lst, last, i)
=  if r < i then 11
    elseif ilessp(get-nth(i, lst), get-nth(l, lst))
    then splus(10,
        qpart-aux-t(a, l, r, n, swap(1 + last, i, lst), 1 + last, 1 + i))
    else splus(6, qpart-aux-t(a, l, r, n, lst, last, 1 + i)) endif

```

DEFINITION:

```

qpart-t(a, l, r, n, lst)
=  let lst1 be swap(l, (l + r) ÷ 2, lst)
    in
    splus(18, qpart-aux-t(a, l, r, n, lst1, l, 1 + l)) endlet

```

DEFINITION: *qsort-10*(*a*, *l*, *r*, *n*, *lst*) = 10

DEFINITION: *qsort-5*(*a*, *l*, *r*, *n*, *lst*) = 5

DEFINITION: *qsort-3*(*a*, *l*, *r*, *n*, *lst*) = 3

DEFINITION:

```

qsort-t(a, l, r, n, lst)
=  let last be qlast(l, r, lst),
    qlst be qpart(l, r, lst)
    in
    if l < r
    then splus(qpart-t(a, l, r, n, lst),
        splus(qsort-t(a, l, last - 1, n, qlst),
            splus(qsort-5(a, l, r, n, lst),
                splus(qsort-t(a,
                    1 + last,
                    r,
                    n,
                    qsort(l, last - 1, qlst)),
                    qsort-3(a, l, r, n, lst))))))
    else qsort-10(a, l, r, n, lst) endif endlet

```

; an induction hint.

DEFINITION:

```

qsort-induct(s, a, l, r, n, lst)
=  let last be qlast(l, r, lst),
    qlst be qpart(l, r, lst)
    in
    if l < r

```

```

then qsort-induct (stepn (s, qpart-t (a, l, r, n, lst)),
    a,
    l,
    idifference (last, 1),
    n,
    qlst)
   $\wedge$  qsort-induct (stepn (s,
    splus (qpart-t (a, l, r, n, lst),
      splus (qsort-t (a,
        l,
        last - 1,
        n,
        qlst),
        qsort-5 (a, l, r, n, lst))))),
    a,
    1 + last,
    r,
    n,
    qsort (l, last - 1, qlst))
else t endif endlet

; the preconditions of the initial state.

```

DEFINITION:

```

qstack (l, r, lst)
= let last be qlast (l, r, lst),
    lst1 be qpart (l, r, lst)
in
  if l < r
  then max (40 + qstack (l, last - 1, lst1),
    52 + qstack (1 + last, r, qsort (l, last - 1, lst1)))
  else 68 endif endlet

```

THEOREM: qstack-la0

$qstack(l, r, lst) \not\leq 68$

THEOREM: qstack-la1

```

let last be qlast (l, r, lst),
    lst1 be qpart (l, r, lst)
in
  (l < r)
   $\rightarrow$  (qstack (l, r, lst)  $\not\leq$  (40 + qstack (l, last - 1, lst1))) endlet

```

THEOREM: qstack-la2

let last **be** qlast (l, r, lst),

```

    lst1 be qpart(l, r, lst)
in
  (l < r)
  → (qstack(l, r, lst)
     ↗ (52 + qstack(1 + last, r, qsort(l, last - 1, lst1)))) endlet

```

; an upper bound of stack space.

THEOREM: *qstack-ubound-la-1*

```

(l < r)
→ ((52 * (r - l))
   ↗ (52 + (52 * ((qlast(l, r, lst) - 1) - l))))

```

THEOREM: *qstack-ubound-la-2*

```

(l < r)
→ ((52 * (r - l))
   ↗ (52 + (52 * (r - (1 + qlast(l, r, lst))))))

```

THEOREM: *qstack-ubound*

$\text{qstack}(l, r, lst) \leq (68 + (52 * (r - l)))$

EVENT: Disable *qstack*.

; the initial state.

DEFINITION:

```

qsort-statep(s, a, l, r, n, lst)
= let sp be sub(32, qstack(l, r, lst) - 16, read-sp(s))
in
  (mc-status(s) = 'running')
  ∧ evenp(mc-pc(s))
  ∧ rom-addrp(mc-pc(s), mc-mem(s), 138)
  ∧ mcode-addrp(mc-pc(s), mc-mem(s), QSORT-CODE)
  ∧ ram-addrp(a, mc-mem(s), 4 * n)
  ∧ mem-ilst(4, a, mc-mem(s), n, lst)
  ∧ ram-addrp(sp, mc-mem(s), qstack(l, r, lst))
  ∧ disjoint(a, 4 * n, sp, qstack(l, r, lst))
  ∧ (a = read-mem(add(32, read-sp(s), 4), mc-mem(s), 4))
  ∧ (l = iread-mem(add(32, read-sp(s), 8), mc-mem(s), 4))
  ∧ (r = iread-mem(add(32, read-sp(s), 12), mc-mem(s), 4))
  ∧ (qstack(l, r, lst) < exp(2, 32))
  ∧ (l ∈ N)
  ∧ (r < n)
  ∧ uint-rangep(4 * n, 32) endlet

```

DEFINITION:

$\text{qsort-sp}(s, a, l, r, n, lst)$
 $= ((\text{mc-status}(s) = \text{'running'})$
 $\wedge \text{evenp}(\text{mc-pc}(s))$
 $\wedge \text{rom-addrp}(\text{mc-pc}(s), \text{mc-mem}(s), 138)$
 $\wedge \text{mcode-addrp}(\text{mc-pc}(s), \text{mc-mem}(s), \text{QSORT-CODE})$
 $\wedge \text{ram-addrp}(a, \text{mc-mem}(s), 4 * n)$
 $\wedge \text{mem-ilst}(4, a, \text{mc-mem}(s), n, lst)$
 $\wedge (a = \text{read-mem}(\text{add}(32, \text{read-sp}(s), 4), \text{mc-mem}(s), 4))$
 $\wedge (l = \text{iread-mem}(\text{add}(32, \text{read-sp}(s), 8), \text{mc-mem}(s), 4))$
 $\wedge (r = \text{iread-mem}(\text{add}(32, \text{read-sp}(s), 12), \text{mc-mem}(s), 4))$
 $\wedge (l \in \mathbf{N})$
 $\wedge (n \in \mathbf{N})$
 $\wedge (r < n)$
 $\wedge \text{int-rangep}(n, 32)$
 $\wedge \text{int-rangep}(2 * r, 32)$
 $\wedge \text{uint-rangep}(4 * n, 32)$
 $\wedge \text{ram-addrp}(\text{sub}(32, 52, \text{read-sp}(s)), \text{mc-mem}(s), 68)$
 $\wedge \text{disjoint}(a, 4 * n, \text{sub}(32, 52, \text{read-sp}(s)), 68))$

THEOREM: qsort-statep-sp

$\text{qsort-statep}(s, a, l, r, n, lst) \rightarrow \text{qsort-sp}(s, a, l, r, n, lst)$

; the conditions of the intermediate state $s0$. $s0$ is the state of the
; machine right before the for statement in the corresponding C program.

DEFINITION:

$\text{qsort-s0p}(s, s0, a, l, r, n, lst, last, i)$
 $= ((\text{linked-rts-addr}(s0) = \text{rts-addr}(s))$
 $\wedge (\text{linked-a6}(s0) = \text{read-an}(32, 6, s))$
 $\wedge \text{equal}^*(\text{read-rn}(32, 14, \text{mc-rfile}(s0)), \text{sub}(32, 4, \text{read-sp}(s)))$
 $\wedge \text{equal}^*(\text{read-rn}(32, 15, \text{mc-rfile}(s0)), \text{sub}(32, 24, \text{read-sp}(s)))$
 $\wedge (\text{movem-saved}(s0, 4, 20, 5)$
 $\quad = \text{readm-rn}(32, '(2\ 3\ 4\ 10\ 11), \text{mc-rfile}(s)))$
 $\wedge (\text{mc-status}(s0) = \text{'running'})$
 $\wedge \text{evenp}(\text{mc-pc}(s0))$
 $\wedge \text{rom-addrp}(\text{sub}(32, 82, \text{mc-pc}(s0)), \text{mc-mem}(s0), 138)$
 $\wedge \text{mcode-addrp}(\text{sub}(32, 82, \text{mc-pc}(s0)), \text{mc-mem}(s0), \text{QSORT-CODE})$
 $\wedge \text{ram-addrp}(\text{sub}(32, 52, \text{read-sp}(s)), \text{mc-mem}(s0), 68)$
 $\wedge \text{ram-addrp}(a, \text{mc-mem}(s0), 4 * n)$
 $\wedge \text{mem-ilst}(4, a, \text{mc-mem}(s0), n, lst)$
 $\wedge \text{disjoint}(a, 4 * n, \text{sub}(32, 52, \text{read-sp}(s)), 68)$
 $\wedge (a = \text{read-an}(32, 3, s0))$
 $\wedge (l = \text{nat-to-int}(\text{read-rn}(32, 3, \text{mc-rfile}(s0)), 32))$
 $\wedge (r = \text{nat-to-int}(\text{read-rn}(32, 4, \text{mc-rfile}(s0)), 32))$

$\wedge$ ($last = \text{nat-to-int}(\text{read-rn}(32, 2, \text{mc-rfile}(s0)), 32)$)
 $\wedge$ ($i = \text{nat-to-int}(\text{read-rn}(32, 0, \text{mc-rfile}(s0)), 32)$)
 $\wedge$ ($l \in \mathbf{N}$)
 $\wedge$ ($r \in \mathbf{N}$)
 $\wedge$ ($n \in \mathbf{N}$)
 $\wedge$ ($last \in \mathbf{N}$)
 $\wedge$ ($i \in \mathbf{N}$)
 $\wedge$ ($l < r$)
 $\wedge$ ($last < i$)
 $\wedge$ ($i \leq (1 + r)$)
 $\wedge$ ($r < n$)
 $\wedge$ $\text{int-range}(n, 32)$
 $\wedge$ $\text{uint-range}(4 * n, 32)$

; the conditions of the intermediate state $s1$. $s1$ is the machine
; state after the execution of the first JSR instruction, but before
; the recursive execution of QSORT.

DEFINITION:

$\text{qsort-slp}(s, s1, a, l, r, n, lst, last)$
 $=$ ($(\text{linked-rts-addr}(s1) = \text{rts-addr}(s))$
 $\wedge$ ($\text{linked-a6}(s1) = \text{read-an}(32, 6, s)$)
 $\wedge$ $\text{equal}^*(\text{read-rn}(32, 14, \text{mc-rfile}(s1)), \text{sub}(32, 4, \text{read-sp}(s)))$
 $\wedge$ $\text{equal}^*(\text{read-rn}(32, 15, \text{mc-rfile}(s1)), \text{sub}(32, 40, \text{read-sp}(s)))$
 $\wedge$ ($\text{movem-saved}(s1, 4, 20, 5)$
 $\quad = \text{readm-rn}(32, '(2\ 3\ 4\ 10\ 11), \text{mc-rfile}(s))$)
 $\wedge$ ($\text{mc-status}(s1) = \text{'running'}$)
 $\wedge$ ($\text{mc-pc}(s1) = \text{read-an}(32, 2, s1)$)
 $\wedge$ $\text{evenp}(\text{read-an}(32, 2, s1))$
 $\wedge$ $\text{evenp}(\text{rts-addr}(s1))$
 $\wedge$ $\text{rom-addrp}(\text{read-an}(32, 2, s1), \text{mc-mem}(s1), 138)$
 $\wedge$ $\text{mcode-addrp}(\text{read-an}(32, 2, s1), \text{mc-mem}(s1), \text{QSORT-CODE})$
 $\wedge$ $\text{rom-addrp}(\text{sub}(32, 116, \text{rts-addr}(s1)), \text{mc-mem}(s1), 138)$
 $\wedge$ $\text{mcode-addrp}(\text{sub}(32, 116, \text{rts-addr}(s1)), \text{mc-mem}(s1), \text{QSORT-CODE})$
 $\wedge$ $\text{ram-addrp}(\text{sub}(32, 52, \text{read-sp}(s)), \text{mc-mem}(s1), 68)$
 $\wedge$ $\text{ram-addrp}(a, \text{mc-mem}(s1), 4 * n)$
 $\wedge$ $\text{mem-ilst}(4, a, \text{mc-mem}(s1), n, lst)$
 $\wedge$ $\text{disjoint}(a, 4 * n, \text{sub}(32, 52, \text{read-sp}(s)), 68)$
 $\wedge$ ($a = \text{read-an}(32, 3, s1)$)
 $\wedge$ ($l = \text{nat-to-int}(\text{read-rn}(32, 3, \text{mc-rfile}(s1)), 32)$)
 $\wedge$ ($r = \text{nat-to-int}(\text{read-rn}(32, 4, \text{mc-rfile}(s1)), 32)$)
 $\wedge$ ($last = \text{nat-to-int}(\text{read-rn}(32, 2, \text{mc-rfile}(s1)), 32)$)
 $\wedge$ ($a = \text{read-mem}(\text{add}(32, \text{read-sp}(s1), 4), \text{mc-mem}(s1), 4)$)
 $\wedge$ ($l = \text{iread-mem}(\text{add}(32, \text{read-sp}(s1), 8), \text{mc-mem}(s1), 4)$)

$\wedge$ (iread-mem (add (32, read-sp ($s1$), 12), mc-mem ($s1$), 4)
 $=$ idifference ($last$, 1))
 $\wedge$ ($l \in \mathbf{N}$)
 $\wedge$ ($r \in \mathbf{N}$)
 $\wedge$ ($last \in \mathbf{N}$)
 $\wedge$ ($l < r$)
 $\wedge$ ($last \leq r$)
 $\wedge$ ($r < n$)
 $\wedge$ int-range (n , 32)
 $\wedge$ uint-range ($4 * n$, 32))

; the conditions of the intermediate state $s2$. $s2$ is the machine
; state right after the first recursive call to QSORT.

DEFINITION:
qsrt-s2p (s , $s2$, a , l , r , n , lst , $last$)
 $=$ ((linked-rts-addr ($s2$) = rts-addr (s))
 $\wedge$ (linked-a6 ($s2$) = read-an (32, 6, s))
 $\wedge$ equal* (read-rn (32, 14, mc-rfile ($s2$)), sub (32, 4, read-sp (s)))
 $\wedge$ equal* (read-rn (32, 15, mc-rfile ($s2$)), sub (32, 36, read-sp (s)))
 $\wedge$ (movem-saved ($s2$, 4, 20, 5)
 $=$ readm-rn (32, '(2 3 4 10 11), mc-rfile (s)))
 $\wedge$ (mc-status ($s2$) = 'running)
 $\wedge$ evenp (mc-pc ($s2$))
 $\wedge$ evenp (read-an (32, 2, $s2$))
 $\wedge$ rom-addrp (read-an (32, 2, $s2$), mc-mem ($s2$), 138)
 $\wedge$ mcode-addrp (read-an (32, 2, $s2$), mc-mem ($s2$), QSORT-CODE)
 $\wedge$ rom-addrp (sub (32, 116, mc-pc ($s2$)), mc-mem ($s2$), 138)
 $\wedge$ mcode-addrp (sub (32, 116, mc-pc ($s2$)), mc-mem ($s2$), QSORT-CODE)
 $\wedge$ ram-addrp (sub (32, 16, read-sp ($s2$)), mc-mem ($s2$), 68)
 $\wedge$ ram-addrp (a , mc-mem ($s2$), $4 * n$)
 $\wedge$ mem-ilst (4, a , mc-mem ($s2$), n , lst)
 $\wedge$ disjoint (a , $4 * n$, sub (32, 16, read-sp ($s2$)), 68)
 $\wedge$ ($a =$ read-an (32, 3, $s2$))
 $\wedge$ ($l =$ nat-to-int (read-rn (32, 3, mc-rfile ($s2$)), 32))
 $\wedge$ ($r =$ nat-to-int (read-rn (32, 4, mc-rfile ($s2$)), 32))
 $\wedge$ ($last =$ nat-to-int (read-rn (32, 2, mc-rfile ($s2$)), 32))
 $\wedge$ ($l \in \mathbf{N}$)
 $\wedge$ ($r \in \mathbf{N}$)
 $\wedge$ ($last \in \mathbf{N}$)
 $\wedge$ ($l < r$)
 $\wedge$ ($last \leq r$)
 $\wedge$ ($r < n$)
 $\wedge$ int-range (n , 32)
 $\wedge$ uint-range ($4 * n$, 32))

; the conditions of the intermediate state $s3$. $s3$ is the machine
; state right after the execution of the second JSR instruction, but
; before the execution of QSORT.

DEFINITION:

qsrt-s3p($s, s3, a, l, r, n, lst, last$)
= ((linked-rts-addr($s3$) = rts-addr(s))
 $\wedge$ (linked-a6($s3$) = read-an(32, 6, s))
 $\wedge$ equal*(read-rn(32, 14, mc-rfile($s3$)), sub(32, 4, read-sp(s)))
 $\wedge$ equal*(read-rn(32, 15, mc-rfile($s3$)), sub(32, 52, read-sp(s)))
 $\wedge$ (movem-saved($s3$, 4, 20, 5)
= readm-rn(32, '(2 3 4 10 11), mc-rfile(s)))
 $\wedge$ (mc-status($s3$) = 'running)
 $\wedge$ (mc-pc($s3$) = read-an(32, 2, $s3$))
 $\wedge$ evenp(read-an(32, 2, $s3$))
 $\wedge$ evenp(rts-addr($s3$))
 $\wedge$ rom-addrp(read-an(32, 2, $s3$), mc-mem($s3$), 138)
 $\wedge$ mcode-addrp(read-an(32, 2, $s3$), mc-mem($s3$), QSORT-CODE)
 $\wedge$ rom-addrp(sub(32, 128, rts-addr($s3$)), mc-mem($s3$), 138)
 $\wedge$ mcode-addrp(sub(32, 128, rts-addr($s3$)), mc-mem($s3$), QSORT-CODE)
 $\wedge$ ram-addrp(read-sp($s3$), mc-mem($s3$), 68)
 $\wedge$ ram-addrp(a , mc-mem($s3$), $4 * n$)
 $\wedge$ mem-ilst(4, a , mc-mem($s3$), n , lst)
 $\wedge$ disjoint(a , $4 * n$, read-sp($s3$), 68)
 $\wedge$ (a = read-an(32, 3, $s3$))
 $\wedge$ (l = nat-to-int(read-rn(32, 3, mc-rfile($s3$)), 32))
 $\wedge$ (r = nat-to-int(read-rn(32, 4, mc-rfile($s3$)), 32))
 $\wedge$ ($last$ = nat-to-int(read-rn(32, 2, mc-rfile($s3$)), 32))
 $\wedge$ (a = read-mem(add(32, read-sp($s3$), 4), mc-mem($s3$), 4))
 $\wedge$ (iread-mem(add(32, read-sp($s3$), 8), mc-mem($s3$), 4)
= (1 + $last$))
 $\wedge$ (r = iread-mem(add(32, read-sp($s3$), 12), mc-mem($s3$), 4))
 $\wedge$ ($l \in \mathbf{N}$)
 $\wedge$ ($r \in \mathbf{N}$)
 $\wedge$ ($last \in \mathbf{N}$)
 $\wedge$ ($l < r$)
 $\wedge$ ($last \leq r$)
 $\wedge$ ($r < n$)
 $\wedge$ int-range(n , 32)
 $\wedge$ uint-range($4 * n$, 32))

; the conditions of the intermediate state $s4$. $s4$ is the machine
; state right after the second recursive call to QSORT.

DEFINITION:

```

qsort-s4p(s, s4, a, l, r, n, lst)
=  ((linked-rts-addr(s4) = rts-addr(s))
    ∧ (linked-a6(s4) = read-an(32, 6, s))
    ∧ equal*(read-rn(32, 14, mc-rfile(s4)), sub(32, 4, read-sp(s)))
    ∧ equal*(read-rn(32, 15, mc-rfile(s4)), sub(32, 48, read-sp(s)))
    ∧ (movem-saved(s4, 4, 20, 5)
        = readm-rn(32, '(2 3 4 10 11), mc-rfile(s)))
    ∧ (mc-status(s4) = 'running)
    ∧ evenp(mc-pc(s4))
    ∧ rom-addrp(sub(32, 128, mc-pc(s4)), mc-mem(s4), 138)
    ∧ mcode-addrp(sub(32, 128, mc-pc(s4)), mc-mem(s4), QSORT-CODE)
    ∧ ram-addrp(sub(32, 48, read-an(32, 6, s4)), mc-mem(s4), 68)
    ∧ ram-addrp(a, mc-mem(s4), 4 * n)
    ∧ mem-ilst(4, a, mc-mem(s4), n, lst)
    ∧ disjoint(a, 4 * n, sub(32, 48, read-an(32, 6, s4)), 68))

; the conditions of the final state. s5 is the machine state after
; the execution of this QSORT program.

```

DEFINITION:

```

qsort-s5p(s, s5, a, l, r, n, lst)
=  ((mc-status(s5) = 'running)
    ∧ (mc-pc(s5) = rts-addr(s))
    ∧ (read-rn(32, 14, mc-rfile(s5))
        = read-rn(32, 14, mc-rfile(s)))
    ∧ (read-rn(32, 15, mc-rfile(s5)) = add(32, read-sp(s), 4))
    ∧ mem-ilst(4, a, mc-mem(s5), n, lst)
    ∧ (read-dn(32, 2, s5) = read-dn(32, 2, s))
    ∧ (read-dn(32, 3, s5) = read-dn(32, 3, s))
    ∧ (read-dn(32, 4, s5) = read-dn(32, 4, s))
    ∧ (read-an(32, 2, s5) = read-an(32, 2, s))
    ∧ (read-an(32, 3, s5) = read-an(32, 3, s)))

```

DEFINITION:

```

qsort-sk(s, s5, a, l, r, n, lst)
↔  ∀ x, k let sp be sub(32, qstack(l, r, lst) - 16, read-sp(s))
    in
    (disjoint(sp, qstack(l, r, lst), x, k)
     ∧ disjoint(a, 4 * n, x, k))
    → (read-mem(x, mc-mem(s5), k)
        = read-mem(x, mc-mem(s), k)) endlet

```

EVENT: Disable qsort-sk.

THEOREM: qsort-sk-1

```

let sp be sub(32, qstack(l, r, lst) - 16, read-sp(s))
in
  (qsort-sk(s, s5, a, l, r, n, lst)
   ∧ disjoint(sp, qstack(l, r, lst), x, k)
   ∧ disjoint(a, 4 * n, x, k))
  → (read-mem(x, mc-mem(s5), k) = read-mem(x, mc-mem(s), k)) endlet

```

THEOREM: qsort-sk-2

```

let sp be sub(32, qstack(l, r, lst) - 16, read-sp(s))
in
  (qsort-sk(s, s5, a, l, r, n, lst)
   ∧ disjoint(sp, qstack(l, r, lst), x, opsz * k)
   ∧ disjoint(a, 4 * n, x, opsz * k))
  → (readm-mem(opsz, x, mc-mem(s5), k)
      = readm-mem(opsz, x, mc-mem(s), k)) endlet

```

EVENT: Disable qsort-sk-1.

EVENT: Disable qsort-sk-2.

; base case: from the initial state to exit (s --> exit).

THEOREM: qsort-base

```

(qsort-sp(s, a, l, r, n, lst) ∧ (l < r))
→ qsort-s5p(s, stepn(s, qsort-10(a, l, r, n, lst)), a, l, r, n, lst)

```

THEOREM: qsort-base-rfile

```

(qsort-sp(s, a, l, r, n, lst) ∧ (l < r) ∧ d2-7a2-5p(rn) ∧ (oplen ≤ 32))
→ (read-rn(oplen, rn, mc-rfile(stepn(s, qsort-10(a, l, r, n, lst))))
   = read-rn(oplen, rn, mc-rfile(s)))

```

THEOREM: qsort-base-mem

```

(qsort-sp(s, a, l, r, n, lst)
 ∧ (l < r)
 ∧ disjoint(sub(32, 24, read-sp(s)), 40, x, k))
→ (read-mem(x, mc-mem(stepn(s, 10)), k) = read-mem(x, mc-mem(s), k))

```

THEOREM: qsort-base-mem-sk

```

(qsort-sp(s, a, l, r, n, lst) ∧ (l < r))
→ qsort-sk(s, stepn(s, qsort-10(a, l, r, n, lst)), a, l, r, n, lst)

```

; induction case: s --> s0 --> s1 --> s2 --> s3 --> s4 --> exit.

; s --> s0:

THEOREM: add1-int-range
 $(x < \text{nat-to-int}(y, n)) \rightarrow \text{int-range}(1 + x, n)$

THEOREM: mean-bounds
 $(i < j) \rightarrow (((i + j) \div 2) < j) \wedge (((i + j) \div 2) \not< i)$

THEOREM: int-range-plus-1
 $(\text{int-range}(2 * j, n) \wedge (i < j)) \rightarrow \text{int-range}(i + j, n)$

THEOREM: qsort-s-s0
let *lst1* **be** $\text{swap}(l, (l + r) \div 2, \text{lst})$
in
 $(\text{qsrt-sp}(s, a, l, r, n, \text{lst}) \wedge (l < r))$
 $\rightarrow \text{qsrt-s0p}(s, \text{stepn}(s, 18), a, l, r, n, \text{lst1}, l, 1 + l)$ **endlet**

THEOREM: qsort-s-s0-rfile
 $(\text{qsrt-sp}(s, a, l, r, n, \text{lst}) \wedge (l < r) \wedge \text{d5-7a4-5p}(rn))$
 $\rightarrow (\text{read-rn}(\text{oplen}, rn, \text{mc-rfile}(\text{stepn}(s, 18))))$
 $= \text{read-rn}(\text{oplen}, rn, \text{mc-rfile}(s))$

THEOREM: qsort-s-s0-mem
 $(\text{qsrt-sp}(s, a, l, r, n, \text{lst})$
 $\wedge (l < r)$
 $\wedge \text{disjoint}(\text{sub}(32, 52, \text{read-sp}(s)), 68, x, k)$
 $\wedge \text{disjoint}(a, 4 * n, x, k))$
 $\rightarrow (\text{read-mem}(x, \text{mc-mem}(\text{stepn}(s, 18)), k) = \text{read-mem}(x, \text{mc-mem}(s), k))$

; s0 --> s1:
; base case (s0 --> s1):

THEOREM: qsort-s0-s1
 $(\text{qsrt-s0p}(s, s0, a, l, r, n, \text{lst}, \text{last}, i) \wedge (r < i) \wedge (\text{last1} = \text{fix}(\text{last})))$
 $\rightarrow \text{qsrt-s1p}(s, \text{stepn}(s0, 11), a, l, r, n, \text{swap}(l, \text{last}, \text{lst}), \text{last1})$

THEOREM: qsort-s0-s1-rfile
 $(\text{qsrt-s0p}(s, s0, a, l, r, n, \text{lst}, \text{last}, i) \wedge (r < i) \wedge \text{d5-7a4-5p}(rn))$
 $\rightarrow (\text{read-rn}(\text{oplen}, rn, \text{mc-rfile}(\text{stepn}(s0, 11))))$
 $= \text{read-rn}(\text{oplen}, rn, \text{mc-rfile}(s0))$

THEOREM: qsort-s0-s1-mem
 $(\text{qsrt-s0p}(s, s0, a, l, r, n, \text{lst}, \text{last}, i)$
 $\wedge (r < i)$
 $\wedge \text{disjoint}(\text{sub}(32, 52, \text{read-sp}(s)), 68, x, k)$
 $\wedge \text{disjoint}(a, 4 * n, x, k))$
 $\rightarrow (\text{read-mem}(x, \text{mc-mem}(\text{stepn}(s0, 11)), k) = \text{read-mem}(x, \text{mc-mem}(s0), k))$

; induction case (s0 --> s0):

THEOREM: add1-int-rangeppx

$$((i \leq r) \wedge (r < n) \wedge \text{int-rangep}(n, 32)) \rightarrow \text{int-rangep}(1 + i, 32)$$

THEOREM: qsort-s0-s0-1

$$\begin{aligned} & (\text{qs0p}(s, s0, a, l, r, n, lst, last, i) \\ & \wedge (r \not\leq i) \\ & \wedge (\neg \text{ilessp}(\text{get-nth}(i, lst), \text{get-nth}(l, lst)))) \\ & \rightarrow \text{qs0p}(s, \text{stepn}(s0, 6), a, l, r, n, lst, last, 1 + i) \end{aligned}$$

THEOREM: qsort-s0-s0-2

$$\begin{aligned} & (\text{qs0p}(s, s0, a, l, r, n, lst, last, i) \\ & \wedge (r \not\leq i) \\ & \wedge \text{ilessp}(\text{get-nth}(i, lst), \text{get-nth}(l, lst))) \\ & \rightarrow \text{qs0p}(s, \text{stepn}(s0, 10), a, l, r, n, \text{swap}(1 + last, i, lst), 1 + last, 1 + i) \end{aligned}$$

THEOREM: qsort-s0-s0-rfile-1

$$\begin{aligned} & (\text{qs0p}(s, s0, a, l, r, n, lst, last, i) \\ & \wedge (r \not\leq i) \\ & \wedge (\neg \text{ilessp}(\text{get-nth}(i, lst), \text{get-nth}(l, lst))) \\ & \wedge \text{d5-7a4-5p}(rn)) \\ & \rightarrow (\text{read-rn}(oplen, rn, \text{mc-rfile}(\text{stepn}(s0, 6))) \\ & \quad = \text{read-rn}(oplen, rn, \text{mc-rfile}(s0))) \end{aligned}$$

THEOREM: qsort-s0-s0-rfile-2

$$\begin{aligned} & (\text{qs0p}(s, s0, a, l, r, n, lst, last, i) \\ & \wedge (r \not\leq i) \\ & \wedge \text{ilessp}(\text{get-nth}(i, lst), \text{get-nth}(l, lst))) \\ & \wedge \text{d5-7a4-5p}(rn)) \\ & \rightarrow (\text{read-rn}(oplen, rn, \text{mc-rfile}(\text{stepn}(s0, 10))) \\ & \quad = \text{read-rn}(oplen, rn, \text{mc-rfile}(s0))) \end{aligned}$$

THEOREM: qsort-s0-s0-mem-1

$$\begin{aligned} & (\text{qs0p}(s, s0, a, l, r, n, lst, last, i) \\ & \wedge (r \not\leq i) \\ & \wedge (\neg \text{ilessp}(\text{get-nth}(i, lst), \text{get-nth}(l, lst)))) \\ & \rightarrow (\text{read-mem}(x, \text{mc-mem}(\text{stepn}(s0, 6)), k) = \text{read-mem}(x, \text{mc-mem}(s0), k)) \end{aligned}$$

THEOREM: qsort-s0-s0-mem-2

$$\begin{aligned} & (\text{qs0p}(s, s0, a, l, r, n, lst, last, i) \\ & \wedge (r \not\leq i) \\ & \wedge \text{ilessp}(\text{get-nth}(i, lst), \text{get-nth}(l, lst))) \\ & \wedge \text{disjoint}(a, 4 * n, x, k)) \\ & \rightarrow (\text{read-mem}(x, \text{mc-mem}(\text{stepn}(s0, 10)), k) = \text{read-mem}(x, \text{mc-mem}(s0), k)) \end{aligned}$$

; induction hint for the partition.

DEFINITION:

```

qpart-induct (s, l, r, lst, last, i)
=  if r < i then t
    elseif ilessp (get-nth (i, lst), get-nth (l, lst))
    then qpart-induct (stepn (s, 10),
                        l,
                        r,
                        swap (1 + last, i, lst),
                        1 + last,
                        1 + i)
    else qpart-induct (stepn (s, 6), l, r, lst, last, 1 + i) endif

```

THEOREM: qpart-aux-ct

```

qsort-s0p (s, s0, a, l, r, n, lst, last, i)
→  qsort-s1p (s,
              stepn (s0, qpart-aux-t (a, l, r, n, lst, last, i)),
              a,
              l,
              r,
              n,
              qpart-aux (l, r, lst, last, i),
              qlast-aux (l, r, lst, last, i))

```

THEOREM: qsort-s-s1

```

(qsort-sp (s, a, l, r, n, lst) ∧ (l < r))
→  qsort-s1p (s,
              stepn (s, qpart-t (a, l, r, n, lst)),
              a,
              l,
              r,
              n,
              qpart (l, r, lst),
              qlast (l, r, lst))

```

THEOREM: qpart-aux-rfile

```

let s1 be stepn (s0, qpart-aux-t (a, l, r, n, lst, last, i))
in
(qsort-s0p (s, s0, a, l, r, n, lst, last, i) ∧ d5-7a4-5p (rn))
→  (read-rn (oplen, rn, mc-rfile (s1))
    =  read-rn (oplen, rn, mc-rfile (s0))) endlet

```

THEOREM: qsort-s-s1-rfile

```

(qsort-sp (s, a, l, r, n, lst) ∧ (l < r) ∧ d5-7a4-5p (rn))

```

→ (read-rn(*oplen*, *rn*, mc-rfile(stepn(*s*, qpart-t(*a*, *l*, *r*, *n*, *lst*))))
 = read-rn(*oplen*, *rn*, mc-rfile(*s*)))

THEOREM: qpart-aux-mem

let *s1* **be** stepn(*s0*, qpart-aux-t(*a*, *l*, *r*, *n*, *lst*, *last*, *i*))
in
 (qsort-s0p(*s*, *s0*, *a*, *l*, *r*, *n*, *lst*, *last*, *i*)
 ∧ disjoint(sub(32, 52, read-sp(*s*)), 68, *x*, *k*)
 ∧ disjoint(*a*, 4 * *n*, *x*, *k*))
 → (read-mem(*x*, mc-mem(*s1*), *k*) = read-mem(*x*, mc-mem(*s0*), *k*)) **endlet**

THEOREM: qsort-sk-s1

(qsort-sp(*s*, *a*, *l*, *r*, *n*, *lst*) ∧ (*l* < *r*))
 → qsort-sk(*s*, stepn(*s*, qpart-t(*a*, *l*, *r*, *n*, *lst*)), *a*, *l*, *r*, *n*, *lst*)

EVENT: Disable qpart-t.

; *s2* --> *s3*:

THEOREM: qsort-s2-s3

let *qlst* **be** qpart(*l*, *r*, *lst*),
 last **be** qlast(*l*, *r*, *lst*)
in
 qsort-s2p(*s*, *s2*, *a*, *l*, *r*, *n*, qsort(*l*, *last* - 1, *qlst*), *last*)
 → qsort-s3p(*s*,
 stepn(*s2*, qsort-5(*a*, *l*, *r*, *n*, *lst*)),
 a,
 l,
 r,
 n,
 qsort(*l*, *last* - 1, *qlst*),
 last) **endlet**

THEOREM: qsort-s2-s3-rfile-la

(qsort-s2p(*s*, *s2*, *a*, *l*, *r*, *n*, *lst1*, *last*) ∧ d5-7a4-5p(*rn*))
 → (read-rn(*oplen*, *rn*, mc-rfile(stepn(*s2*, 5)))
 = read-rn(*oplen*, *rn*, mc-rfile(*s2*)))

THEOREM: qsort-s2-s3-rfile

let *qlst* **be** qpart(*l*, *r*, *lst*),
 last **be** qlast(*l*, *r*, *lst*),
 s2 **be** stepn(*s*, *k1*, *k2*)
in
 (qsort-s2p(*s*, *s2*, *a*, *l*, *r*, *n*, qsort(*l*, *last* - 1, *qlst*), *last*)
 ∧ d5-7a4-5p(*rn*))

→ (read-rn(*oplen*, *rn*, mc-rfile(stepn(*s2*, qsort-5(*a*, *l*, *r*, *n*, *lst*))))
 = read-rn(*oplen*, *rn*, mc-rfile(*s2*))) **endlet**

THEOREM: qsort-s2-s3-mem

(qsort-s2p(*s*, *s2*, *a*, *l*, *r*, *n*, *lst*, *last*)
 ∧ disjoint(sub(32, 52, read-sp(*s*)), 68, *x*, *k*))
 → (read-mem(*x*, mc-mem(stepn(*s2*, 5)), *k*) = read-mem(*x*, mc-mem(*s2*), *k*))

THEOREM: qsort-sk-s3

let *lst1* **be** qpart(*l*, *r*, *lst*),
 last **be** qlast(*l*, *r*, *lst*)
in
 (qsort-s2p(*s*, *s2*, *a*, *l*, *r*, *n*, qsort(*l*, *last* - 1, *lst1*), *last*)
 ∧ qsort-sk(*s*, *s2*, *a*, *l*, *r*, *n*, *lst*))
 → qsort-sk(*s*, stepn(*s2*, qsort-5(*a*, *l*, *r*, *n*, *lst*)), *a*, *l*, *r*, *n*, *lst*) **endlet**

; *s4* --> exit:

THEOREM: qsort-s4-s5

let *qlst* **be** qpart(*l*, *r*, *lst*),
 last **be** qlast(*l*, *r*, *lst*)
in
 qsort-s4p(*s*, *s4*, *a*, *l*, *r*, *n*, qsort(1 + *last*, *r*, qsort(*l*, *last* - 1, *qlst*)))
 → qsort-s5p(*s*,
 stepn(*s4*, qsort-3(*a*, *l*, *r*, *n*, *lst*)),
 a,
 l,
 r,
 n,
 qsort(1 + *last*, *r*, qsort(*l*, *last* - 1, *qlst*))) **endlet**

THEOREM: qsort-s4-s5-rfile-la

(qsort-s4p(*s*, *s4*, *a*, *l*, *r*, *n*, qsort(*l*, *r*, *lst*))
 ∧ (*oplen* ≤ 32)
 ∧ d2-7a2-5p(*rn*))
 → (read-rn(*oplen*, *rn*, mc-rfile(stepn(*s4*, 3)))
 = **if** d5-7a4-5p(*rn*) **then** read-rn(*oplen*, *rn*, mc-rfile(*s4*))
 else read-rn(*oplen*, *rn*, mc-rfile(*s*)) **endif**)

THEOREM: qsort-s4-s5-rfile

let *s4* **be** stepn(stepn(stepn(stepn(*s*, *k1*), *k2*), *k3*), *k4*)
in
 (qsort-s4p(*s*, *s4*, *a*, *l*, *r*, *n*, qsort(*l*, *r*, *lst*))
 ∧ (*oplen* ≤ 32)
 ∧ d2-7a2-5p(*rn*))

$\rightarrow$ (read-rn(*oplen*, *rn*, mc-rfile(stepn(*s4*, qsort-3(*a*, *l*, *r*, *n*, *lst*))))
 $=$ **if** d5-7a4-5p(*rn*) **then** read-rn(*oplen*, *rn*, mc-rfile(*s4*))
else read-rn(*oplen*, *rn*, mc-rfile(*s*)) **endif** **endlet**

THEOREM: qsort-s4-s5-mem

(qsort-s4p(*s*, *s4*, *a*, *l*, *r*, *n*, *lst*) $\wedge$ disjoint(sub(32, 52, read-sp(*s*)), 68, *x*, *k*))
 $\rightarrow$ (read-mem(*x*, mc-mem(stepn(*s4*, 3)), *k*) = read-mem(*x*, mc-mem(*s4*), *k*))

THEOREM: qsort-sk-s5

(qsort-s4p(*s*, *s4*, *a*, *l*, *r*, *n*, qsort(*l*, *r*, *lst*)) $\wedge$ qsort-sk(*s*, *s4*, *a*, *l*, *r*, *n*, *lst*))
 $\rightarrow$ qsort-sk(*s*, stepn(*s4*, qsort-3(*a*, *l*, *r*, *n*, *lst*)), *a*, *l*, *r*, *n*, *lst*)

; some auxiliary lemmas.

THEOREM: qlast-aux-0

(*r* < *i*) $\rightarrow$ (qlast-aux(*l*, *r*, *lst*, *last*, *i*) = fix(*last*))

THEOREM: qlast-0

(*r* $\leq$ *l*) $\rightarrow$ (qlast(*l*, *r*, *lst*) = fix(*l*))

THEOREM: qstack-la3

(*l* $\not\leq$ *r*) $\rightarrow$ (qstack(*l*, *r*, *lst*) = 68)

THEOREM: qstack-0

(qstack(*l*, -1, *lst*) = 68)
 $\wedge$ (qstack(*l*, 0, *lst*) = 68)
 $\wedge$ (qstack(*l*, *l*, *lst*) = 68)

THEOREM: qstack-la4

let *last* **be** qlast(*l*, *r*, *lst*),
lst1 **be** qpart(*l*, *r*, *lst*)
in
qstack(*l*, *r*, *lst*) $\not\leq$ qstack(*l*, *last* - 1, *lst1*) **endlet**

; s1 --> s2: the first recursive call.

THEOREM: qsort-s1-crock

(((*q1* + 40) $\leq$ *q*) $\wedge$ (68 $\leq$ *q1*) $\wedge$ (*q* < exp(2, 32)))
 $\rightarrow$ (*q* $\not\leq$ (*q1* + add(32,
4294967256,
add(32, neg(32, *q1* - 16), *q* - 16))))

THEOREM: qstack-la1~ ((*last* = qlast(*l*, *r*, *lst*)) $\wedge$ (*lst1* = qpart(*l*, *r*, *lst*)) $\wedge$ (*l* < *r*))

$\rightarrow$ (qstack(*l*, *r*, *lst*) $\not\leq$ (40 + qstack(*l*, *last* - 1, *lst1*)))

THEOREM: qsort-s1-s

```

let lst1 be qpart(l, r, lst),
    last be qlast(l, r, lst)
in
  (qsort-s1p(s, stepn(s, k), a, l, r, n, lst1, last)
   ∧ qsort-statep(s, a, l, r, n, lst))
  → qsort-statep(stepn(s, k), a, l, idifference(last, 1), n, lst1) endlet

```

THEOREM: qsort-s1-crock1

```

((68 ≤ q1)
 ∧ ((40 + q1) < 4294967296)
 ∧ ((x + k) ≤ 4294967296)
 ∧ (4294967272 ≤ x))
→ disjoint(add(32, 4294967256, neg(32, q1 - 16)), q1, x, k)

```

THEOREM: qsort-s1-crock2-crock

```

((68 ≤ q1) ∧ (q1 < 4294967256))
→ (add(32, 4294967256, neg(32, q1 - 16)) ≠ 16)

```

THEOREM: qsort-s1-crock2

```

((68 ≤ q1) ∧ ((40 + q1) < 4294967296) ∧ ((x + k) ≤ 16))
→ disjoint(add(32, 4294967256, neg(32, q1 - 16)), q1, x, k)

```

EVENT: Disable qsort-s1-crock2-crock.

THEOREM: qsort-s1-s2

```

let lst1 be qpart(l, r, lst),
    last be qlast(l, r, lst)
in
  (qsort-s1p(s, s1, a, l, r, n, lst1, last)
   ∧ qsort-statep(s, a, l, r, n, lst)
   ∧ qsort-s5p(s1,
               stepn(s1, k),
               a,
               l,
               idifference(last, 1),
               n,
               qsort(l, last - 1, lst1))
   ∧ qsort-sk(s1, stepn(s1, k), a, l, idifference(last, 1), n, lst1))
  → qsort-s2p(s, stepn(s1, k), a, l, r, n, qsort(l, last - 1, lst1), last) endlet

```

EVENT: Disable qsort-s1-crock1.

EVENT: Disable qsort-s1-crock2.

THEOREM: qsort-s1-s2-mem

```

let lst1 be qpart(l, r, lst),
      last be qlast(l, r, lst)
in
  (qsort-s1p(s, s1, a, l, r, n, lst1, last)
   ∧ qsort-statep(s, a, l, r, n, lst)
   ∧ qsort-sk(s, s1, a, l, r, n, lst)
   ∧ qsort-sk(s1, stepn(s1, k), a, l, idifference(last, 1), n, lst1)
   ∧ disjoint(a, 4 * n, x, k1)
   ∧ disjoint(sub(32, qstack(l, r, lst) - 16, read-sp(s)),
              qstack(l, r, lst),
              x,
              k1))
  → (read-mem(x, mc-mem(stepn(s1, k)), k1)
     = read-mem(x, mc-mem(s), k1)) endlet

```

EVENT: Disable qstack-la1:

THEOREM: qsort-sk-s2

```

let lst1 be qpart(l, r, lst),
      last be qlast(l, r, lst)
in
  (qsort-s1p(s, s1, a, l, r, n, lst1, last)
   ∧ qsort-statep(s, a, l, r, n, lst)
   ∧ qsort-sk(s, s1, a, l, r, n, lst)
   ∧ qsort-sk(s1, stepn(s1, k), a, l, idifference(last, 1), n, lst1))
  → qsort-sk(s, stepn(s1, k), a, l, r, n, lst) endlet

```

EVENT: Disable qsort-s1-s2-mem.

; s3 --> s4: the second recursive call.

THEOREM: qsort-s3-crock

```

(((q1 + 52) ≤ q) ∧ (68 ≤ q1) ∧ (q < exp(2, 32)))
→ (q ≠ (q1 + add(32,
                   4294967244,
                   add(32, neg(32, q1 - 16), q - 16))))

```

```

THEOREM: qstack-la2~ ((last = qlast(l, r, lst)) ∧ (lst1 = qpart(l, r, lst)) ∧ (l < r))
→ (qstack(l, r, lst)
   ≠ (52 + qstack(1 + last, r, qsort(l, last - 1, lst1))))

```

THEOREM: qsort-s3-s-la

```

let lst1 be qsort(l, qlast(l, r, lst) - 1, qpart(l, r, lst)),

```

$last$ **be** qlast(l, r, lst)
in
 (qsort-s3p($s, \text{stepn}(s, k), a, l, r, n, lst1, last$)
 $\wedge$ qsort-statep(s, a, l, r, n, lst))
 $\rightarrow$ qsort-statep($\text{stepn}(s, k), a, 1 + last, r, n, lst1$) **endlet**

THEOREM: qsort-s3-s

let $lst1$ **be** qsort($l, \text{qlast}(l, r, lst) - 1, \text{qpart}(l, r, lst)$),
 $last$ **be** qlast(l, r, lst)
in
 (qsort-s3p($s, \text{stepn}(\text{stepn}(\text{stepn}(s, k1), k2), k3), a, l, r, n, lst1, last$)
 $\wedge$ qsort-statep(s, a, l, r, n, lst))
 $\rightarrow$ qsort-statep($\text{stepn}(\text{stepn}(\text{stepn}(s, k1), k2), k3),$
 $a,$
 $1 + last,$
 $r,$
 $n,$
 $lst1$) **endlet**

THEOREM: qsort-s3-crock1

$((68 \leq q1)$
 $\wedge ((52 + q1) < 4294967296)$
 $\wedge ((x + k) \leq 4294967296)$
 $\wedge (4294967260 \leq x))$
 $\rightarrow \text{disjoint}(\text{add}(32, 4294967244, \text{neg}(32, q1 - 16)), q1, x, k)$

THEOREM: qsort-s3-crock2-crock

$((68 \leq q1) \wedge (q1 < 4294967244))$
 $\rightarrow (\text{add}(32, 4294967244, \text{neg}(32, q1 - 16))) \not\leq 16$

THEOREM: qsort-s3-crock2

$((68 \leq q1) \wedge ((52 + q1) < 4294967296) \wedge ((x + k) \leq 16))$
 $\rightarrow \text{disjoint}(\text{add}(32, 4294967244, \text{neg}(32, q1 - 16)), q1, x, k)$

EVENT: Disable qsort-s3-crock2-crock.

THEOREM: qsort-s3-s4

let $lst1$ **be** qsort($l, \text{qlast}(l, r, lst) - 1, \text{qpart}(l, r, lst)$),
 $last$ **be** qlast(l, r, lst)
in
 (qsort-s3p($s, s3, a, l, r, n, lst1, last$)
 $\wedge$ qsort-statep(s, a, l, r, n, lst)
 $\wedge$ qsort-s5p($s3,$
 $\text{stepn}(s3, k),$

```

      a,
      1 + last,
      r,
      n,
      qsort(1 + last, r, lst1))
  ∧ qsort-sk(s3, stepn(s3, k), a, 1 + last, r, n, lst1))
→ qsort-s4p(s, stepn(s3, k), a, l, r, n, qsort(1 + last, r, lst1)) endlet

```

EVENT: Disable qsort-s3-crock1.

EVENT: Disable qsort-s3-crock2.

THEOREM: qsort-s3-s4-mem

```

let lst1 be qsort(l, qlast(l, r, lst) - 1, qpart(l, r, lst)),
    last be qlast(l, r, lst)
in
  (qsort-s3p(s, s3, a, l, r, n, lst1, last)
  ∧ qsort-statep(s, a, l, r, n, lst)
  ∧ qsort-sk(s, s3, a, l, r, n, lst)
  ∧ qsort-sk(s3, stepn(s3, k), a, 1 + last, r, n, lst1)
  ∧ disjoint(a, 4 * n, x, k1)
  ∧ disjoint(sub(32, qstack(l, r, lst) - 16, read-sp(s)),
             qstack(l, r, lst),
             x,
             k1))
→ (read-mem(x, mc-mem(stepn(s3, k)), k1)
   = read-mem(x, mc-mem(s), k1)) endlet

```

EVENT: Disable qstack-la2.

THEOREM: qsort-sk-s-s4

```

let lst1 be qsort(l, qlast(l, r, lst) - 1, qpart(l, r, lst)),
    last be qlast(l, r, lst)
in
  (qsort-s3p(s, s3, a, l, r, n, lst1, last)
  ∧ qsort-statep(s, a, l, r, n, lst)
  ∧ qsort-sk(s, s3, a, l, r, n, lst)
  ∧ qsort-sk(s3, stepn(s3, k), a, 1 + last, r, n, lst1))
→ qsort-sk(s, stepn(s3, k), a, l, r, n, lst) endlet

```

EVENT: Disable qsort-s3-s4-mem.

; the correctness of the QSORT program.

THEOREM: qsort-t-1

$$\text{qsort-t}(a, l, \text{idifference}(r, 1), n, lst) = \text{qsort-t}(a, l, r - 1, n, lst)$$

THEOREM: qsort-1

$$\text{qsort}(l, \text{idifference}(r, 1), lst) = \text{qsort}(l, r - 1, lst)$$

EVENT: Disable qsort-10.

EVENT: Disable qsort-5.

EVENT: Disable qsort-3.

THEOREM: qsort-correctness-la

$$\begin{aligned} & (\text{qsort-statep}(s, a, l, r, n, lst) \wedge (\text{oplen} \leq 32) \wedge \text{d2-7a2-5p}(rn)) \\ \rightarrow & \quad (\text{qsort-s5p}(s, \text{stepn}(s, \text{qsort-t}(a, l, r, n, lst)), a, l, r, n, \text{qsort}(l, r, lst)) \\ & \quad \wedge \text{qsort-sk}(s, \text{stepn}(s, \text{qsort-t}(a, l, r, n, lst)), a, l, r, n, lst) \\ & \quad \wedge (\text{read-rn}(\text{oplen}, rn, \text{mc-rfile}(\text{stepn}(s, \text{qsort-t}(a, l, r, n, lst)))) \\ & \quad \quad = \text{read-rn}(\text{oplen}, rn, \text{mc-rfile}(s)))) \end{aligned}$$

THEOREM: qsort-correctness

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{let } sn \text{ be } \text{stepn}(s, \text{qsort-t}(a, l, r, n, lst)), \\ & \quad sp \text{ be } \text{sub}(32, \text{qstack}(l, r, lst) - 16, \text{read-sp}(s)) \\ & \text{in} \\ & \text{qsort-statep}(s, a, l, r, n, lst) \\ \rightarrow & \quad ((\text{mc-status}(sn) = \text{'running'}) \\ & \quad \wedge (\text{mc-pc}(sn) = \text{rts-addr}(s)) \\ & \quad \wedge (\text{read-rn}(32, 14, \text{mc-rfile}(sn)) \\ & \quad \quad = \text{read-rn}(32, 14, \text{mc-rfile}(s))) \\ & \quad \wedge (\text{read-rn}(32, 15, \text{mc-rfile}(sn)) \\ & \quad \quad = \text{add}(32, \text{read-rn}(32, 15, \text{mc-rfile}(s)), 4)) \\ & \quad \wedge (((\text{oplen} \leq 32) \wedge \text{d2-7a2-5p}(rn)) \\ & \quad \quad \rightarrow (\text{read-rn}(\text{oplen}, rn, \text{mc-rfile}(sn)) \\ & \quad \quad \quad = \text{read-rn}(\text{oplen}, rn, \text{mc-rfile}(s)))) \\ & \quad \wedge ((\text{disjoint}(sp, \text{qstack}(l, r, lst), x, k) \\ & \quad \quad \wedge \text{disjoint}(a, 4 * n, x, k)) \\ & \quad \quad \rightarrow (\text{read-mem}(x, \text{mc-mem}(sn), k) \\ & \quad \quad \quad = \text{read-mem}(x, \text{mc-mem}(s), k))) \\ & \quad \wedge \text{mem-ilst}(4, a, \text{mc-mem}(sn), n, \text{qsort}(l, r, lst))) \text{endlet} \end{aligned}$$

; in the logic, qsort is correct:

- ; 1. if left <= i <= j <= right, lst'[i] <= lst'[j].
- ; 2. for all x, (count-lst x l r lst) = (count-lst x l r lst').

THEOREM: put-commute

$$\begin{aligned} & (\text{fix}(i) \neq \text{fix}(j)) \\ \rightarrow & (\text{put-nth}(v1, i, \text{put-nth}(v2, j, lst)) = \text{put-nth}(v2, j, \text{put-nth}(v1, i, lst))) \end{aligned}$$

THEOREM: swap-put-commute

$$\begin{aligned} & ((i < l) \wedge (i < r)) \\ \rightarrow & (\text{swap}(l, r, \text{put-nth}(v, i, lst)) = \text{put-nth}(v, i, \text{swap}(l, r, lst))) \end{aligned}$$

THEOREM: swap-commute

$$\begin{aligned} & ((i < l) \wedge (i < r) \wedge (j < l) \wedge (j < r)) \\ \rightarrow & (\text{swap}(l, r, \text{swap}(i, j, lst)) = \text{swap}(i, j, \text{swap}(l, r, lst))) \end{aligned}$$

DEFINITION:

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{sublst-ileq}(x, l, r, lst) \\ = & \text{if } r < l \text{ then t} \\ & \text{else ileq}(x, \text{get-nth}(l, lst)) \wedge \text{sublst-ileq}(x, 1 + l, r, lst) \text{ endif} \end{aligned}$$

DEFINITION:

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{sublst-ileq}(l, r, lst, l1, r1, lst1) \\ = & \text{if } r < l \text{ then t} \\ & \text{else sublst-ileq}(\text{get-nth}(l, lst), l1, r1, lst1) \\ & \quad \wedge \text{sublst-ileq}(1 + l, r, lst, l1, r1, lst1) \text{ endif} \end{aligned}$$

THEOREM: sublst-ileq-lemma

$$\begin{aligned} & (\text{sublst-ileq}(x, l, r, lst) \wedge (l \leq j) \wedge (j \leq r)) \\ \rightarrow & (\neg \text{ilessp}(\text{get-nth}(j, lst), x)) \end{aligned}$$

THEOREM: sublst-ileq-la1

$$\begin{aligned} & (\text{sublst-ileq}(l, r, lst, l1, r1, lst1) \wedge (l \leq i) \wedge (i \leq r)) \\ \rightarrow & \text{sublst-ileq}(\text{get-nth}(i, lst), l1, r1, lst1) \end{aligned}$$

THEOREM: sublst-ileq-put

$$\begin{aligned} & (\text{ileq}(x, y) \wedge \text{ileq}(x, \text{get-nth}(j, lst))) \\ \rightarrow & (\text{sublst-ileq}(x, l, r, \text{put-nth}(y, j, lst)) = \text{sublst-ileq}(x, l, r, lst)) \end{aligned}$$

THEOREM: sublst-ileq-put

$$\begin{aligned} & (\text{sublst-ileq}(y, l1, r1, lst1) \wedge \text{sublst-ileq}(\text{get-nth}(j, lst), l1, r1, lst1)) \\ \rightarrow & (\text{sublst-ileq}(l, r, \text{put-nth}(y, j, lst), l1, r1, lst1) \\ & = \text{sublst-ileq}(l, r, lst, l1, r1, lst1)) \end{aligned}$$

THEOREM: sublst-ileq-swap-la

$$\begin{aligned} & (\text{sublst-ileq}(x, l, r, lst) \\ & \quad \wedge (l \leq i) \\ & \quad \wedge (i \leq r) \\ & \quad \wedge (l \leq j) \\ & \quad \wedge (j \leq r)) \\ \rightarrow & \text{sublst-ileq}(x, l, r, \text{swap}(i, j, lst)) \end{aligned}$$

THEOREM: sublst-ileq-swap-la

$$\begin{aligned}
& (\text{sublst-ileq}(l, r, lst, l1, r1, lst1) \\
& \quad \wedge (l \leq i) \\
& \quad \wedge (i \leq r) \\
& \quad \wedge (l \leq j) \\
& \quad \wedge (j \leq r)) \\
& \rightarrow \text{sublst-ileq}(l, r, \text{swap}(i, j, lst), l1, r1, lst1)
\end{aligned}$$

EVENT: Disable swap.

THEOREM: sublst-ileq-swap-swap

$$\text{sublst-ileq}(x, l, r, \text{swap}(i, j, \text{swap}(i, j, lst))) = \text{sublst-ileq}(x, l, r, lst)$$

THEOREM: sublst-ileq-swap

$$\begin{aligned}
& ((l \leq i) \wedge (i \leq r) \wedge (l \leq j) \wedge (j \leq r)) \\
& \rightarrow (\text{sublst-ileq}(x, l, r, \text{swap}(i, j, lst)) = \text{sublst-ileq}(x, l, r, lst))
\end{aligned}$$

THEOREM: sublst-ileq-swap-swap

$$\begin{aligned}
& \text{sublst-ileq}(l, r, \text{swap}(i, j, \text{swap}(i, j, lst)), l1, r1, lst1) \\
& = \text{sublst-ileq}(l, r, lst, l1, r1, lst1)
\end{aligned}$$

THEOREM: sublst-ileq-swap

$$\begin{aligned}
& ((l \leq i) \wedge (i \leq r) \wedge (l \leq j) \wedge (j \leq r)) \\
& \rightarrow (\text{sublst-ileq}(l, r, \text{swap}(i, j, lst), l1, r1, lst1) \\
& \quad = \text{sublst-ileq}(l, r, lst, l1, r1, lst1))
\end{aligned}$$

THEOREM: sublst-ileq-qpart-aux

$$\begin{aligned}
& ((l \leq last) \\
& \quad \wedge (last < i) \\
& \quad \wedge (last \leq r) \\
& \quad \wedge (l \leq l1) \\
& \quad \wedge (l1 \leq r) \\
& \quad \wedge (r1 \leq r)) \\
& \rightarrow (\text{sublst-ileq}(x, l, r, \text{qpart-aux}(l1, r1, lst, last, i)) \\
& \quad = \text{sublst-ileq}(x, l, r, lst))
\end{aligned}$$

THEOREM: sublst-ileq-qpart-aux

$$\begin{aligned}
& ((l \leq last) \\
& \quad \wedge (last < i) \\
& \quad \wedge (last \leq r2) \\
& \quad \wedge (l \leq l2) \\
& \quad \wedge (l2 \leq r) \\
& \quad \wedge (r2 \leq r)) \\
& \rightarrow (\text{sublst-ileq}(l, r, \text{qpart-aux}(l2, r2, lst, last, i), l1, r1, lst1) \\
& \quad = \text{sublst-ileq}(l, r, lst, l1, r1, lst1))
\end{aligned}$$

THEOREM: subst-ileq-qsort

$$((l \leq l1) \wedge (r1 \leq r)) \\ \rightarrow (\text{subst-ileq}(x, l, r, \text{qsort}(l1, r1, lst)) = \text{subst-ileq}(x, l, r, lst))$$

THEOREM: substs-ileq-qsort1

$$((l \leq l2) \wedge (r2 \leq r)) \\ \rightarrow (\text{subst-ileq}(l, r, \text{qsort}(l2, r2, lst), l1, r1, lst1) \\ = \text{subst-ileq}(l, r, lst, l1, r1, lst1))$$

THEOREM: substs-ileq-qsort2

$$((l1 \leq l2) \wedge (r2 \leq r1)) \\ \rightarrow (\text{subst-ileq}(l, r, lst, l1, r1, \text{qsort}(l2, r2, lst1)) \\ = \text{subst-ileq}(l, r, lst, l1, r1, lst1))$$

DEFINITION:

$$\text{qpartx}(l, r, lst, last, i) \\ = \text{if } r < i \text{ then } lst \\ \quad \text{elseif } \text{ilessp}(\text{get-nth}(i, lst), \text{get-nth}(l, lst)) \\ \quad \text{then } \text{qpartx}(l, r, \text{swap}(1 + last, i, lst), 1 + last, 1 + i) \\ \quad \text{else } \text{qpartx}(l, r, lst, last, 1 + i) \text{ endif}$$

THEOREM: qpart-aux-qpartx

$$\text{qpart-aux}(l, r, lst, last, i) \\ = \text{swap}(l, \text{qlast-aux}(l, r, lst, last, i), \text{qpartx}(l, r, lst, last, i))$$

THEOREM: qpartx-get-1

$$((last < i) \wedge (right < j)) \\ \rightarrow (\text{get-nth}(j, \text{qpartx}(left, right, lst, last, i)) = \text{get-nth}(j, lst))$$

THEOREM: qpartx-get-2

$$((last < i) \wedge (j \leq last)) \\ \rightarrow (\text{get-nth}(j, \text{qpartx}(left, right, lst, last, i)) = \text{get-nth}(j, lst))$$

THEOREM: qpartx-ilessp-1

$$((l \leq last) \\ \wedge (last < i) \\ \wedge (last < j) \\ \wedge (j \leq \text{qlast-aux}(l, r, lst, last, i))) \\ \rightarrow \text{ilessp}(\text{get-nth}(j, \text{qpartx}(l, r, lst, last, i)), \text{get-nth}(l, lst))$$

DEFINITION:

$$\text{open-subst-ileq}(x, l, r, lst) \\ = \text{if } (1 + l) < r \\ \quad \text{then } \text{ileq}(x, \text{get-nth}(1 + l, lst)) \wedge \text{open-subst-ileq}(x, 1 + l, r, lst) \\ \quad \text{else } \text{t endif}$$

THEOREM: open-sublst-ileq-la0
 $((1 + l) \not\leq r) \rightarrow \text{open-sublst-ileq}(x, l, r, lst)$

THEOREM: open-sublst-ileq-la1
 $(\text{open-sublst-ileq}(x, last, i, lst) \wedge (last < j) \wedge (j < i))$
 $\rightarrow (\neg \text{ilessp}(\text{get-nth}(j, lst), x))$

THEOREM: open-sublst-ileq-la2
 $\text{open-sublst-ileq}(x, last, 1 + i, lst)$
 $= \text{if } \text{ileq}(x, \text{get-nth}(i, lst)) \text{ then } \text{open-sublst-ileq}(x, last, i, lst)$
 $\text{else } (1 + last) \not\leq (1 + i) \text{ endif}$

THEOREM: open-sublst-ileq-la3
 $(j \leq l)$
 $\rightarrow (\text{open-sublst-ileq}(x, l, r, \text{put-nth}(v, j, lst))$
 $= \text{open-sublst-ileq}(x, l, r, lst))$

THEOREM: open-sublst-ileq-la4
 $(r \leq j)$
 $\rightarrow (\text{open-sublst-ileq}(x, l, r, \text{put-nth}(v, j, lst))$
 $= \text{open-sublst-ileq}(x, l, r, lst))$

THEOREM: open-sublst-ileq-la5
 $\text{open-sublst-ileq}(x, 1 + last, 1 + i, \text{swap}(1 + last, i, lst))$
 $= \text{open-sublst-ileq}(x, last, i, lst)$

THEOREM: qpartx-ilessp-2
 $(\text{open-sublst-ileq}(\text{get-nth}(l, lst), last, i, lst)$
 $\wedge (l \leq last)$
 $\wedge (last < i)$
 $\wedge (\text{qlast-aux}(l, r, lst, last, i) < j)$
 $\wedge (j \leq r))$
 $\rightarrow (\neg \text{ilessp}(\text{get-nth}(j, \text{qpartx}(l, r, lst, last, i)), \text{get-nth}(l, lst)))$

THEOREM: open-sublst-ileq-la6
 $\text{open-sublst-ileq}(\text{get-nth}(l, lst), l, 1 + l, lst)$

THEOREM: qpart-ilessp-la1-la
 $((l \leq j) \wedge (j < \text{qlast-aux}(l, r, lst, l, 1 + l)))$
 $\rightarrow (\neg \text{ilessp}(\text{get-nth}(l, lst), \text{get-nth}(j, \text{qpart-aux}(l, r, lst, l, 1 + l))))$

THEOREM: qpart-ilessp-la1
 $((l \leq j) \wedge (j \leq (\text{qlast-aux}(l, r, lst, l, 1 + l) - 1)))$
 $\rightarrow (\neg \text{ilessp}(\text{get-nth}(l, lst), \text{get-nth}(j, \text{qpart-aux}(l, r, lst, l, 1 + l))))$

THEOREM: qpart-ilessp-la2

$$\begin{aligned} & ((\text{qlast-aux}(l, r, lst, l, 1 + l) \leq j) \wedge (j \leq r)) \\ \rightarrow & (\neg \text{ilessp}(\text{get-nth}(j, \text{qpart-aux}(l, r, lst, l, 1 + l)), \text{get-nth}(l, lst))) \end{aligned}$$

THEOREM: qpart-equal

$$\begin{aligned} & ((l \leq \text{last}) \wedge (\text{last} < i)) \\ \rightarrow & (\text{get-nth}(\text{qlast-aux}(l, r, lst, \text{last}, i), \text{qpart-aux}(l, r, lst, \text{last}, i)) \\ & = \text{get-nth}(l, lst)) \end{aligned}$$

THEOREM: qsort-get-1

$$(j < \text{left}) \rightarrow (\text{get-nth}(j, \text{qsort}(\text{left}, \text{right}, lst)) = \text{get-nth}(j, lst))$$

THEOREM: get-swap-1

$$((j < i) \wedge (k < i)) \rightarrow (\text{get-nth}(i, \text{swap}(j, k, lst)) = \text{get-nth}(i, lst))$$

THEOREM: qlast-aux-swap

$$\begin{aligned} & ((l \leq \text{last}) \wedge (\text{last} < i) \wedge (a < l) \wedge (b < l)) \\ \rightarrow & (\text{qlast-aux}(l, r, \text{swap}(a, b, lst), \text{last}, i) = \text{qlast-aux}(l, r, lst, \text{last}, i)) \end{aligned}$$

THEOREM: qlast-swap

$$\begin{aligned} & ((l < r) \wedge (a < l) \wedge (b < l)) \\ \rightarrow & (\text{qlast}(l, r, \text{swap}(a, b, lst)) = \text{qlast}(l, r, lst)) \end{aligned}$$

THEOREM: qpart-aux-swap

$$\begin{aligned} & ((l \leq \text{last}) \wedge (\text{last} < i) \wedge (a < l) \wedge (b < l)) \\ \rightarrow & (\text{qpart-aux}(l, r, \text{swap}(a, b, lst), \text{last}, i) \\ & = \text{swap}(a, b, \text{qpart-aux}(l, r, lst, \text{last}, i))) \end{aligned}$$

THEOREM: qpart-swap

$$\begin{aligned} & ((l < r) \wedge (a < l) \wedge (b < l)) \\ \rightarrow & (\text{qpart}(l, r, \text{swap}(a, b, lst)) = \text{swap}(a, b, \text{qpart}(l, r, lst))) \end{aligned}$$

THEOREM: qsort-swap

$$\begin{aligned} & ((i < l) \wedge (j < l)) \\ \rightarrow & (\text{qsort}(l, r, \text{swap}(i, j, lst)) = \text{swap}(i, j, \text{qsort}(l, r, lst))) \end{aligned}$$

THEOREM: qsort-qpartx

$$\begin{aligned} & ((l \leq r) \wedge (l \leq \text{last}) \wedge (\text{last} < i) \wedge (\text{last} \leq r) \wedge (r < l)) \\ \rightarrow & (\text{qsort}(l, r, \text{qpartx}(l, r, lst, \text{last}, i)) \\ & = \text{qpartx}(l, r, \text{qsort}(l, r, lst), \text{last}, i)) \end{aligned}$$

THEOREM: qsort-get-2

$$\begin{aligned} & (r < l) \\ \rightarrow & (\text{get-nth}(j, \text{qsort}(l, r, \text{qsort}(l, r, lst))) \\ & = \text{if } r < j \text{ then } \text{get-nth}(j, \text{qsort}(l, r, lst)) \\ & \quad \text{else } \text{get-nth}(j, \text{qsort}(l, r, lst)) \text{ endif}) \end{aligned}$$

EVENT: Disable qpart-aux-qpartx.

THEOREM: ilessp-trans

$(\text{ilessp}(a, b) \wedge \text{ileq}(b, c)) \rightarrow \text{ilessp}(a, c)$

THEOREM: qpart-ilessp

$((l \leq i)$
 $\wedge (i \leq \text{qlast}(l, r, lst))$
 $\wedge (\text{qlast}(l, r, lst) \leq j)$
 $\wedge (j \leq r))$
 $\rightarrow (\neg \text{ilessp}(\text{get-nth}(j, \text{qpart}(l, r, lst)), \text{get-nth}(i, \text{qpart}(l, r, lst))))$

THEOREM: qsort-get3

$\text{get-nth}(j, \text{qsort}(1 + last, r, \text{qsort}(l, last - 1, lst)))$
 $= \text{if } j \leq (last - 1) \text{ then } \text{get-nth}(j, \text{qsort}(l, last - 1, lst))$
 $\quad \text{else } \text{get-nth}(j, \text{qsort}(1 + last, r, lst)) \text{ endif}$

THEOREM: sublsts-ileq-la2

$(\text{sublsts-ileq}(l, r, lst, l1, r1, lst1))$
 $\wedge (l \leq i)$
 $\wedge (i \leq r)$
 $\wedge (l1 \leq j)$
 $\wedge (j \leq r1))$
 $\rightarrow (\neg \text{ilessp}(\text{get-nth}(j, lst1), \text{get-nth}(i, lst)))$

THEOREM: qpart-ilessp-closed-1

$(\text{qlast}(l, r, lst) \leq last)$
 $\rightarrow \text{sublst-ileq}(\text{get-nth}(\text{qlast}(l, r, lst), \text{qpart}(l, r, lst)),$
 $\quad last,$
 $\quad r,$
 $\quad \text{qpart}(l, r, lst))$

THEOREM: qsort-ilessp-1

let $lst1$ **be** $\text{qpart}(l, r, lst),$
 $last$ **be** $\text{qlast}(l, r, lst)$
in
 $((last \leq j) \wedge (j \leq r))$
 $\rightarrow (\neg \text{ilessp}(\text{get-nth}(j, \text{qsort}(1 + last, r, lst1)),$
 $\quad \text{get-nth}(last, lst1)))$ **endlet**

THEOREM: qpart-ilessp-closed-2

let $lst1$ **be** $\text{qpart}(l, r, lst)$
in
 $((\text{qlast}(l, r, lst) \leq last)$
 $\wedge (l \leq j))$

$\wedge (j \leq (\text{qlast}(l, r, lst) - 1)))$
 $\rightarrow \text{sublst-ileq}(\text{get-nth}(j, lst1), last, r, lst1) \text{ endlet}$

THEOREM: qpart-ilessp-closed-3

let $last$ **be** $\text{qlast}(l, r, lst)$,
 $lst1$ **be** $\text{qpart}(l, r, lst)$
in
 $(l \leq lst1) \rightarrow \text{sublst-ileq}(lst1, last - 1, lst1, last, r, lst1) \text{ endlet}$

THEOREM: qsort-ilessp-2

let $lst1$ **be** $\text{qpart}(l, r, lst)$,
 $last$ **be** $\text{qlast}(l, r, lst)$
in
 $((l \leq i) \wedge (i \leq (last - 1)) \wedge (last \leq j) \wedge (j \leq r))$
 $\rightarrow (\neg \text{ilessp}(\text{get-nth}(j, \text{qsort}(1 + last, r, lst1)),$
 $\text{get-nth}(i, \text{qsort}(l, last - 1, lst1)))) \text{ endlet}$

THEOREM: qsort-ordered

$((left \leq i) \wedge (i \leq j) \wedge (j \leq right))$
 $\rightarrow (\neg \text{ilessp}(\text{get-nth}(j, \text{qsort}(left, right, lst)),$
 $\text{get-nth}(i, \text{qsort}(left, right, lst))))$

DEFINITION:

$\text{orderedp1}(l, r, lst)$
 $=$ **if** $r \leq l$ **then** **t**
 $\quad$ **else** $\text{ileq}(\text{get-nth}(l, lst), \text{get-nth}(1 + l, lst))$
 $\quad \wedge \text{orderedp1}(1 + l, r, lst)$ **endif**

THEOREM: qsort-orderedp1-la

$(left \leq left1) \rightarrow \text{orderedp1}(left1, right, \text{qsort}(left, right, lst))$

THEOREM: qsort-orderedp1

$\text{orderedp1}(left, right, \text{qsort}(left, right, lst))$

DEFINITION: $\text{transwap}(i, lst) = \text{swap}(i, 1 + i, lst)$

DEFINITION:

$\text{lst-eq}(l, r, lst, lst1)$
 $=$ **if** $r < l$ **then** **t**
 $\quad$ **else** $(\text{get-nth}(l, lst) = \text{get-nth}(l, lst1))$
 $\quad \wedge \text{lst-eq}(1 + l, r, lst, lst1)$ **endif**

DEFINITION:

$\text{count-lst}(x, l, r, lst)$
 $=$ **if** $r < l$ **then** 0
 $\quad$ **elseif** $x = \text{get-nth}(l, lst)$ **then** $1 + \text{count-lst}(x, 1 + l, r, lst)$
 $\quad$ **else** $\text{count-lst}(x, 1 + l, r, lst)$ **endif**

THEOREM: count-1st-0

$$(l \notin \mathbf{N}) \rightarrow (\text{count-1st}(x, l, r, lst) = \text{count-1st}(x, 0, r, lst))$$

THEOREM: count-swapii

$$\text{count-1st}(x, l, r, \text{swap}(i, i, lst)) = \text{count-1st}(x, l, r, lst)$$

THEOREM: count-1st-put-1

$$(i < l) \rightarrow (\text{count-1st}(x, l, r, \text{put-nth}(v, i, lst)) = \text{count-1st}(x, l, r, lst))$$

THEOREM: count-1st-swap-1

$$\begin{aligned} & ((i < l) \wedge (j < l)) \\ \rightarrow & (\text{count-1st}(x, l, r, \text{swap}(i, j, lst)) = \text{count-1st}(x, l, r, lst)) \end{aligned}$$

THEOREM: count-transwap-0

$$(l < r) \rightarrow (\text{count-1st}(x, l, r, \text{swap}(l, 1 + l, lst)) = \text{count-1st}(x, l, r, lst))$$

THEOREM: swap-0

$$\begin{aligned} & (i \notin \mathbf{N}) \\ \rightarrow & ((\text{swap}(i, j, lst) = \text{swap}(0, j, lst)) \\ & \wedge (\text{swap}(j, i, lst) = \text{swap}(j, 0, lst))) \end{aligned}$$

THEOREM: count-transwap

$$\begin{aligned} & ((l \leq i) \wedge (i < r)) \\ \rightarrow & (\text{count-1st}(x, l, r, \text{transwap}(i, lst)) = \text{count-1st}(x, l, r, lst)) \end{aligned}$$

THEOREM: swap-rec-la

$$\begin{aligned} & (i \leq j) \\ \rightarrow & \text{lst-eq}(l, r, \text{swap}(i, 1 + j, lst), \text{swap}(i, j, \text{swap}(j, 1 + j, \text{swap}(i, j, lst)))) \end{aligned}$$

THEOREM: count-1st-eq

$$\text{lst-eq}(l, r, lst, lst1) \rightarrow (\text{count-1st}(x, l, r, lst) = \text{count-1st}(x, l, r, lst1))$$

THEOREM: count-1st-swap-rec

$$\begin{aligned} & (i \leq j) \\ \rightarrow & (\text{count-1st}(x, l, r, \text{swap}(i, 1 + j, lst)) \\ & = \text{count-1st}(x, l, r, \text{swap}(i, j, \text{transwap}(j, \text{swap}(i, j, lst))))) \end{aligned}$$

DEFINITION:

swap-induct(i, j, lst)

$$\begin{aligned} = & \text{if } j \leq i \text{ then } \mathbf{t} \\ & \text{else swap-induct}(i, j - 1, \text{transwap}(j - 1, \text{swap}(i, j - 1, lst))) \\ & \wedge \text{swap-induct}(i, j - 1, lst) \text{ endif} \end{aligned}$$

THEOREM: count-1st-swap

$$\begin{aligned} & ((l \leq i) \wedge (i \leq j) \wedge (j \leq r)) \\ \rightarrow & (\text{count-1st}(x, l, r, \text{swap}(i, j, lst)) = \text{count-1st}(x, l, r, lst)) \end{aligned}$$

THEOREM: count-1st-qpart-aux

$$\begin{aligned}
& ((l1 \leq last) \\
& \wedge (last < i) \\
& \wedge (last \leq r1) \\
& \wedge (l \leq l1) \\
& \wedge (l1 \leq r) \\
& \wedge (r1 \leq r)) \\
& \rightarrow (\text{count-1st}(x, l, r, \text{qpart-aux}(l1, r1, lst, last, i)) \\
& \quad = \text{count-1st}(x, l, r, lst))
\end{aligned}$$

THEOREM: count-1st-qsort-la

$$\begin{aligned}
& ((l \leq l1) \wedge (r1 \leq r)) \\
& \rightarrow (\text{count-1st}(x, l, r, \text{qsort}(l1, r1, lst)) = \text{count-1st}(x, l, r, lst))
\end{aligned}$$

THEOREM: count-1st-qsort

$$\text{count-1st}(x, l, r, \text{qsort}(l, r, lst)) = \text{count-1st}(x, l, r, lst)$$

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