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|#

EVENT: Start with the library "mc20-2" using the compiled version.

; Proof of the Correctness of the STRCHR Function

#|

This is part of our effort to verify the Berkeley string library. The Berkeley string library is widely used as part of the Berkeley Unix OS.

This is the source code of strchr function in the Berkeley string library.

```
char *
strchr(p, ch)
    register char *p, ch;
{
    for (;;) ++p) {
        if (*p == ch)
            return(p);
        if (!*p)
            return((char *)NULL);
    }
}
```

```

    }
    /* NOTREACHED */
}

```

The MC68020 assembly code of the C function strchr on SUN-3 is given as follows. This binary is generated by "gcc -O".

```

0x2500 <strchr>:      linkw fp,#0
0x2504 <strchr+4>:    moveal fp@(8),a0
0x2508 <strchr+8>:    moveb fp@(15),d0
0x250c <strchr+12>:   cmpb a0@,d0
0x250e <strchr+14>:   bne 0x2514 <strchr+20>
0x2510 <strchr+16>:   movel a0,d0
0x2512 <strchr+18>:   bra 0x2520 <strchr+32>
0x2514 <strchr+20>:   tstb a0@
0x2516 <strchr+22>:   bne 0x251c <strchr+28>
0x2518 <strchr+24>:   clrl d0
0x251a <strchr+26>:   bra 0x2520 <strchr+32>
0x251c <strchr+28>:   addqw #1,a0
0x251e <strchr+30>:   bra 0x250c <strchr+12>
0x2520 <strchr+32>:   unlk fp
0x2522 <strchr+34>:   rts

```

The machine code of the above program is:

```

<strchr>:      0x4e56 0x0000 0x206e 0x0008 0x102e 0x000f 0xb010 0x6604
<strchr+16>:   0x2008 0x600c 0x4a10 0x6604 0x4280 0x6004 0x5248 0x60ec
<strchr+32>:   0x4e5e 0x4e75

```

```

'(78      86      0      0      32      110      0      8
 16      46      0      15      176     16      102     4
 32       8      96      12      74      16      102     4
 66     128     96       4      82      72      96     236
 78      94      78     117)

```

|#

; in the logic, the above program is defined by (strchr-code).

DEFINITION:

STRCHR-CODE

```

=  '(78 86 0 0 32 110 0 8 16 46 0 15 176 16 102 4 32 8 96
    12 74 16 102 4 66 128 96 4 82 72 96 236 78 94 78 117)

```

; the computation time of the program.

DEFINITION:

```

strchr1-t(i, n, lst, ch)
=  if i < n
    then if get-nth(i, lst) = ch then 6
        elseif get-nth(i, lst) = 0 then 8
            else splus(6, strchr1-t(1 + i, n, lst, ch)) endif
    else 0 endif

```

DEFINITION:

```

strchr-t(n, lst, ch) = splus(3, strchr1-t(0, n, lst, ch))

```

; an induction hint.

DEFINITION:

```

strchr-induct(s, i*, i, n, lst, ch)
=  if i < n
    then if get-nth(i, lst) = ch then t
        elseif get-nth(i, lst) = 0 then 8
            else strchr-induct(stepn(s, 6),
                                add(32, i*, 1),
                                1 + i,
                                n,
                                lst,
                                ch) endif
    else t endif

```

; the preconditions of the initial state.

DEFINITION:

```

strchr-statep(s, str, n, lst, ch)
=  ((mc-status(s) = 'running)
    ∧ evenp(mc-pc(s))
    ∧ rom-addrp(mc-pc(s), mc-mem(s), 38)
    ∧ mcode-addrp(mc-pc(s), mc-mem(s), STRCHR-CODE)
    ∧ ram-addrp(sub(32, 4, read-sp(s)), mc-mem(s), 16)
    ∧ ram-addrp(str, mc-mem(s), n)
    ∧ mem-lst(1, str, mc-mem(s), n, lst)
    ∧ disjoint(sub(32, 4, read-sp(s)), 16, str, n)
    ∧ (str = read-mem(add(32, read-sp(s), 4), mc-mem(s), 4))
    ∧ (ch = uread-mem(add(32, read-sp(s), 11), mc-mem(s), 1))
    ∧ (slen(0, n, lst) < n)
    ∧ (n ∈ ℕ)
    ∧ (nat-to-uint(str) ≠ 0)
    ∧ uint-rangep(nat-to-uint(str) + n, 32))

```

; an intermediate state.

DEFINITION:

$\text{strchr-s0p}(s, i^*, i, str, n, lst, ch)$
 $= ((\text{mc-status}(s) = \text{'running'})$
 $\quad \wedge \text{evenp}(\text{mc-pc}(s))$
 $\quad \wedge \text{rom-addrp}(\text{sub}(32, 12, \text{mc-pc}(s)), \text{mc-mem}(s), 38)$
 $\quad \wedge \text{mcode-addrp}(\text{sub}(32, 12, \text{mc-pc}(s)), \text{mc-mem}(s), \text{STRCHR-CODE})$
 $\quad \wedge \text{ram-addrp}(\text{read-an}(32, 6, s), \text{mc-mem}(s), 16)$
 $\quad \wedge \text{ram-addrp}(str, \text{mc-mem}(s), n)$
 $\quad \wedge \text{mem-lst}(1, str, \text{mc-mem}(s), n, lst)$
 $\quad \wedge \text{disjoint}(\text{read-an}(32, 6, s), 16, str, n)$
 $\quad \wedge \text{equal}^*(\text{read-an}(32, 0, s), \text{add}(32, str, i^*))$
 $\quad \wedge (ch = \text{nat-to-uint}(\text{read-dn}(8, 0, s)))$
 $\quad \wedge (\text{slen}(i, n, lst) < n)$
 $\quad \wedge (i < n)$
 $\quad \wedge (i^* \in \mathbf{N})$
 $\quad \wedge \text{nat-rangep}(i^*, 32)$
 $\quad \wedge (i = \text{nat-to-uint}(i^*))$
 $\quad \wedge (n \in \mathbf{N})$
 $\quad \wedge \text{uint-rangep}(n, 32))$

; from the initial state s to $s0$: $s \dashrightarrow s0$;

THEOREM: strchr-s-s0

$\text{strchr-statep}(s, str, n, lst, ch) \rightarrow \text{strchr-s0p}(\text{stepn}(s, 3), 0, 0, str, n, lst, ch)$

THEOREM: strchr-s-s0-else

$\text{strchr-statep}(s, str, n, lst, ch)$
 $\rightarrow ((\text{linked-rtss-addr}(\text{stepn}(s, 3)) = \text{rts-addr}(s))$
 $\quad \wedge (\text{linked-a6}(\text{stepn}(s, 3)) = \text{read-an}(32, 6, s))$
 $\quad \wedge (\text{read-rn}(32, 14, \text{mc-rfile}(\text{stepn}(s, 3)))$
 $\quad \quad = \text{sub}(32, 4, \text{read-sp}(s))))$

THEOREM: strchr-s-s0-rfile

$(\text{strchr-statep}(s, str, n, lst, ch) \wedge \text{d2-7a2-5p}(rn))$
 $\rightarrow (\text{read-rn}(oplen, rn, \text{mc-rfile}(\text{stepn}(s, 3)))$
 $\quad = \text{read-rn}(oplen, rn, \text{mc-rfile}(s)))$

THEOREM: strchr-s-s0-mem

$(\text{strchr-statep}(s, str, n, lst, ch) \wedge \text{disjoint}(x, k, \text{sub}(32, 4, \text{read-sp}(s)), 16))$
 $\rightarrow (\text{read-mem}(x, \text{mc-mem}(\text{stepn}(s, 3)), k) = \text{read-mem}(x, \text{mc-mem}(s), k))$

; from $s0$ to exit : $s0 \dashrightarrow \text{sn}$.

; base case 1. $s0 \dashrightarrow \text{sn}$, when $\text{lst}[i] = ch$.

THEOREM: strchr-s0-sn-base1

$$\begin{aligned}
& (\text{strchr-s0p}(s, i^*, i, str, n, lst, ch) \wedge (\text{get-nth}(i, lst) = ch)) \\
\rightarrow & ((\text{mc-status}(\text{stepn}(s, 6)) = \text{'running'}) \\
& \wedge (\text{mc-pc}(\text{stepn}(s, 6)) = \text{linked-rtts-addr}(s)) \\
& \wedge (\text{read-dn}(32, 0, \text{stepn}(s, 6)) = \text{add}(32, str, i^*)) \\
& \wedge (\text{read-rn}(32, 14, \text{mc-rfile}(\text{stepn}(s, 6))) = \text{linked-a6}(s)) \\
& \wedge (\text{read-rn}(32, 15, \text{mc-rfile}(\text{stepn}(s, 6))) \\
& \quad = \text{add}(32, \text{read-an}(32, 6, s), 8)) \\
& \wedge (\text{read-mem}(x, \text{mc-mem}(\text{stepn}(s, 6)), k) \\
& \quad = \text{read-mem}(x, \text{mc-mem}(s), k)))
\end{aligned}$$

THEOREM: strchr-s0-sn-rfile-base1

$$\begin{aligned}
& (\text{strchr-s0p}(s, i^*, i, str, n, lst, ch) \\
& \wedge (\text{get-nth}(i, lst) = ch) \\
& \wedge \text{d2-7a2-5p}(rn)) \\
\rightarrow & (\text{read-rn}(oplen, rn, \text{mc-rfile}(\text{stepn}(s, 6))) \\
& \quad = \text{read-rn}(oplen, rn, \text{mc-rfile}(s)))
\end{aligned}$$

; base case 2: s0 --> sn, when lst[i] =\= ch and lst[i] = 0.

THEOREM: strchr-s0-sn-base2

$$\begin{aligned}
& (\text{strchr-s0p}(s, i^*, i, str, n, lst, ch) \\
& \wedge (\text{get-nth}(i, lst) \neq ch) \\
& \wedge (\text{get-nth}(i, lst) = 0)) \\
\rightarrow & ((\text{mc-status}(\text{stepn}(s, 8)) = \text{'running'}) \\
& \wedge (\text{mc-pc}(\text{stepn}(s, 8)) = \text{linked-rtts-addr}(s)) \\
& \wedge (\text{read-dn}(32, 0, \text{stepn}(s, 8)) = 0) \\
& \wedge (\text{read-rn}(32, 14, \text{mc-rfile}(\text{stepn}(s, 8))) = \text{linked-a6}(s)) \\
& \wedge (\text{read-rn}(32, 15, \text{mc-rfile}(\text{stepn}(s, 8))) \\
& \quad = \text{add}(32, \text{read-an}(32, 6, s), 8)) \\
& \wedge (\text{read-mem}(x, \text{mc-mem}(\text{stepn}(s, 8)), k) \\
& \quad = \text{read-mem}(x, \text{mc-mem}(s), k)))
\end{aligned}$$

THEOREM: strchr-s0-sn-rfile-base2

$$\begin{aligned}
& (\text{strchr-s0p}(s, i^*, i, str, n, lst, ch) \\
& \wedge (\text{get-nth}(i, lst) \neq ch) \\
& \wedge (\text{get-nth}(i, lst) = 0) \\
& \wedge \text{d2-7a2-5p}(rn)) \\
\rightarrow & (\text{read-rn}(oplen, rn, \text{mc-rfile}(\text{stepn}(s, 8))) \\
& \quad = \text{read-rn}(oplen, rn, \text{mc-rfile}(s)))
\end{aligned}$$

; induction case: s0 --> s0, when lst[i] =\= ch and lst[i] =\= 0.

THEOREM: strchr-s0-s0

$$(\text{strchr-s0p}(s, i^*, i, str, n, lst, ch))$$

$\wedge$ (get-nth(i , lst) $\neq$ ch)
 $\wedge$ (get-nth(i , lst) $\neq$ 0)
 $\rightarrow$ (strchr-s0p(stepn(s , 6), add(32, i^* , 1), 1 + i , str , n , lst , ch)
 $\wedge$ (read-rn(32, 14, mc-rfile(stepn(s , 6)))
 $\quad$ = read-rn(32, 14, mc-rfile(s)))
 $\wedge$ (linked-a6(stepn(s , 6)) = linked-a6(s))
 $\wedge$ (linked-rtts-addr(stepn(s , 6)) = linked-rtts-addr(s))
 $\wedge$ (read-mem(x , mc-mem(stepn(s , 6)), k)
 $\quad$ = read-mem(x , mc-mem(s), k)))

THEOREM: strchr-s0-s0-rfile

(strchr-s0p(s , i^* , i , str , n , lst , ch)
 $\wedge$ (get-nth(i , lst) $\neq$ ch)
 $\wedge$ (get-nth(i , lst) $\neq$ 0)
 $\wedge$ d2-7a2-5p(rn)
 $\rightarrow$ (read-rn($oplen$, rn , mc-rfile(stepn(s , 6)))
 $\quad$ = read-rn($oplen$, rn , mc-rfile(s)))

; put together. s0 --> exit.

THEOREM: strchr-s0p-info

strchr-s0p(s , i^* , i , str , n , lst , ch) $\rightarrow$ (($i < n$) = **t**)

THEOREM: strchr-s0-sn

let sn **be** stepn(s , strchr1-t(i , n , lst , ch))
in
strchr-s0p(s , i^* , i , str , n , lst , ch)
 $\rightarrow$ ((mc-status(sn) = **'running'**)
 $\wedge$ (mc-pc(sn) = linked-rtts-addr(s))
 $\wedge$ (read-dn(32, 0, sn)
 $\quad$ = **if** strchr(i , n , lst , ch)
 $\quad$ **then** add(32, str , strchr*(i^* , i , n , lst , ch))
 $\quad$ **else** 0 **endif**)
 $\wedge$ (read-rn(32, 14, mc-rfile(sn)) = linked-a6(s))
 $\wedge$ (read-rn(32, 15, mc-rfile(sn))
 $\quad$ = add(32, read-an(32, 6, s), 8))
 $\wedge$ (read-mem(x , mc-mem(sn), k) = read-mem(x , mc-mem(s), k))) **endlet**

THEOREM: strchr-s0-sn-rfile

let sn **be** stepn(s , strchr1-t(i , n , lst , ch))
in
(strchr-s0p(s , i^* , i , str , n , lst , ch) $\wedge$ d2-7a2-5p(rn))
 $\rightarrow$ (read-rn($oplen$, rn , mc-rfile(sn))
 $\quad$ = read-rn($oplen$, rn , mc-rfile(s))) **endlet**

EVENT: Disable strchr-s0p-info.

; the correctness of strchr.

THEOREM: strchr-correctness

```

let sn be stepn(s, strchr-t(n, lst, ch))
in
  strchr-statep(s, str, n, lst, ch)
→ ((mc-status(sn) = 'running)
   ∧ (mc-pc(sn) = rts-addr(s))
   ∧ (read-rn(32, 14, mc-rfile(sn))
      = read-rn(32, 14, mc-rfile(s)))
   ∧ (read-rn(32, 15, mc-rfile(sn))
      = add(32, read-sp(s), 4))
   ∧ (d2-7a2-5p(rn)
      → (read-rn(oplen, rn, mc-rfile(sn))
          = read-rn(oplen, rn, mc-rfile(s)))
   ∧ (disjoint(x, k, sub(32, 4, read-sp(s)), 16)
      → (read-mem(x, mc-mem(sn), k)
          = read-mem(x, mc-mem(s), k)))
   ∧ (read-dn(32, 0, sn)
      = if strchr(0, n, lst, ch)
        then add(32, str, strchr*(0, 0, n, lst, ch))
        else 0 endif) endlet

```

EVENT: Disable strchr-t.

; strchr* --> strchr.

THEOREM: strchr*-strchr

```

(strchr(i, n, lst, ch)
 ∧ (i = nat-to-uint(i*))
 ∧ nat-range(i*, 32)
 ∧ uint-range(n, 32))
→ (nat-to-uint(strchr*(i*, i, n, lst, ch)) = strchr(i, n, lst, ch))

```

THEOREM: strchr-non-zerop-la

```

let sn be stepn(s, strchr-t(n, lst, ch))
in
  (strchr-statep(s, str, n, lst, ch)
   ∧ nat-range(str, 32)
   ∧ (nat-to-uint(str) ≠ 0)
   ∧ uint-range(nat-to-uint(str) + n, 32)
   ∧ strchr(0, n, lst, ch))
→ (nat-to-uint(read-dn(32, 0, sn)) ≠ 0) endlet

```

THEOREM: strchr-non-zerop

```
let sn be stepn(s, strchr-t(n, lst, ch))  
in  
(strchr-statep(s, str, n, lst, ch)  $\wedge$  strchr(0, n, lst, ch))  
 $\rightarrow$  (nat-to-uint(read-dn(32, 0, sn))  $\neq$  0) endlet
```

EVENT: Disable strchr*.

```
; some properties of strchr.  
; see file cstring.events.
```


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