1. The MATLAB command `hilb(n)` generates an $n \times n$ Hilbert matrix, which we denote by $H_n$. Try $n = 3, 10, 20$ in the following problems:
   
   a) (4 points)
   
   Solve:
   
   $H_n x_n = b_n$
   
   for $x_n$, where $b_n = H_n \ast \text{ones}(n, 1)$.
   
   Use the MATLAB command “\" to solve the above system. (See help mldivide).
   
   b) (2 points)
   
   How close is $x_n$ to the exact solution? Comment.
   
   c) (4 points)
   
   Explain the accuracy of $x_n$. Use the command `cond` to get the condition number of $H_n$.

2. (5 points)

   Does the MATLAB command “\" do pivoting? Give an example to justify your answer.

3. (Use pen & paper). Let

   $A = \begin{bmatrix} 10^{-16} & 10^{-17} \\ -10^{-16} & 10^{-17} \end{bmatrix}$

   a) (2 points)
   
   Compute the determinant of $A$.

   b) (5 points)
   
   Compute $\kappa_1(A) = \|A\|_1 \cdot \|A^{-1}\|_1$.

   c) (2 points)
   
   Is $A$ nearly singular? Comment.

   d) (1 point)
   
   Does the small magnitude of the determinant imply that $A$ is nearly singular?

4. The MATLAB command `pascal(n)` generates an $n \times n$ Pascal matrix, which we denote by $P_n$. Try $n = 16$ in the following.

   a) (1 point)
   
   Using MATLAB, find the determinant of $P_n$.

   b) (1 point)
   
   Using MATLAB, find the condition number of $P_n$.

   c) (3 points)
   
   Is $P_n$ close to singularity? Comment.