

### **Introduction:**

- Answering visual questions requires daily common knowledge, which is hard to be visually presented, and model the semantic connection among different parts in images.
- Image captioning systems tend to generate similar captions and fail to diversely describe images.
- Our system have these two tasks compensate each other, which is capable of jointly producing diverse image captions and answering visual questions.



- Word GRU sequentially encodes the words embedding.
- Caption attention module utilizes image features to generate attentions on words.
- Caption GRU produces the final caption representation.

# Joint Image Captioning and Question Answering Jialin Wu, Zeyuan Hu, Raymond J. Mooney. The University of Texas at Austin











The attention weights on each caption word are shown below the word.

## **Online Caption Selection:**

$\underset{j}{\operatorname{argmax}}$	
s.t.	

# Exporimonte

xperments.						
	Y/N	Num	Other	All		
Ours	84.7	46.8	59.3	68.4		
Ours-10	86.2	47.4	60.4	69.7		

#### Accuracy percentage on test-standard set.

#### **BUTD** model

Ours with BUTD captions

Ours with our generated

Ours with annotated cap

Accuracy percentag



> We require the inner product of the current gradients from the VQA and captioning loss to be greater than a constant  $\xi$  and select a caption which maximizes that inner products.  $\succ$  Our system is guaranteed to update with a shared descent direction from both the VQA parts and the image captioning parts, ensuring the consistency in the optimization process.



	All
	63.2
S	64.6
lcaptions	65.8
otions	69.1
ge on validation set.	