















## **Read-Modify-Write (RMW)**

- Implement locks using read-modify-write instructions
  - > As an atomic and isolated action
    - 1. read a memory location into a register, AND
    - 2. write a new value to the location
  - > Implementing RMW is tricky in multi-processors
  - Requires cache coherence hardware. Caches snoop the memory bus.
- Examples:
  - Test&set instructions (most architectures)
    - Reads a value from memory
    - Write "1" back to memory location
  - > Compare & swap (68000)
    - Test the value against some constant
    - \* If the test returns true, set value in memory to different value
    - \* Report the result of the test in a flag
    - if [addr] == r1 then [addr] = r2;
  - > Exchange, locked increment, locked decrement (x86)
  - Load linked/store conditional (PowerPC,Alpha, MIPS)























