Rubin and Goldberg - CACM September, 1992 (Special Issue on Modeling and Analysis)

Rubin/Goldberg - base all of the definition of attributes, objects and state models on development and creation of scripts.

Structure and behavior are both derived from analysis of scripts.

MOTIVATION FOR R/G METHOD

- 1. Data modeling methods assume existence of complete and correct requirements specification.
- 2. Data modeling has a bias towards the tangible as contrasted to the conceptual.
- 3. Behaviors are fundamental, not data or data states.

NOTES

- 1. It is actually the case that the scripts are used to derive glossaries that summarize information which is then used as a requirements analysis.
- 2. Attributes are defined before objects.

Relation to Linguistics Analysis Method

- The Rubin/Goldberg model requires assumption of an initial class diagram in order to generate scripts.
- We use linguistics analysis to generate a class diagram and then use the script method to derive the behaviors on the basis of the scripts.
- Using the R/G method with the linguistics analysis method as a starting point may result in insights leading to a better class diagram as well as behaviors.
- We ask for both sets of derivations.

Lecture Format

- This lecture follows the R/G paper closely with respect to both notation and content.
- We will subsequently suggest a somewhat different formats for scripts which make a better connection with the linguistics analysis approach. These script formats are extensions of those used in the last lecture.

Alternative process for design of objects

- 0. Requirements Analysis
- 1. Construct example objects for script generation
- 2. Construct execution scripts
- 3. Build glossaries from scripts
- 4. Derive attributes from analysis of scripts (services glossary)
- 5. Define objects from parties glossary; create Object Modeling Cards
- 6. Re-structure objects according to common behavior and common attributes.
- 7. Define object states and attribute domains from analysis of scripts.

Important Concepts

- 1. contracts agreements among initiators and participants
- 2. Initiator executes actions which require services
- 3. Participant provides services through an interface to initiators
- 4. Service Behavior of a participant in response to a request
- 5. Glossary list of occurrences of elements
- 6. Attribute name/value set in which states are described.
- 7. Script specification of flow of actions initiated by outside agent.
- 8. Event phase change in script

A spreadsheet example

System Features

- 1. grid of cells with external borders
- 2. label rows with integers
- 3. label columns with letters
- 4. cells can hold strings with styles, typed numbers, expressions, etc.
- 5. expressions cannot contain strings
- 6. currency type has fp arithmetic properties
- 7. expressions cannot contain cycles
- 8. evaluation and display is continuous
- 9. main commands are: create, read from file, save to file, select arbitrary subgrid, modify cell or selection, print, etc.

Core Activities

- 1. creation
- 2. modification
- 3. calculation
- 4. save and load

Performance Requirements

1. no command to take more than 20 seconds

Analysis Plan

- 1. use salary example
- 2. scripts for creates, modifies, etc.

An Example Spreadsheet

	A	В	C	D
1				NEW
2	NAME	SALARY	%RAISE	SALARY
3	joe	\$55,000	4	\$57,000
4	mary	\$60,000	4	\$62,400
5	henry	\$30,000	4	\$31,200
12	totals	\$295,000		\$307,695
13	average raise		4.2	\$1,524
14	expense increase			\$12,195

SCRIPT NOTATION

INITIATOR	ACTION	PARTICIPANT	SERVICE
thing 1	notifies	thing 2	thing 2 can
			be notified
thing1	provides	thing 2	thing 2 can
	info to		accept info
thing 1	requests	thing 2	thing 2 can
	info from		provide info
thing 1	requests	thing 2	thing 2 can
	service		provide
	from		service

A SIMPLE SPREADSHEET - SCRIPT EXAMPLE

Script Name Modification.1.example

Author Donna

Precondition spreadsheet exists and displayed

Postcondition modified spreadsheet exists

Trace Core Activity

INITIATOR	ACTION	PARTICIPANT	SERVICE
user	select D1	spreadsheet	select a cell
user	type text NEW	D1	set content to
			text
user	set type style to	D1	set text type
	bold		style to bold
user	select A2	spreadsheet	select a cell
user	type text NAME	A2	set content to
			text
user	further		
	selections		
user	select row 2	spreadsheet	select a row
user	set text type to	row 2	set text type to
	bold		bold
user	extend row	row 2	resize height
	height to be 34		
	pixels		
user	select A12	spreadsheet	select a cell
user	type text	A12	set content to
	TOTALS		text
user	(repeat select	A13,A14	
	and type)		
user	select A12:A14	spreadsheet	select vertical
			collection of
			cells
user	set text type to	A12:A14	set text style to
	bold		bold
user	select B3	spreadsheet	select a cell

Scripts may have a hierarchical structure. Notice Pattern in spreadsheet script.

Select

Operation

Select

Operation

We could associate a pre-condition and a post-condition with each Select

Operation pair if the effect of the operation is significant.

We could associate a pre-condition and a postcondition with elementary operation (Select, Operation) if the effect of the elementary operation is significant.

PARTIES GLOSSARY

PARTY	DEFINITION	TRACES	ROLE
user		modification.1.example	I
spreadsheet			P
D 1		modification.1.example	P
A2		modification.1.example	P
A12		modification.1.example	P
row 1		**	P
A12:A14		""	P
В3		**	P
•••••	•••••	•••••	•••••
column A		**	P
•••••	••••	•••••	••••

ABSTRACTED GLOSSARY

PARTY	DEFINITION	TRACES	ROLE
user	human or other	modification.1.example	I
	driver of	_	
	application		
spreadsheet	2D grid of cells	''	P
	that can contain		
	data and		
	formula for		
	noncircular		
	computations		
cell	container for an	modification.1.example	P
	element that has		
	a value		
vertical cell	contiguous set of	modification.1.example	P
collection	cells from the		
	same column		
row	collection of	''	P
	cells occupying		
	the full		
	horizontal		
	dimension of the		
	grid		
column	collection of	''	P
	cells occupying		
	the full vertical		
	dimension of the		
	grid		

ALIAS TABLE

GENERAL OR PREFERRED	ALIASES
NAME	
cell	A2,A12,D1, etc.
vertical cell collection	A12:A14, B5:B10, etc.
row	row 1, row 2
column	column A, column D,etc.

SERVICES GLOSSARY

SERVICE	DEFINITION	PARTICIPANTS	TRACES
select a cell	select a single cell and	spreadsheet	Modification
	make it the current		.1.example
	selection		
set content to	set the contents of a	cell	***
text	cell to be text		
set content to	set the contents of a	cell	***
number	cell to be a typed		
	number		
select a row	select a row of cells	spreadsheet	***
	and make it current		
set text style to	set the text style to	cell or row	***
bold	bold		
resize height	change the height of a	row	"
	given row		
select a vertical	select a partial column	spreadsheet	""
collection of	of cells and make it		
cells	the current selection		
set format to	set the format as	cell	""
currency	current		
fill down	replace the remaining	vertical cell	"
	contents of each cell in	selection	
	current vertical		
	selection with the		
	value of the first cell		
	in the selection		
select a column	select a column of cells	spreadsheet	''
	and make it the		
	current selection	_	
resize width	change the width of a	column	''
	given column		

Identify attributes from services glossary as targets of services or as required for actions

ATTRIBUTE GLOSSARY - ROW

NAME	DEFINITION	CONT	ACCE	MUTA	MULTI/	RANGE	STAT
		RACT	SSOR	TOR	SINGLE	OF	E
					VALUE	VALUE	DEFIN
						S	ITION
height	height of the	none	none	resize	single	integer	no
	row in			the row			
	number of			height			
	pixels						
format	interpretation	none	none	none	single	\$xx.xx	no
	of the						
	contents						
style	presentation	none	none	set	single	bold	no
	of contents			style			

DESCRIPTION OF THE COLUMNS IN AN ATTRIBUTE GLOSSARY

COLUMN	DESCRIPTION
name	a unique name for the attribute in the context of the party
definition	an unambiguous definition of the attribute in the context
	of the containing party
contract	does the party have any contracts with the attribute
accessor	does the party provide a service for accessing the
	attributes
mutator	does the party provide a service for mutating the attribute
multi/singl	does the attribute denote a collection of values in the
e value	context of the attribute
state-	is the attribute used to define states of the party
definition	

DEFINING OBJECTS FROM SCRIPTS

1. Identify participants - use parties glossa

providers of services names of collections participants which are also initiators (use parties glossary)

Object Modeling Cord

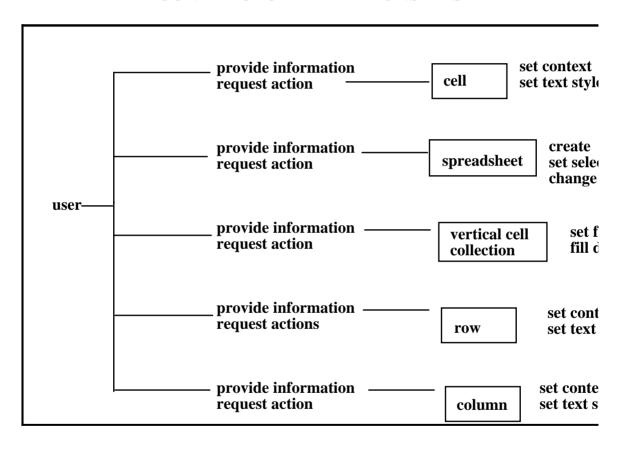
card trace_

9/14/2008

2. Structure objects through specialization, abstraction and factorization factorization - objects with multiple responsibilities

Object Modeling Card		
name of object inherits from		
attributes/logical properties	traces	
style	modificatio	on.1.example
height	"	
provided services	trace	es
set text style to bold		modification.1.example
resize height		"
contracted services	objects	services
	•	•

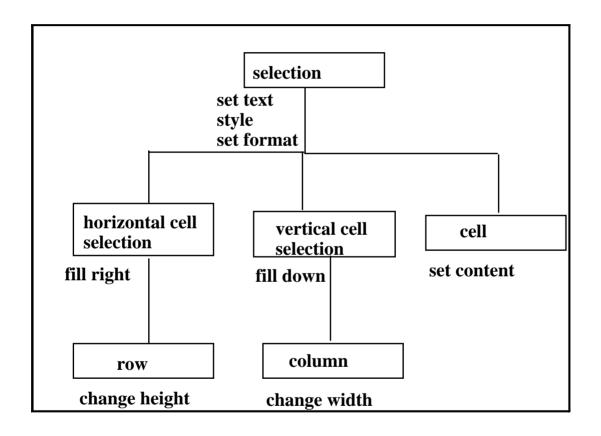
CONTRACTUAL RELATIONSHIPS



Summary of Object Re-organizations

ID	Inputs	Outputs	Traces	Type of
				Technique
1	column, ver 1	column, ver 2	column is a	specialization
	vertical cell	vertical cell	kind of	
	collection, ver 1	collection, ver 1	vertical cell	
			collection	
2	row, ver 1	row, ver 2	row is a kind	specialization
	·	horizontal cell	of horizontal	_
		collection, ver 2	cell	
			collection	
3	cell, ver 1	selection, ver 1	selection	abstraction
	vertical cell	cell, ver2	holds	
	collection, ver 2	vertical cell	common	
	horizontal cell	collection, ver 2	services for	
	collection, ver 2	horizontal cell	cell or cell	
		collection, ver 2	collection	

ORGANIZATIONAL RELATIONSHIP DIAGRAM



Object Behavior Analysis

Definition of State Models

Definition of Object States

Pre- and Post Conditions of Scripts define states

Recall that Scripts may be hierarchically defined.

State definitions are typically iteratively derived.

A script with multiple actions associated with a pre-condition/post-condition pair is decomposed into several subscripts each of which has an associated pre- and post-condition.

Definition of State Changing Events

Action sequences in scripts or subscripts define the occurrence of events.

Choice of Event Sequence

A script selects one of many possible sequences which can can a transition among a given pre-condition:post-condition pair.

This issue is not covered in this paper but is

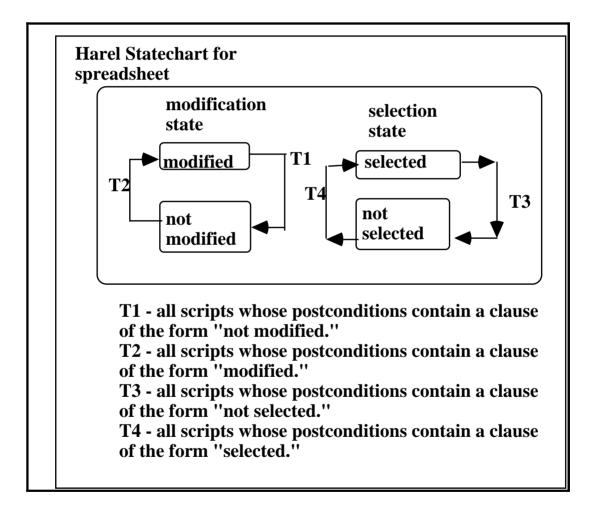
not important for the use to which we will put OBA.

State Models

Define States

Attributes and Events - from partitioning of scripts

Domains of attributes - from pre- and post- conditions of scripts.



State Definition Glossary

STATE	DEFINITION	DESCRIPTION	TRACES
has selection	create selection	used to indicate	modification.9.example
	not equal to nil	when a selection	
		has been made	
modified	for all cells	used to indicate	modification.9.example
	there exists at	that some aspect	
	least one cell	of the	
	which has been	spreadsheet has	
	modified	been modified	
		since the last	
		save	

Evaluation of OBA

Strengths

unified approach - everything derived from scripts

good traceability

well-defined work products

Weaknesses

weak approach to information modeling may fail on information rich applications

excessive emphasis on services

when is a set of scripts "complete?"