A Unified Approach to Verification and Validation of Software Systems CS378 – Fall 2008 Unique Number – 55785 TTH 9:30AM-11AM RLM 6.126 http://www.cs.utexas.edu/~browne/uvvf2008/

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1. Motivation and Goal

Correctness is the most critical concern of the software industry. Computers are increasingly assuming central roles in safety- and security-critical systems, leading to dire consequences of viruses, worms, and software faults. Almost all of these viruses, security attacks, and equipment malfunctions are due to flaws in software design and implementation that could have been found by a truly comprehensive and well-structured process to verify and validate the properties and behaviors of the software. Additionally, there are specifications for information flow, which are sometimes called security policies, and the design and implementation of these security policies also must be verified and validated. The methods needed to verify and validate the security policies largely overlap with those needed to verify and validate other types of specifications.

The goal of this course is to make available to students in Computer Sciences at the University of Texas unique training in verification and validation across functional, security and performance properties. Students successfully completing this course will find themselves with a unique, highly valuable and saleable skill. They will also be part of an NSF project for developing and applying a unified approach to verification and validation of software systems. They will also work with state of the art tools and methods for verification and validation.

The class will also satisfy the substantial writing component requirement and will give an opportunity to practice and develop presentation skills.

1.1 Background

The methods and tools which are available for validating and verifying software includes static analysis of program code, conventional and systematic testing, model checking for temporal properties, runtime monitoring, and formal proofs of correctness. Yet there does not exist a unified approach to verification and validation which integrates the several methods and tools for verification and validation. Teaching of verification and validation reflects this fragmentation. This course is part of an effort to provide such a unified and integrated approach. The instructor and Profess Calvin Lin have obtained funding from the National Science Foundation to develop a unified approach to verification and validation and an undergraduate course teaching this unified approach.

The two unifying concepts are a "universal" property specification language from which properties can be verified by static analysis, testing, model checking, proof methods or compiled to runtime monitors as appropriate or required and the insight that all methods of verification and validation are searches of the state space of a program for truth or falsity of specified properties. A third unifying conceptual element is the common set of component-oriented set of design principles which enable effective and scalable application of both formal and informal validation and verification.

1.2 Course Content

The lectures will cover the principles and methods. The participants in the course will follow an example through the steps in an integrated process. They will also evaluate the tools which are available for each aspect of the method. Participants will come away from this course with a unique perspective on verification and validation.

The principles and mechanisms for validation and verification are language independent but the tools implementing the mechanisms are language specific. The lectures will be largely language independent but the examples and the outside assignments will use Java and C. A substantial portion of the lectures will be devoted to design for verification and validation and an integrated and comprehensive approach to specification of properties to be verified and evaluated.

The content for the course will include:

- a. Design for test and verification.
- b. Unified Property Specification
- c. Introduction to program analysis (static analysis methods).
- d. Formal and complete approaches to testing:

Specification of properties, behaviors and assertion

Test coverage algorithms based on static analysis processes

- Testing as a continuous process integrating runtime monitoring with
- conventional testing, model checking and proof-based verification.
- e. Applied model checking:

Model checking as the endpoint of testing Property formulation Compositional reasoning

f. Classical Dijkstra/Hoare and other proof-based verification.

This material is already covered in other courses and will not be repeated but the role of this material in a comprehensive approach to verification and validation will be covered.

g. Run-Time Monitoring

Methods and Tools

Automated compilation of property monitors.

h. Integration of all the methods in a coherent, complete structure for validation and verification.

- i. Extension of verification and validation to security policy issues such as information flow.
- j. Failure analysis, fault-tolerance, practical self-stabilization, etc.
- k. Verification and validation of non-functional properties such as performance.

2. Student Prerequisites

Upper division standing. CS 336, CS 337 and CS 375 are desirable. Students may wish to consult with the instructor either by email (<u>browne@cs.utexas.edu</u>), by telephone (471-9579) or in person before registering for this course.

3. Texts and Course Materials

The text for this course is "Software Testing and Analysis" by Pezze and Young. There are many monographs and texts focusing on each topic concerning validation and verification (particularly testing). There are survey and tutorial articles and a large amount of web-based material is available on each topic and these will be used in the class.

4. Course Work and Grading

This is mainly a project course but there will be a single examination about two-thirds of the way through the semester. Projects may be individual or small team. Writing and presentations on the project are a key part of the course. There will be three progress reports on each project. The first progress report will be a detailed specification of the project. The second progress report will be a specification of the properties to be verified and the approach to development of the system. The third progress report will describe the implementation of the system and a first report on verification results. The final report will evaluate the tools and methods uses and the results obtained. The will be two presentations on each project. The first presentation will cover the system the material in the first and second progress reports and the second presentation will be on the third progress report and the preliminary results on verification. Grades will be assigned on the basis of the project, the reports and presentations and one third on the examination.

5. Approximate Lecture Schedule

An approximate lecture schedule follows. The time allocated for each topic may vary. There will be several guest lectures by experts on some of the topics.

Lecture	Lecture Topic	Reference Material
Date		
8/28/2008	Unified Approach to	Lecture Notes
	Verification and	
	Validation	

9/2/2008	Designing for Verification and	Lecture Notes and web references
	Validation	
9/4/2008	Property Specification :	Lecture Notes and Web references:
	Temporal Logics,	http://cnx.org/content/m12317/latest/
	Floyd/Hoare Logics,	http://ieeexplore.ieee.org/iel5/6783/18169/00841031.pdf
	JML Pre-conditions,	ftp://ftp.cs.iastate.edu/pub/leavens/JML/jmldbc.pdf
	Post-conditions,	
	invariants, etc	
9/9/2008	Property Specification :	Lecture Notes and Web references:
51512000	Temporal Logics,	http://cnx.org/content/m12317/latest/
	Floyd/Hoare Logics,	http://ieeexplore.ieee.org/iel5/6783/18169/00841031.pdf
	JML Pre-conditions,	ftp://ftp.cs.iastate.edu/pub/leavens/JML/jmldbc.pdf
	Post-conditions,	rip.,/rip.es.iustute.edu/pub/ieuvens/siritz/jiiiube.pui
	invariants, etc	
9/11/2008	Models, Abstractions	PY – Chapters 2, 3 and 5, lecture notes
2/11/2000	and Compositionality	1 1 Chapters 2, 5 and 5, feetare notes
9/16/2008	Static Analysis – Type	Lecture Notes, PY – Chapters 5, 6 and 13. and web
2,10,2000	checking, data flow	references
	analysis, control flow	
	analysis	
9/18/2008	Testing – Transition	PY Chapters 5 and 6, lecture notes and web references
2120.2000	from informal to	
	structured testing	
9/23/2008	Fundamentals of	Lecture Notes, PY – Chapters 5 and 8, web references.
2.20.2000	Model Checking	
9/25/2008	Symbolic Execution	Lecture Notes, PY – Chapter 7 and web references
212012000	and its applications	
9/30/2008	Translation/Abstraction	Lecture Notes and web references
	based Unification of	Lecture Notes, PY –Chapter 19 and web references:
	Static Analysis,	http://portal.acm.org/citation.cfm?id=760066
	Testing, Model	
	Checking and Runtime	
	Monitoring	
10/02/2008	Testing in Depth	PY – Chapters 10,11,12,13,14,15
10/07/2008	Fundamentals of Proof	Lecture Notes, PY – Chapters 5 and 8, web references.
	Methods	
10/9/2008	Automated Proof	(Systems to be chosen) Key, etc.
	Systems -	
	Demonstrations	
10/14/2008	Proof Systems –	Lecture Notes and web references
	Software Case Study	
10/16/2008	Mid-Term Exam –	
	CS378 Section	
10/22/2008	Proof Methods	Lecture Notes and web references
	Revisited	
10/24/2008	Automated Formal	Guest Lecture
	Proof Methods	
10/29/2008	Model Checking –	
	Case Studies	
10/31/2008	Specification and	Lecture notes and web materials
	Verification of Non-	
	functional Properties -	
	Performance and	
	Security	

11/04/2008	Process Algebras and	Lecture Notes and web references
	Process Calculi	
11/06/2008	Guest Lecture	
11/11/2008	Guest Lecture	
11/13/2008	Project Presentations	
11/18/2008	Project Presentations	
11/20/2008	Project Presentations	
11/25/2008	Project Presentations	
12/2/2008	Project Presentations	
12/4/2008	Project Presentations	