## CS361 Questions: Week 8

Type your answers and submit them on Canvas.

- 1. What is the difference between monoalphabetic and polyalphabetic substitution?
- 2. What is the key in a simple substitution cipher?
- 3. Why are there k! mappings from plaintext to ciphertext alphabets in simple substitution?
- 4. What is the key in the Caesar Cipher example?
- 5. What is the size of the keyspace in the Caesar Cipher example?
- 6. Is the Caesar Cipher algorithm strong?
- 7. What is the corresponding decryption algorithm to the Vigenere ciphertext example?
- 8. Why are there 17576 possible decryptions for the "xyy" first encoding on slide 35?
- 9. Why is the search space reduced by a factor of 27 on the second question?
- 10. Explain why the one-time pad offers perfect encryption.
- 11. Why is it important that the key in a one-time pad be random?
- 12. Why is it important that the key in a one-time pad not be reused?
- 13. Explain the key distribution problem.
- 14. What is a downside to using encryption by transposition?
- 15. How could a combination of ciphers be *weaker* than the individual ciphers alone?
- 16. Is a one-time pad a symmetric or asymmetric algorithm?
- 17. Describe the difference between key distribution and key management.
- 18. If someone obtains  $K_s$ , can that person decrypt S's encrypted messages? Explain?
- 19. Why do you suppose most modern symmetric encryption algorithms are block ciphers?
- 20. What is the significance of malleability?