

# CS341 Automata Theory

## Final Exam Review Sheet - Solutions

1. For each of the following languages, determine if the language is (I) regular, (II) context-free but not regular, (III) not context-free. Prove your answer.
  - (a)  $L = \{a^n b^{n+2} \mid n \geq 0\}$   
(II) CF, not regular  
CF:  $S \rightarrow aSb|bb$   
not regular: Apply pumping lemma to  $w = a^p b^{p+2}$  and pump either way.
  - (b)  $L = \{xay \mid x, y \in \{a, b\}^+\}$   
(I) This language contains all strings over  $\{a, b\}$  that have length of at least 3 and contain at least one a other than the first and last symbols.  $(a \cup b)^+ a (a \cup b)^+$
  - (c)  $L = \{0^n 1^{m+n} 2^{m+n} \mid m, n \geq 0\}$   
(III) not CF. Apply pumping lemma to  $w = 0^p 1^{2p} 2^{2p}$
2. Give both a CFG and a PDA for the following languages.
  - (a)  $L = \{a^k c^3 b^r \mid r > k\}$   
CFG:  $S \rightarrow aSb|B$   
 $B \rightarrow bB|bC$   
 $C \rightarrow ccc$
  - (b)  $L = \{w \in \{0, 1\}^* \mid w = w^R\}$
  - (c)  $L = \{w \in \{a, b\}^* \mid |w| \text{ is odd and the middle symbol of } w \text{ is a}\}$
3. Give a regular expression and a FA for the following languages.
  - (a)  $L = \{w \in \{0, 1\}^* \mid w \text{ begins with a 1 and ends with a 0}\}$
  - (b)  $L = \{w \in \{0, 1\}^* \mid w \text{ contains substrings 010 and 101}\}$
4. Give the state diagram of a recognizer for the following.
  - (a)  $L = \{a^i b^j c^k \mid i, j \geq 0, j > i\}$
  - (b)  $L = \{0^n 1^{2n+1} \mid n \geq 0\}$
5. Define a TM that computes the function  $f$  where  $f(x) = 2x + 1$ .
6. Prove that the decidable languages are closed under complement.
7. Prove that  $L = \{\langle M \rangle \mid M \text{ is a TM and } M \text{ accepts all strings of length less than 5 in 100 steps or less}\}$  is decidable.
8. Assuming only that  $A_{TM}$  is not decidable, prove that  $HALT_{TM}$  is not decidable.

9. Prove that  $\{ \langle M \rangle \mid M \text{ is a TM and if } M \text{ accepts any string } w, \text{ then } M \text{ also accepts } w^r \}$  is not decidable.
10. Prove the following languages are SD but not decidable:
- (a)  $L = \{ \langle M \rangle \mid M \text{ is a TM and } M \text{ accepts at least 2 strings} \}$
  - (b)  $L = \{ \langle M_1, M_2 \rangle \mid M_1, M_2 \text{ are TMs and } aa \in L(M_1) \cup L(M_2) \}$