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[/ gENERALI] TRACK 22
CREATED 11.57 2 11 1973
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[ 16.21 2 NOV 1973]

COMmENT:THIS FILE GENERALIZES THE TERM ABJUT TO bE PROVED by INDUCTION. WE GENERALITE ON THE COMMON SUBTERMS ON EITHER SIDE OF "EQUAL", "IMPLIES" AND "OR" STMTS.";

```
COMMENTPFIND ALL COMMON NON-ATOMIC NON-PRIMITIVE SUBTERMS OF TWO TERMS.`;
VARS T2 GENRLTLIST ATOMLIST;
FUNCTION COMSUBT1 T1;
VARS X;
IF ATOM(T1)
    THEN
    OCCUR(T1,T2);
    ELSE
        TL(T1)->X;
        IF (1; LOOPIF x/=NIL THEN LOGAVD(COMSUBT1(HD(x)));TL(X)->x;CLOSE;)
            THEN
            IF NOT(L.ISPPRIM(T1)) AND OCCUR(T1,T2)
                THEN
                IF NOT(MEMBERID(T1,GENRLTLIST))
                    THEN T1::GENRLTLIST->GENRLTLIST;CLOSE;
                1;EXIT;
            ClOSE;
        0;
        CLOSE;
END;
FUNCTION COMSUBTERMS T1.T2;
IF CONSCNT(T1)>CONSCNT(T2) THEN T1;T2->T1->T2;CLOSE;
ERASE(COMSUBT1(T1));
END;
COMMENT'FIND ALL COMMON SUBTERMS OCCURRING ACROSS EQS AND
IMPLIES AND ORS.`;
FUNCTION GENRLT1 TERM;
IF ATOM(TERM) THEN EXIT;
IF HD(TERM)="EQUAL"
    THEN
    COMSUBTERMS(HD(TL(TERM)),HD(TL(TL(TERM))));
ELSEIF HD(TERM)="IF"
    THEN
    IF ATOM(HD(TL(TERM))) 「HEN
    ELSEIF HD(TL(TL(TERM)))=T
        THEN
        APPLIST(TL(HD(TL(TERM))),
                LAMBDA TERM1;
```

END);
ELSEIF HD(TL(TL(TL(TERM))))=T
THEN
APPLIST(TL(HD(TL(TERM))),
LAMBDA TERM1;
COMSUBTERMS(TERM1,HD(TL(TL(TERM))));
END);
Close;
CLOSE;
APPLIST(TL(TERM), GENRLT1);
END;

FUNCTION GENRLTERMS;
VARS GENRLTLIST;
NIL->GENRLTLIST;
GENRLT1();
GENRLTLIST;
END;

COMMENT'THIS FUNCTION MAKES A VERBOSE REPORT ON THE PROGRESS
OF GENERALIZATION.';
FUNCTION GENREPORT;
If VERBOSE
THEN
POPTTON():
NL(2);
PRSEQAND (4,'GENERALIZE COMMON SUBTERMS BY REPLACING ', SUBSTLIST,LAMBDA P;PR(FRONT(P));PRSTRING(' BY ');PR(BACK(P));END);
NL(2);
pRSTRING('THE GENERALIZED TERM IS: );
NL(2);
PPR(TERM);
NL(2);
CLOSE;
END;
COMMENT'THIS IS THE TOP-LEVEL FUNCTION. IT GENERALIZES ITS
ARGUMENT AS DESCRIBED, AND THEN PRINTS
a verbose comment if needed. note that if the term generalized IS NUMERIC, A NUMERIC SKOLEM CONSTANT IS GENERATED FOR IT.';

FUNCTIUN GENERALIZE TERM;
VARS $X$ SUBSTLIST;
GENRLTERMS(TERM)->X;
IF X=NIL THEN TERM;EXIT;
MAPLIST(X,
LAMBDA TERM;
If NUMERIC(TERM) THEN "INTGR"; ELSE "XLIST";CLOSE;
GENSKO()->X;
CONSPAIR(TERM, X);
END)->SUBSTLIST;
IF SUBSTLIST=NIL THEN TERM;EXIT;
APPSUBST(SUBSTLIST,TERM)
$\rightarrow$ TERM;
(REPORT([\%"G",APPLIST(SUBSTLIST.BACK)\%],GENREPORT,"GENERALIZE"));

SUBSTLIST<<GENRLALIST->GENRLALIST;
TERM;
END:

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[/ FERTILIZ] TRACK 22
CREATED 11.56 2 11 1973
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FUNCTION FERTREPORT;
```

FUNCTION FERTREPORT;
IF VERHOSE
IF VERHOSE
THEN
THEN
POPTTON();
POPTTON();
NL(4);PRSTRING('FERTILIZE WITH ');PPRIVD(TERM1,15,1);
NL(4);PRSTRING('FERTILIZE WITH ');PPRIVD(TERM1,15,1);
PRSTRING('.');NL(2);
PRSTRING('.');NL(2);
CLOSE;
CLOSE;
END;

```
END;
```

    [ 16.222 NOV 1973\(]\)
    FUNCTION FERTILIZE TERM;
VARS TERM1 TERM2 TERM3 LHS1 RHS1;
IF SHD (TERM)/="IF" THEN 0;EXIT;
HD(TL(TERM)) - $>$ TERM1;
HD(TL(TL(TERM))) ->TERM2;
HD(TL(TL(TL(TERM))))->TERM3;
COMMENT'LOOK FOR TERMS OF THE FORM (IF (EQUAL LHS RHS) BOOL1 BOOL2)
WHERE BOOL2 IS NOT NIL. IF FOUND, FERTILIZE
LHS =RHS INTO BOOLI AND HIDE IT.';
IF SHD (TERM1) = "EQUAL" AND TERM3/=NIL
AND TERM3 AND BOOLEAN(TERM2) AND 3OOLEAN(TERM3)
THEN
HD(TL(TERM1)) $\rightarrow$ LHS1;
HD (TL(TL(TERM1))) $->$ RHS1;
IF ISSPEC(LHS1) OR ISSPEC(RHS1)
THEN GOTO NOFERT;CLOSE;
IF FERTIL1 (TERM2)
THEN
- TERM2;
IF FERTILIZE(TERM2) THEN $\rightarrow$ TERM2;CLOSE;
[\%"IF", TERM2,T,GENSTAR([\%"IF",TERM1,NIL,TERM3\%])\%]
- > TERM2;
REPORT([\%"F",STARCOUNT\%],FERTREPORT, "FERTILIZE");
IF FERTILIZE(TERM3) THEN $\rightarrow$ TERM3;CLOSE;
IF TERM3 = T
THFN TERM2;
ELSE
[\%"IF", TERM2.
[\%"IF", TERM3,
T,
TERM1\%].
NIL\%];
CLOSE;
1;
EXIT;
CLOSE;

NOFFRT:
$0-$ TERM1;
[\%"IF", APPLIST(TL(TERM),
( IF TERM1 THEN ELSE ERASE(ERASE(),ERASE(),ERASE(),ERASE()); 0;EXIT)\%];
1; END;

FUNCTION FERTILI TERM;
VARS LHS2 RHS2;
IF ATOM(TERM) THEN 0;EXIT;
IF HD(TERM)="EQUAL"
THEN
HD(TL(TERM))->LHS2;
HD(TL(TL(TERM)))->RHS2;
COMMENT'NOW LOOK FOR (THE BEST) CROSS FERTILIZATION:;
IF OCCUR(RHS1,RHS2)
THEN
IF OCCUR(LHS1,LHS2)
THEN
IF CONSCNT(RHS1)<CONSCNT(LHS1)
THEN SUBST(RHS1,LHS1,LHS2)->LHS2;
ELSE SUBST(LHS1,RHS1,RHS2)->RHS2;CLOSE;
ELSE SUBST(LHS1,RHS1,RHS2)->RHS2;CLOSE;
ELSE
IF OCCUR(LHS1,LHS2)
THEN SUBST(RHS1,LHS1,LHS2)->LHS2;
ELSE GOTO MASSSUBST; EXIT;
Close;
[\%"EQUAL",LHS2,RHS2\%];
1;
EXIT;
COMMENT'IF TERM IS AN IF, LOOK FOR ITS "CORE" AND FERTILIZE IT:; IF HD(TERM) ="IF" THEN
COMMENT' (IF $X$ CORE $T$ ) $\Rightarrow$ (IF X FERT(CORE) T), PROVIDED $X$ DOES NOT CONTAIN LHS1 OR RHS1.';

IF HD(TL(TL(TL(TERM))))=T
THEN
IF OCCUR(LHS1,HD(TL(TERM))) THEN GOTO CHKRHSOCC; ELSEIF OCCUR(RHS1,HD(TL(TERY))) THEN GOTO SUBSTLR; ELSEIF FERTIL1(HD(TL(TL(TERM))))

THEN
->F001;
[\%"IF", HD(TL(TERM)),F001,T\%];
1;
EXIT;
COMMENT'(IF COKE $T(* N)) \Rightarrow(I F \operatorname{FERT}(C O R E) T(* N)) \cdot ;$
ELSEIF HD(TL(TL(TERM)))=T AND SHD(HD(TL(TL(TL(TERM)))))="*"
THEN
IF FERTIL1(HD(TL(TERM)))
THEN
->F001;
[\%"IF",F001,T,HD(TL(TL(TL(TERM))))\%];
1;
EXIT;
CLOSE;
COMMENT'IF NOT OF EITHER OF THE ABOVE FORMS, FALL THROUGH TO MASSIVE SUBSTITUTION.•;

CLOSE;

```
COMMENT'IF CROSS FERTILIZATION NOT POSSIBLE, TRY MASSIVE
SUBSTITUTION:;
MASSSUBST:
IF OCCUR(LHS1,TERM)
    THEN
    CHKRHSOCC:
    IF OCCUR(RHS1,TERM)
        THEN
        IF CONSCNT(RHS1)<CONSCNT(LHS1)
            THEN SUBST(RHS1,LHS1,TERM);
            ELSE SUBST(LHS1,RHS1,TERM); CLOSE;
            ELSE SUBST(RHS1;LHS1,TERM); CLOSE;
ELSEIF OCCUR(RHS1,TERM)
    THEN
    SUBSTLR:SUBST(LHS1,RHS1,TERM);
    ELSE 0;EXIT;
1;
END;
```

```
COMMENT'THIS IS THE NORMALIZE FUNCTION. IN-LINE,COMMENTS EXPLAIN
THE REWRITE RULES APPLIED.`;
VARS REWRITEFN;
IDENTFN->REWRITEFN;
FUNCTION REWRITE TERM;
VARS TERM1 TERM2 TERM3;
COMMENT'IF TERM IS AN EQUALITY`;
IF HD(TERM)="EQUAL" THEN
    HD(TL(TERM))->TERM1;
    HD(TL(TL(TERM)))->TERM2;
COMMENT'(EQUAL KNOWN1 KNOWN2) => T OR NIL`;
    IF TERM1==TERM2 THEN T;EXIT;
    If NOTIDENT thEN NIL;EXIT;
COMMENT'(EQUAL BOOL T) => BOOL`;
    IF TERM1 = T AND BOOLEAN(TERM2) THEN TERY2 EXIT;
    IF TERM2=T AND BOOLEAN(TERM1) THEN TERM1 EXIT;
COMMENT'(EQUAL (EQUAL A B) C) =>
                            (IF (EQUAL A B) (EQUAL C T) (IF C NIL T))`;
    IF SHD(TERM1)="EQUAL" OR SHD(TERM2)="EQUAL" AND (SWAP;1)
        THEN
        [%"IF",TERM1,
            REWRITE([%"EQUAL",TERM2,T%]),
            REWRITE([%"IF",TERM2,NIL,T%])%]->TERM;
        GOTO CONDL;
        ClOSE;
COMMENT'(EQUAL X NIL) => (IF X NIL T)`;
    IF TERM1==NIL OR TERM2==NIL AND (SWAP;1)
        THEN
        [%"IF",TERM2,NIL,T%]->TERM;
        GOTO CONDL;
        ClOSE;
COMMENT'gO SEE IF ONE ARG IS A IF';
    GOTO CONDARG;
```

COMMENT'TERM IS A IF';
ELSEIF HD(TERM)="IF" THEN
CONDL:
TL(TERM)->TERM3;

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    HD(TERM3)-> TERM1;
    TL(TERM3)->TERM3;
    HD(TERM3)->TERM2;
    HD(TL(TERM3)) - TERM3;
COMMENT'(IF KNOWN X Y) }=>\mathrm{ ( X OR Y';
    IF TERM1==NIL THEN TERM3;EXIT;
    IF NOTIDENT THEN TERM2;EXIT;
COMMENT'(IF X Y Y) => Y';
    IF TERM2==TERM3 THEN TERM2;EXIT;
COMMENT'(IF X X NIL) => X';
    IF TERM1==TERM2 AND TERM3==NIL THEN TERM1;EXIT;
COMMENT'(IF BOOL T NIL) => BOOL`;
    IF BOOLEAN(TERM1) AND TERM2=T AND TERM3==NIL
        THEN TERM1;EXIT;
COMMENT'(IF X T (IF Y NIL T)) => (IF Y (IF.X T NIL) T)`;
    IF TERM2=T AND SHD(TERM3)="IF" AND
        HD(TL(TL(TERM3)))==NIL AND HD(TL(TL(TL(TERM3))))=T
        THEN
        IF BOOLEAN(TERM1)
            THEN TERM1;
            ELSE [%"IF",TERM1,T,NIL%]CLOSE;
        -> TERM2;
        HD(TL(TERM3))-> TERM1;
        T->TERM3;
        [%"IF",TERM1,TERM2,TERM3%]->TERM;
        CLOSE;
COMMENT'IF TERM1 IS AN IF, DECIDE IF IT SHOULD BE
DISTRIBUTED.`;
    IF SHD(TERM1)="IF" THEN
COMMENT'(IF (IF A T2 T3) B C) => (IF A (IF:T2 B C)
    (IF T3 B C)) WHERE T2 OR T3 ISNIL`;
    IF HD(TL(TL(TERM1)))==NIL OR HD(TL(TL(TL(TERM1))))==NIL
        THEN
        GOTO CONDCOND;
        CLOSE;
COMMENT'(IF (IF A T (*N)) T (*M)) => (IFA T (*NM))';
    IF TERM2=T AND SHD(TERM3)="*"AND HD(TL(TL(TERM1)))=T
        AND SHD(HD(TL(TL(TL(TERM1)))))="*"
        THFN
        [%"IF",HD(TL(TERM1)),T,"*::(TL(HD(TL(TL(TL(TERM1)))))
                        <>TL(TERM3))%];
        EXIT;
COMMENT'(IF (IF A B C) D E) => (IF A (IF B C E) (IF C D E))
    WHERE D AND E ARE NOT NIL OR D AND E ARE T AND NIL`;
    IF TERM2==NIL AND TERM3/=T THEN GOTO SKIP:
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```
ELSEIF TERM3==NIL AND TERM2/=T THEN GOTO SKIP;CLOSE;
CONDCOND:
IF SHD(TERM2)="*" OR SHD(TERM3)="*" THEN GOTO SKIP;CLOSE;
REWRITE([%"IF",HD(TL(TL(TERM1))),TERM2,TERM3%]);
REWRITE([%"[F",HD(TL(TL(TL(TERM1)))),TERM2,TERM3%]);
->TERM3-> TERM2;
[%"IF",HD(TL(TERM1)),TERM2,TERM3%]->TERM;
GOTO CONDL:
SKIP:
CloSE;
COM\ENT'TERM IS A NON-IF, NDN-EQ FUNCTION CALL`;
    ELSE
COMMENT'(FOO X (IF A B C) Y) }
(IF A (FOO X B Y) (FOOX C Y));;
    CONOARG:
    TL(TERM)->TERM1;
    I.OOPIF TERM1/=NIL AND SHD(HD(TERM1))/="IF"
        THEN
        TL(TERM1)->TERM1;
        ClOSE;
    IF TERM1/=NIL
        THEN
        HD(TERM1)->TERM1;
        [%"IF",HD(TL(TERM1)),REWRITE(SUBST(HD(TL(TL(TERM1))),TERM1,
                            TERM)),REWRITE(SUBST(HD(TL(TL(TL(TERM1)
))), TERM1,TERM))%]
    - TERM;
    GOTO CONDL;
        ClOSE;
    CLOSE;
REWRITEFN();
TERM
END
FUNCTION NORMALIZE TERM;
IF ATOM(TERM) THEN TERM EXIT;
REWRITE(HD(TERM)::MAPLIST(TL(TERM),NORMALIZE));
END
```

VARS SLASH9 SLASH22 SLASH36;
[[/PRROPS][/GEN][/APPFILE][PPR][/GENSYM][/METAGEN][/INPUT][/TYPE]
[/MACCONS][/EVAL]]
->SLASH9;
[[/REWRITE][/REDUCE][/FERTILIZE][/GENERALIZE][/INDUCT1][/INDUCT2]]
->SLASH22;
[[/VERBOSE][/PROVE]]->SLASH36;
DTRACK(9):
APPLIST(SLASH9,DCOMP);
DTRACK(22);
APPI_IST(SLASH22,DCOMP);
DTRACK(36);
APPLIST(SLASH36,DCOMP);
APPFILE([/DEFS],DEFINE);

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[/ REDUCE] TRACK 22
CREATED 16.34 1111973
COMMENT,THIS IS THE REDUCE FUNCTION. IN-LINE COMMENTS EXPLAIN
THE REWRITE RULES APPLIED.`;
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[ 16.22 2 NOV 1973]

```
VARS REDUCE;
```

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FUNCTION REDUCE1 TERM CONSLIST;
VARS TERM1 TERM2 TERM3;
RECURSE:
COMMENT'IF TERM IS ATOM OR NON-IF, QUIT`;
IF ATOM(TERM) OR HD(TERM)/="IF"
    THEN
    TERM;
    EXIT;
```

COMMENT'GET COMPONENTS OF THE IF:;
HD(TL(TERM))->TERM1;
HD(TL(TL(TERM)))->TERM2;
HD(TL(TL(TL(TERM))))->TERM3;
COMMENT'IF TERM1 IS NIL OR CONS, EVAL IT:;
IF TERM1==NIL
THEN
TERM3-> TERM;
guto recurse;
ELSEIF EXPLCONS(TERM1) OR MEMBERID(TERM1,CONSLIST)
THEN
TERM2->TERM;
GOTO RECURSE;
close;
COMMENT'(IF ATOM A B) $\Rightarrow$ (IF ATOM R(A(ATOM/CONS)) R(B(ATOM/NIL)))';
IF ATOM(TERM1)
THEN
GOTO SUBSTCONS;
CLOSE;
COMMENT' (IF (EQUAL A SPECLIST) B C) $\Rightarrow$ (IF (EQUAL A SPECLIST)
R(B(A/SPECLIST))
$R(C((E Q U A L ~ A ~ S P E C L I S T) / N I L))){ }^{\prime} ;$
IF $H D(T E R M 1)=" E Q U A L "$
THEN
IF ISSPEC(HD(TL(TERM1)))
THEN SUBST(HD(TL(TERM1)), HD(TL(TL(TERM1))), TERM2)->TERM2;
ELSEIF ISSPEC(HD(TL(TL(TERM1))))
THEN SUBST(HD(TL(TL(TERM1))),HD(TL(TERM1)),TERM2)->TERM2;
ELSE GOTO SUBSTTRUE;CLOSE;
GOTO ASSEMBOOL;
CLOSE;
COMMENT'(IF (IF ....) A B) $\Rightarrow$ (IF R(IF) R(A) R(B))';
IF HD(TERM1)="IF"
THEN

```
REDUCE1(TERM1,CONSLIST)->TERM1;
REDUCE1(TERM2,CONSLIST)->TERM2;
REDUCE1(TERM3,CONSLIST)->TERM3;
IF TERM3==NIL THEN GOTO CONTINUE;CLOSE;
[%"IF",TERM1,TERM2,TERM3%];
EXIT;
```


## CONTINUE:

```
COMMENT'(IF BOOL A B) \(\Rightarrow\) (IF BOOL R(A(BOOL/T)) R(B(BOOL/NIL)))';
IF BOOLEAN(TERM1)
THEN
SUBSTTRUE:
SUBST(T,TERM1,TERM2) -> TERM2;
ASSEMBOOL:
「\%"IF", TERM1,
REDUCE1 (TERM2, CONSLIST),
REDUCE1(SUBST (NIL,TERM1, TERM3), CONSLIST) \%];
EXIT;
COMMENT'(IF RANDOM A B) \(\Rightarrow\) (IF RANDOM R(A(RANDOM/CONS))
R(B(RANDOM/NIL)))';
SUBSTCONS:
[\%"IF", TERM1,REDUCE1(TERM2,TERM1: :CONSLIST), REDUCE1(SUBST(NIL,TERM1,TERM3), CONSLIST)\%];
END;
REDUCE1 (\%NIL\%) - >REDUCE;
```

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[/ INDUCT1] TRACK 22
CREATED 16.33 1111973
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[ 16.23 2 NOV 1973]
COMment. this file contains the functions which choose which
CONSTANTS TO INDUCT UPON.';
NIL->INDLIST;
function inductable term;
VARS X;
LOOPIF ISLINK(TERM)
then
HD (TERM)->X;
IF $\mathrm{X} /=" C D R "$ AND $\mathrm{X} /=" C A R "$
THEN O;EXIT;
HD(TL(TERM))->TERM;
CLOSE;
TERM;
1;
END;
FUNCTION GETARG TERM;
LOOPIF ISLINK(TERM) THEN HD(TL(TERM))->TERM;CLOSE;
IERM;
END;
COMMENT'THE FOLLOWING THREE FUNCTIONS ARE USED TO SWEEP
THROUGH THE EXPANDED FUNCTION DEFNS SET UP BY SYMEVAL
AND COLLECT INFORMATION ON HOW THEY BOMBED. IN PARTICULAR.
FAULT DESCRIPTIONS ARE BUILT, WHICH ARE LISTS CONTAINING TWO
SUBI.ISTS: THE FIRST IS A LIST OF THE DESTRUCTORS APPLIED
in the recursive calls, and the second is a list of. all
OTHER DESTRUCTORS APPLIED.';
FUNCTION INDUCTSWEEP;
[\%APPLIST(TOPLEXP,
LAMBDA $X$;
VARS BOMBLIST OTHERFAILS HDTERM;
NIL->BOMBLIST;
NIL->OTHERFAILS;
HD (HD (X))->HDTERM;
INDSW1(HD(TL(X)));
IF BOMBLIST/=NIL THEN [\%BOMBLIST,OTHERFAILS\%];CLOSE;
END) \%];
END;
FUNCTION INDSWI TERMI;
IF ATOM(TERM1) THEN EXIT;
IF ISINTER(TERM1)
THEN
TERM1: : OTHERFAILS $->$ OTHERFAILS;
ELSEIF HD(TERM1)=HDTERM
THEN
「\%APPLIST(TL(TERM1),LAMBDA TERM2; IF ISINTER(TERM2) THEN TERM2;
CLOSE;END)\%]->F001;
IF F001/=NIL THEN F001:: BOMBLIST->BOMBLIST;CLOSE
EXIT;

```
APPLIST(TL(TERM1),INDSW1);
ENO;
FUNCTION ISINTER TERM;
IF ATOM(TERM) THEN O;EXIT;
HD(TERM)->TERM;
IF TERM="CDR"
    THEN 1; ELSE TERM="CAR";CLOSE;
END;
COMMENT'THE FOLLOWING FUNCTION TRANSFORMS FAULT DESCRIPTIONS
INTO FOUR TUPLES TO MAKE IT EASIER TO SORT THROUGH THEM
TO FIND WHAT TO INDUCT UPON. IT THROWS OUT ANY REQUIRING
INDUCTION ON NON SKOLEM CONSTANTS.';
FUNCTION TRANSFAULT FAULTDESC;
VARS ARGLIST X;
NIL->ARGLIST;
XAPPLIST(HD(FAULTDESC),
    LAMBDA POCKET;
    XAPPLIST(POCKET,
                LAMBDA TERM;
                IF INDUCTABLE(TERM) THEV
                            ->X;
                            IF MEMBER(X,ARGLIST) THEN ELSE X::ARGLIST->ARGLIST;CLOSE;
                ELSE 1->XAPPFLAG;CLOSE;
                    END);
        END);
IF XAPPFLAG THEN EXIT;
[%1,ARGLIST,HD(FAULTDESC),
    [%APPLIST(HD(TL(FAULTDESC)),LAMBDA TERM;
                                    IF INDUCTABLE(TERM) AND MEMBER((),ARGLIST) THEN TE
RM;CLOSE;
    END)%]%];
END;
COMMENT'(THE FIRST COMPONENT ABOVE WILL BE USED TO SCORE
THE CANDIDATES)`;
FUNCTION GETCANDS FAULTLIST;
[%APPLIST(FAULTLIST,TRANSFAULT)%];
END;
FUNCTION MERGECANDS CANDLIST;
VARS CAND1;
CANDLIST;
LOOPIF TL(CANDLIST)/=NIL
    THEN
    HD(CANDLIST) - >CAND1;
    TL(CANDLIST) - CCANDLIST;
    XAPPLIST(CANDLIST,
                            LAMBDA CAND2;
                            IF INTSECTP(HD(TL(CAND1)),HD(TL(CAND2)),NONOP=)
                THEN
                1->XAPPFLAG;
                UNION(HD(TL(CAND1)),HD(TL(CAND2)),NONOP=) - >HD(TL(CAND2));
                UNION(HD(TL(TL(CAND1))),HD(TL(TL(CAND2))),EQUAL)->HD(TL(TL(CAND2)
));
                UNION(HD(TL(TL(TL(CAND1)))),HD(TL(TL(TL(CAND2)))),EQUAL) - )
                HD(TL(TL(TL(CAND2))));
                HD(CAND2) + HD(CAND1) - > HD(CAND2);
```

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            0->HD(CAND1);
            CLOSE;
                END);
```

    Close;
    END;
FUNCTION CHOOSEHIGH CANDLIST;
VARS HIGH ANS;
-10000->HIGH;
IF TL(CANDLIST)=NIL THEN CANDLIST;EXIT;
LOOPIF CANDLIST/=NIL
THEN
IF $H D(H D(C A N D L I S T))>H I G H$ AND $H D(H D(C A N D L I S T))$
THEN
HD(HD(CANDLIST))->HIGH;
HD(CANDLIST)::NIL->ANS;
ELSEIF $H D(H D(C A N D L I S T))=H I G H$
THEN
HD(CANDLIST): :ANS->ANS;
CLOSE;
TL(CANDLIST)->CANDLIST;
CLOSE;
ANS;
END;
FUNCTION CHOOSENEW CANDLIST;
APPLIST(CANDLIST.
LAMBDA CAND;
$1->H D(C A N D) ;$
APPLIST(HD(TL(CAND)),
LAMBDA TERM;
IF NOT(MEMBER(TERM, INDLIST))
THEN $1+H D(C A N D)->H D(C A N D) ;$
CLOSE;
END);
END);
CHOOSEHIGH(CANDLIST);
END;
COMMENT'THE FUNCTION BELOW MERGES ALL RECJRSIVE POCKETS WHICH
HAVE NON-NIL INTERSECTIONS.';
FUNCTION MERGEPOCKETS POCKETLIST;
IF POCKETLIST=NIL THEN NIL;
ELSE ADDPOCKET(HD(POCKETLIST), MERGEPOCKETS(TL(POCKETLIST))); GLOSE;
END;
FUNCTION ADDPOCKET POC POCLIST;
IF POCLIST=NIL THEN [\%POC\%];
ELSEIF INTSECTP(POC,HD(POCLIST), EQUAL)
THEN UNION(POC,HD(POCLIST), EQUAL): :TL(POCLIST);
ELSE HD(POCLIST)::ADDPOCKET(POC,TL(POCLIST));CLOSE;
END;

```
TERMS OCCUR AS SUBTERMS IN ANY TERM IN THE OTHER.`;
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FUNCTION SUBSUMED POCKET1 POCKET2;
VARS TERM1;
LOOPIF POCKET1/=NIL
THEN
HD(POCKET1)->TERM1;
IF (XAPPLIST(POCKET2,
LAMBDA TERM2; OCCUR(TERM1,TERM2)->XAPPFLAG;END); XAPPFLAG)
THEN: ELSE O;EXIT;
TL(POCKET1)->POCKET1;
CLOSE;
1;
END;
COMMENT'THIS FUNCTION TRANSFORMS A LIST OF POCKETS INTO
A LIST OF POCKETS THAT IS SUBSUMPTION FREE.•:
FUNCTIUN SUBSUME POCLIST;
[\%APPLIST(POCLIST,
LAMBDA POCKET1;
XAPPLIST(POCLIST,
LAMBDA POCKET2;
IF POCKET1=POCKET2 THEV EXIT;
SUBSUMED(POCKET1,POCKET2)->XAPPFLAG;
END);
If XAPPFLAG THEN ELSE POCKET1;CloSe;
END) \%];
END;
COMmENT'THE FOLLOWING SUBSTITUTION IS USED TO REPLACE
CAR, AND CDRS OCCURING EXPLICITLY IN THE
THEOREM BY DUMMY SYMBOLS TO AVOID CONFUSIVG THEM WITH
recursive ones in the expanded fn defns.';
[\%CONSPAIR("CDR","DUMMYCDR"),
CONSPAIR("CAR","DUMMYCAR")\%]
$\rightarrow$ DUMMYSUBST;
FUNCTION PICKINDCONSTS INDTERM;
VARS CANDLIST;
1->ININDUCT;
ERASE(SYMEVAL(APPSUBST(DUMMYSUBST,INDTERM)));
O->ININDUCT;
GETCANDS(INDUCTSWEEP())->CANDLIST;
IF CANULIST=NIL THEN 0;EXIT;
MERGECANDS(CANDLIST)->CANDLIST;
CHOOSEHIGH(CANDLIST)->CANDLIST;
IF TL(CANDLIST)/=NIL
THEN
CHOOSENEW(CANDLIST)->CANDLIST;
CLOSE;
HD(CANDLIST)->CANDLIST;
HD(TL(TL(TL(CANDLIST))));
SUBSUME(MERGEPOCKETS(HD(TL(TL(CANDLIST))))):
HD(TL(CANDLIST));
1;
END;
[ 16.23 2 NOV 1973]

COMment'this is the file which covstructs the induction FORMULA and links the induction pkg with the rest of the THEOREM PROVER.';

COMMENT'THE FOLLOWING FUNCTION IS USED TO PROCESS THE POCKET LIST and fallures list returned by pICkindconst, before the INDUCTION FORMULA IS ACTUALLY CONSTRUCTED.THIS FUNCTION CREATES ALISTS OF THE FORM:
(INDUCTION CONSTANT , LIST OF DESTRUCTORS APPLIED). IT RETURNS TWO SUCH ALISTS, ONE CORRESPONDING TO JUST the recursive destructions, and the other to both RECURSIVE AND NON-RECURSIVE ONES.';

FUNCTION GENDRALISTS RECPOCKETS FAILURES;
VARS $F X Y$ DESTALIST L1 L2;
NIL->DESTALIST;
LAMBDA L1;
APPLIST(L1,
LAMBDA TERM;
GETARG(TERM)->X;
IF ASSOC(X,DESTALIST)
THEN
$\rightarrow Y$;
IF MEMBEREQUAL (TERM,BACK(Y))
THEN ELSE TERM: : BACK $(Y)$ - $>B A C K(Y)$;CLOSE;
ELSE CONSPAIR(X,[\%TERM\%])::DESTALIST $\rightarrow$ DESTALIST;CLOSE;
END);
END->F;
APPLIST(RECPOCKETS,F);
COPYLIST(DESTALIST);
APPLIST(FAILURES: :NIL,F);
DESTALIST;
END;
COMMENT'(USE OF MEMBEREQUAL RATHER THAN MEMBERID IS OK HERE SINCE TERM IS JUST A COLLECTION OF CARS AND CDRS
APPI.IED TO A SKOCONSTS, AND HENCE IS IDENT IFF EQUAL.)';

COMMENTIIMPORTANT NOTE: THIS INDUCTION ROUTINE KNOWS ABOUT
numbers. the following is assumed: the eval routine knows that the car of a numeric skolem constant is nil.
this guarantees that no "Car" terms will occur in the LIST OF DESTRUCTORS OF A NUMERIC SKOLEM CONSTANT TO BE INDUCTED UPON.';
COMMENT'THE FOLLOWING ROUTINES KNOW ABOUT NUMBERS:
STEPFOR (GENERATES A NEST OF ADD1S AS DEEP AS THE
DEEPEST CDR NEST AROUND A NUMERIC SKO CONST),
basesfor (GENERATES A LIST OF THE NUMBERS
beTween 0 and $N$ INSTEAD of the CORRESPONDING CONSES, AND GETCOMP (WHICH IS USED RATHER THAN EVAI BECAUSE OF THE PRESENCE OF "ADD1"S IV THE CONCLUSION). AS OF THIS WRITING, NO OTHER ROUTINES ARE AFFECTED (INFECTED).';

```
COMMENT'NOW ON TO INDUCTION. THE FIRST SET OF FUNCTIONS
IS CONCERNED WITH GROWING THE LEAST STRUCTURED TERM
AILOWING EACH DESTRUCTOR COMBINATION TO FJLLY OPERATE ON IT.
FOLLOWING THIS IS A SET OF FUNCTIONS WHICH CONSTRUCT ALL OF
THE baSES that muSt be Allowed, GIVEN THE TERM GROWN ABOVE.`;
FUNCTION GROW TERM;
VARS Y;
IF ATOM(TERM) THEN MUNG;EXIT;
GROW(HD(TL(TERM)))->Y;
IF HD(TERM)="CAR"
    THEN
    IF HD(Y)="CONS"
        THEN IF ATOM(HD(TL(Y))) THEN TL(Y); ELSE HD(TL(Y));CLOSE;
        ELSE
        [%"CONS",GENSKO(CONST),HD(Y)%]->HD(Y);
        TL(HD(Y));
        ClOSE;
    ELSE
    IF HD(Y)="CONS"
        THEN IF ATOM(HD(TL(TL(Y)))) THEN TL(TL(Y)); ELSE HD(TL(TL(Y)));CLOSE;
        ELSE
        [%"CONS",GENSKO(CONST),HD(Y)%]->HD(Y);
        TL(TL(HD(Y)));
        CLOSE;
    ClOSE;
END;
COMmENT,THIS FUNCTION TAKES A SkOLEM CONSTANT AND A LIST
OF DESTRUCTORS APPLIED TO IT, AND CONSTRUCTS THE LEAST
STRUCTURED TERM ALLOWING EACH DESTRUCTOR TO OPERATE.`;
[%CONSPAIR("CDR","ADD1")%]->CDRTOADD1;
FUNCTION STEPFOR CONST TERMLIST;
VARS TERM X;
IF NUMSKO(CONST)
    THEN
    HD(TERMLIST)->TERM;
    CONSCNT(TERM)->X;
    LOOPIF (TL(TERMLIST)-> TERMLIST;TERMLIST/=NIL)
        THEN
        IF CONSCNT(HD(TERMLIST))>X
            THEN HD(TERMLIST)->TERM;CONSCNT(TERM)->X;CLOSE;
        Close;
    APPSUBST(CDRTOADD1,TERY);
    EXIT;
[%"CONS",GENSKO(CONST),CONST%]->SEED;
LOOPIF TERMLIST/=NIL
    THEN
    SEED->MUNG;
    ERASE(GROW(HD(TERMLIST)));
    TL(TERMLIST)->TERMLIST;
    ClOSE;
SEED;
END;
```

```
COMMENT'THIS FUNCTION RETURNS A LIST OF ALL THOSE
TERMS "LESS THAN" THE GIVEN TERM, BY REPLACING
ALL POSSIBLE COMBINATIONS OF SUB-CONSES BY NILS.
IT IS USED BY BASESFOR TO CONSTRUCT THE BASES FOR
A GIVEN CONSTANT TO BE INDUCTED UPON.`;
FUNCTION SMALLER TERM;
IF ATOM(TERM) THEN NIL;EXIT;
NIL::TL([%APPLIST(HD(TL(TERM))::SMALLER(HO(TL(TERM))),
LAMBDA ARG1;
APPLIST(HD(TL(TL(TERM)))::SMALLER(HD(TL(TL(TERM)))),
                                    LAMBDA ARG2;
                                    [%"CONS",ARG1,ARG2%];
    END);
END)%]);
END;
```

FUNCTIUN BASESFOR CONST TERM;
IF NUMSKO(CONST)
THEN
0->F001;
[\% LOOPIF ISLINK(TERM)
THEN F001;F001 + 1->F001;HD(TL(TERM))->TERM;CLOSE\%];
EXIT;
SMALLER(TERM);
END;

```
COMMENT'THE FUNCTION BELOW CONJOINS A LIST OF THINGS`;
```

FUNCTION CONJOIN L:
IF $T L(L)=N I L T H E N$ HD(L):
ELSE [\%"AND", HD(L), CONJOIN(TL(L)) \%];CLOSE;
END;
COMMENT" "GETCOMP" BEHAVES JUST LIKE EVAL, FOR A NEST OF
CARS AND CDRS APPLIED TO A SKOLEM CONSTANT. WHERE THE
CONSTANT IS BOUND ON AN ALIST CALLED THE STEPALIST.
IT IS USED TO DETERMINE THE SUBSTRUCTURE OF THE "STEP"
FOR WHICH A HYPOTHESIS WILL BE SUPPLIED. THE REASON
EVAL IS NOT USED IS THAT, FOR I/O PURPOSES, SOME
STEPS MIGHT BE WITH ADD1 TERMS RATHER THAN [CONS NIL ..]
and they would have to be fully evald first.";
FUNCTION GETCOMP TERM;
IF ATOM(TERM)
THEN TERM;BACK (ERASE (ASSOC (TERM,STEPALIST))); EXIT;
GETCOMP (HD (TL (TERM))) ->FOO1;
IF HD (TERM) ="CAR" OR HD (F001)="ADD1"
THEN HD (TL(F001));
ELSE HD(TL(TL(FOO1))); CLOSE;
END;

```
FORMULA. FIRST IT SETS UP THE STEPALIST, A LIST OF THE
THINGS INDUCTED UPON, PAIRED WITH THE TERy TO REPLACE THEM
In the conclusion. thIS TERM IS the least structured term
WHICH ALLOWS ALL THE DESTRUCTORS TO FULLY OPERATE ON IT,
THEN IT SETS UP THE HYPALISTLIST, WHICH IS A LIST OF ALISTS;
EACH ALIST PAIRS A CONST TO BE INDUCTED UPON WITH WHAT IT
IS TO BE REPLACED BY IN THE HYPOTHESIS. THIS IS GENERATED
BY aPPLYING THE RECURSIVE DESTRUCTORS TO THE LEAST
STRUCTURED TERM DESCRIBED ABOVE. THERE IS SUCH AN ALIST FOR
EACH RECURSIVE POCKET.`;
COMMENT,NEXT, IT SETS UP THE BASES LIST,
WHICH IS THE LIST OF ALL THE bASES TO bE ESTABLISHED. THESE
are just the theorem ivStantiated to all the terms
SMALLER THAN THE ONE IN THE CONCLUSION, FOR EACH INDUCTION CONST.
FINALLY, IT SETS UP THE HYPLIST, WHICH IS A LIST OF
ALL THE HYPOTHESES, ONE FOR EACH ALIST ON THE HYPALISTLIST;`;
COMMENTONCE ALL THIS IS DONE, IT CONSTRUCTS THE FORMULA IN
THE OBVIOUS WAY.';
FUNGTION INDFORMULA RECPOCKETS DESTALIST INDTERM;
VARS ALIST;
[%APPLIST(DESTALIST,
    LAMBDA X;
    CONSPAIR(FRONT(X),STEPFOR(FRONT(X),BACK(X)));END)%];
->STEPALIST;
[%APPLIST(RECPOCKETS,
    LAMBDA POCKET;
    [%APPLIST(POCKET,
                                    LAMBDA TERM;
                                    CONSPAIR(GETCOMP(TERM));
                                    END)%]
    END)%]
->HYPALISTLIST;
[%APPLIST(STEPALIST,
    LAMBDA X;
    FRONT(X)->CONST;
    APPLIST(BASESFOR(CONST,BACK(X)),
            LAMBDA TERM;SUBST(TERM,CONST,INDTERM);END);
    END)%]
->BASES;
[%APPLIST(HYPALISTLIST,
    LAMBDA ALIST;
    APPSUBST(ALIST,INDTERM);
    END)%]
->HYPLIST;
[%"AND",CONJOIN(BASES),
    [%"IMPLIES",CONJOIN(HYPLIST),
            APPSUBST(STEPALIST,INDTERM)%]%];
END;
FUNCTION INDREPORT;
IF VERBOSE
    THEN
    POPTTON();
    PRSEQAND(4,'INDUCT ON `,INDCONSTS,PR);
```

CLOSE;

## END;

FUNCTION INDUCT INDTERM;
IF NOT(PICKINDCONSTS(INDTERM)) THEN 0;EXIT;
->INDCONSTS;
$\rightarrow$ RECPOCKETS;
->OTHERFAILS;
GENDRALISTS(RECPOCKETS,OTHERFAILS)->DESTALIST->RECALIST;
INDCONSTSく>INDLIST->INDLIST;
INDFORMULA(RECPOCKETS, DESTALIST, INDTERM);
REPORT("I": : INDCONSTS, INDREPORT,"INDUCT");
1;
END;

