CS311H

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• Suppose that the votes of *n* people for several (more than 2) candidates for a particular office are the elements of a sequence. To win, a candidate must receive a majority (more than half) of the votes. Devise a divide-and-conquer algorithm that determines whether a candidate received a majority and if so determine who this candidate is. (must use constant, i.e. O(1), memory) What is its Big-O runtime?



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Are there any questions?





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- More Big-O practice on last slides of this slide deck



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- Would it help to do a ternary or quaternary search?



Multi-person Elections

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 - Hint: If you split the sequence in half (or off by one), note that a candidate could not have an overall majority without receiving a majority of votes in at least one of the 2 halves.



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Solution: Randomly select a nut and traverse all bolts to find its match. Meanwhile, partition all bolts into two sets. One contains all bolts smaller than this nut and the other contains all bolts larger than this nut. Then after finding the matched bolt, use this bolt to do same partition for all nuts. These two partitions can be done in 2n comparisons. Then we need to deal with two sets, each of size $\frac{n}{2}$ (on average). Thus we get the recurrence relation below:

$$T(n) = 2T(\frac{n}{2}) + 2n$$

By Master Theorem, we have $T(n) = O(n \log n)$.



• Let a be any positive number. Show that $a^n = O(n!)$.

