

CS311H

Discrete Math for CS: Honors

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Good Morning, Colleagues



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Are there any questions?

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- How do we write “There exists one and only one” (and its negation)?

Logistics

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Some important concepts

- Multiple ways of converting the same English sentence to logic
- s.t. = “such that”
- Dogs and collars problem

Translate these statements into English:

1. $\forall x[(H(x) \wedge \neg \exists y M(x, y)) \rightarrow U(x)]$

where $H(x)$ = "x is a man", $M(x,y)$ = "x is married to y",
 $U(x)$ = "x is unhappy".

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where $H(x)$ = “x is a man”, $M(x,y)$ = “x is married to y”,
 $U(x)$ = “x is unhappy”.
2. $\exists z(P(z, Jake) \wedge S(z, Alex) \wedge W(Alex))$
 $P(z,x)$ = “z is a parent of x”, $S(z,y)$ = “z and y are siblings”,
 $W(y)$ = “y is a woman”.
3. $\forall n((P(n) \wedge n > 2) \rightarrow \neg \exists a, b, c(P(a) \wedge P(b) \wedge P(c) \wedge (a^n + b^n = c^n)))$
where $P(n)$ = “n is a positive integer”.

Translate the following statements into logical notation

No new predicates (just use common mathematical symbols), where the domain is natural numbers.

1. x is a perfect square.

2. x is a multiple of y .

3. p is prime.

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1. x is a perfect square.

$$\exists y(x = y^2)$$

2. x is a multiple of y .

$$\exists z(x = yz)$$

3. p is prime.

$$(p \in \mathbb{Z}) \wedge (p > 1) \wedge \neg \exists x, y(x < p \wedge y < p \wedge (xy = p))$$

Domains

How does the choice of domain for the following quantified statements affect whether each statement is true or false? The domains to pick from are $\mathbb{N}$, $\mathbb{Z}$, $\mathbb{Q}$ and $\mathbb{R}$.

1. $\forall x \exists y (2x - y = 0)$

2. $\exists y \forall x (2x - y = 0)$

3. $\forall x \exists y (x - 2y = 0)$

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1. $\forall x \exists y (2x - y = 0)$
2. $\exists y \forall x (2x - y = 0)$
3. $\forall x \exists y (x - 2y = 0)$
4. $\forall x (x < 10 \rightarrow \forall y (y < x \rightarrow y < 9))$
5. $\exists x \exists y (x + y = 100)$
6. $\forall x \exists y (y > x \wedge \exists z (y + z = 100))$

True or False?

1. Domain: all real numbers

$$P(x, y): x + y = 0$$

Predicate 1: $\forall x \exists y P(x, y)$

Predicate 2: $\exists x \forall y P(x, y)$

True or False?

1. Domain: all real numbers

$$P(x, y): x + y = 0$$

Predicate 1: $\forall x \exists y P(x, y)$

Predicate 2: $\exists x \forall y P(x, y)$

2. Domain: all rational numbers

Predicate : $\forall x \exists y (x < y \wedge \neg \exists z (x < z \wedge z < y))$

What if the domain is all integers?

Quiz: True or False?

- If $P(x)$ = “ x is prime”
- $Q(x)$ = “ x is even”
- the domain is the natural numbers

1. $P(5) \wedge Q(10) \wedge \neg Q(5) \wedge \neg P(4)$

2. $(\forall x P(x)) \rightarrow Q(4)$

3. $\neg \exists x, y (P(x) \wedge P(y) \wedge P(x + y))$

4. $\exists x (P(x) \wedge Q(x) \wedge \forall y ((P(y) \wedge Q(y)) \rightarrow x = y))$

5. $\forall x (\neg P(x) \rightarrow Q(x))$

6. $\forall x ((x > 2 \wedge P(x)) \rightarrow \exists y (Q(y) \wedge x = y + 1))$

Assignments for Tuesday

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