

# Joins

Monday, February 20, 2017



# Agenda

- Announcements
- Reading Quiz
- Joins Discussion
- 4 Practice Problems!

# Announcements

- Lab 2: grades and comments will be released by end of week
- Next week: Lab 3
- Lab 3 Setup Guide will be out this weekend

Q1: A query's result table is a virtual table.

a) True

b) False

Q2: A query can have at most one join.

a) True

b) False

Q3: A join on two tables requires their column names to be identical.

a) True

b) False

## Q4: Which is not a valid join type?

- a) Inner join
- b) Outer join
- c) Self join
- d) Group join
- e) Cross join

Q5: Joins are expensive operations, especially when run over large tables.

a) True

b) False



# Types of Joins

- **Inner join:**
  - Includes the records only when there is a match
- **Left outer join:**
  - Includes the left record(s) even when there is no match
- **Right outer join:**
  - Includes the right record(s) even when there is no match
- **Full outer join:**
  - Includes both the left and right records even when there is no match

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<u>empid</u>	firstname	lastname	depid
1	Michael	Dell	5
2	Betty	Jennings	
3	Bill	Gates	5
4	Fran	Bilas	8

Employee

<u>depid</u>	name
5	Executive
6	Operations
7	Sales
8	Product

Department

```
SELECT e.empid, e.firstname, e.lastname, d.name
FROM Employee e INNER JOIN Department d
ON e.depid = d.depid;
```

```
empid | firstname | lastname | name
-----+-----+-----+-----
1 | Michael  | Dell     | Executive
3 | Bill     | Gates    | Executive
4 | Fran     | Bilas    | Product
(3 rows)
```

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1	Michael	Dell	5
2	Betty	Jennings	
3	Bill	Gates	5
4	Fran	Bilas	8

Employee

<u>depid</u>	name
5	Executive
6	Operations
7	Sales
8	Product

Department

```
SELECT e.empid, e.firstname, e.lastname, d.name  
FROM Employee e LEFT OUTER JOIN Department d  
ON e.depid = d.depid;
```

empid	firstname	lastname	name
1	Michael	Dell	Executive
2	Betty	Jennings	
3	Bill	Gates	Executive
4	Fran	Bilas	Product

(4 rows)

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1	Michael	Dell	5
2	Betty	Jennings	
3	Bill	Gates	5
4	Fran	Bilas	8

Employee

<u>depid</u>	name
5	Executive
6	Operations
7	Sales
8	Product

Department

```
SELECT e.empid, e.firstname, e.lastname, d.name
FROM Employee e RIGHT OUTER JOIN Department d
ON e.depid = d.depid;
```

empid	firstname	lastname	name
1	Michael	Dell	Executive
3	Bill	Gates	Executive
4	Fran	Bilas	Product
			Operations
			Sales

(5 rows)

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<u>empid</u>	firstname	lastname	depid
1	Michael	Dell	5
2	Betty	Jennings	
3	Bill	Gates	5
4	Fran	Bilas	8

Employee

<u>depid</u>	name
5	Executive
6	Operations
7	Sales
8	Product

Department

```
SELECT e.empid, e.firstname, e.lastname, d.name
FROM Employee e FULL OUTER JOIN Department d
ON e.depid = d.depid;
```

empid	firstname	lastname	name
1	Michael	Dell	Executive
2	Betty	Jennings	
3	Bill	Gates	Executive
4	Fran	Bilas	Product
			Operations
			Sales

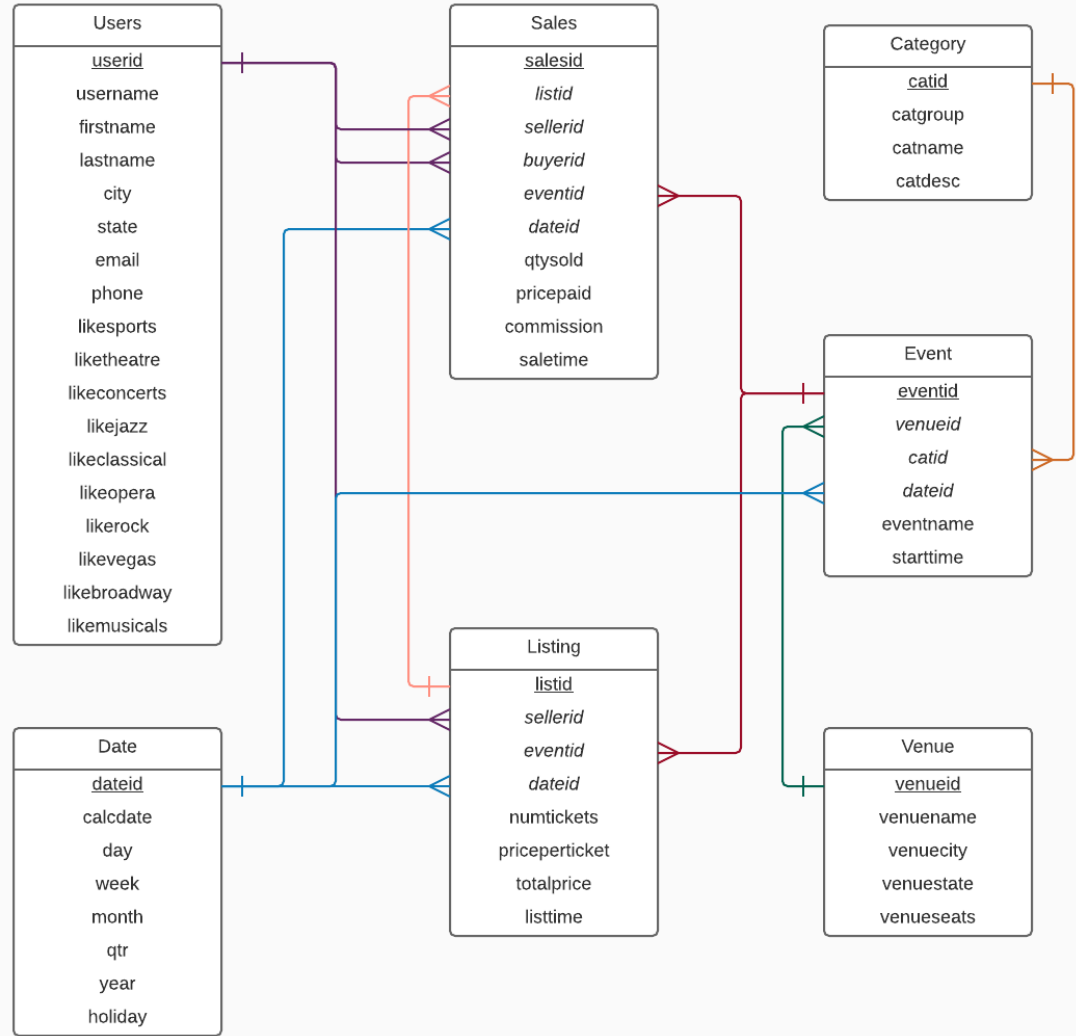
(6 rows)

# Practice Problem 1:

Find all concerts playing in Austin or Houston or Dallas during the month of March

## Notes:

- Use catgroup = 'Concerts'
- Use month = 'MAR'
- Return eventname, catname, venuecity, venue name, caldate, starttime
- Sort results by caldate, eventname, venuecity

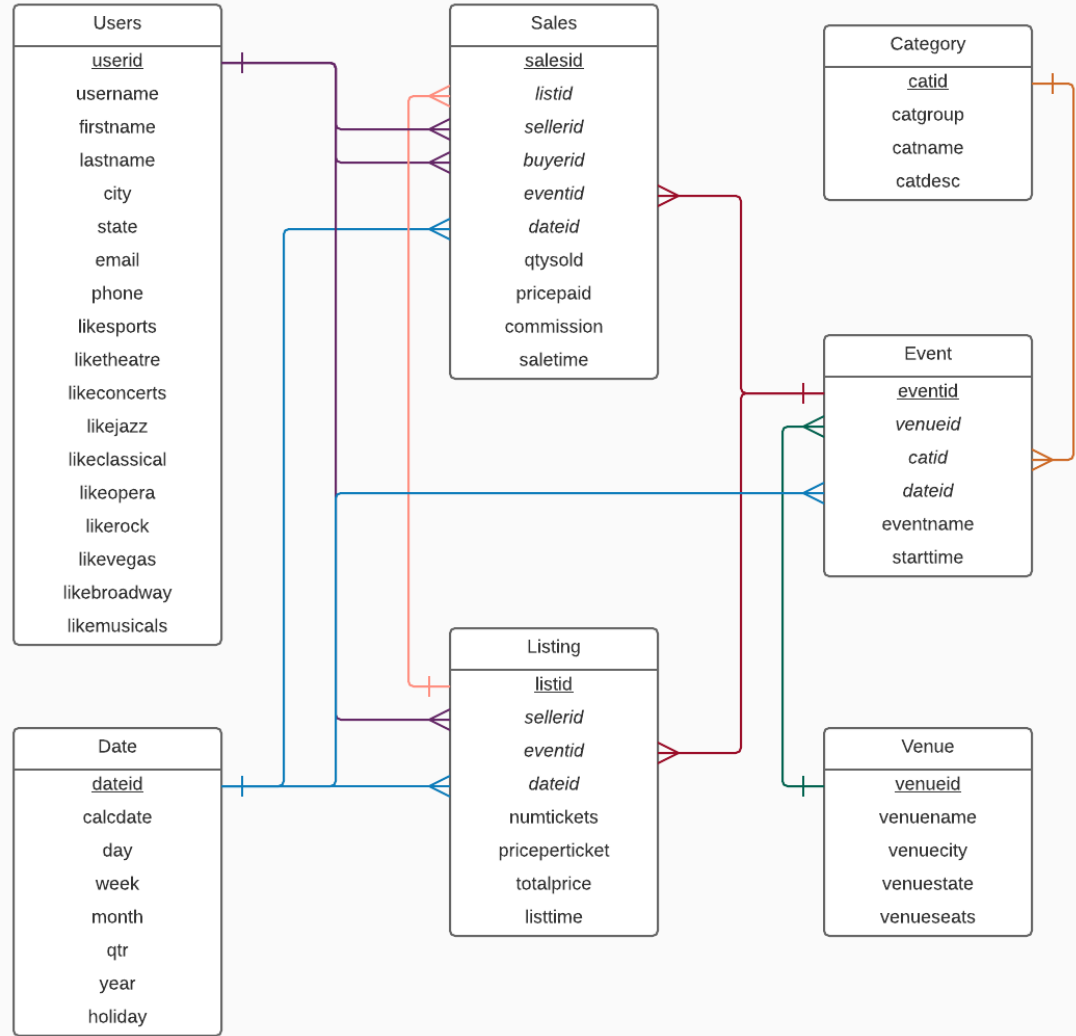


# Practice Problem 1:

Find all concerts playing in Austin or Houston or Dallas during the month of March

How many joins are needed to compute the answer?

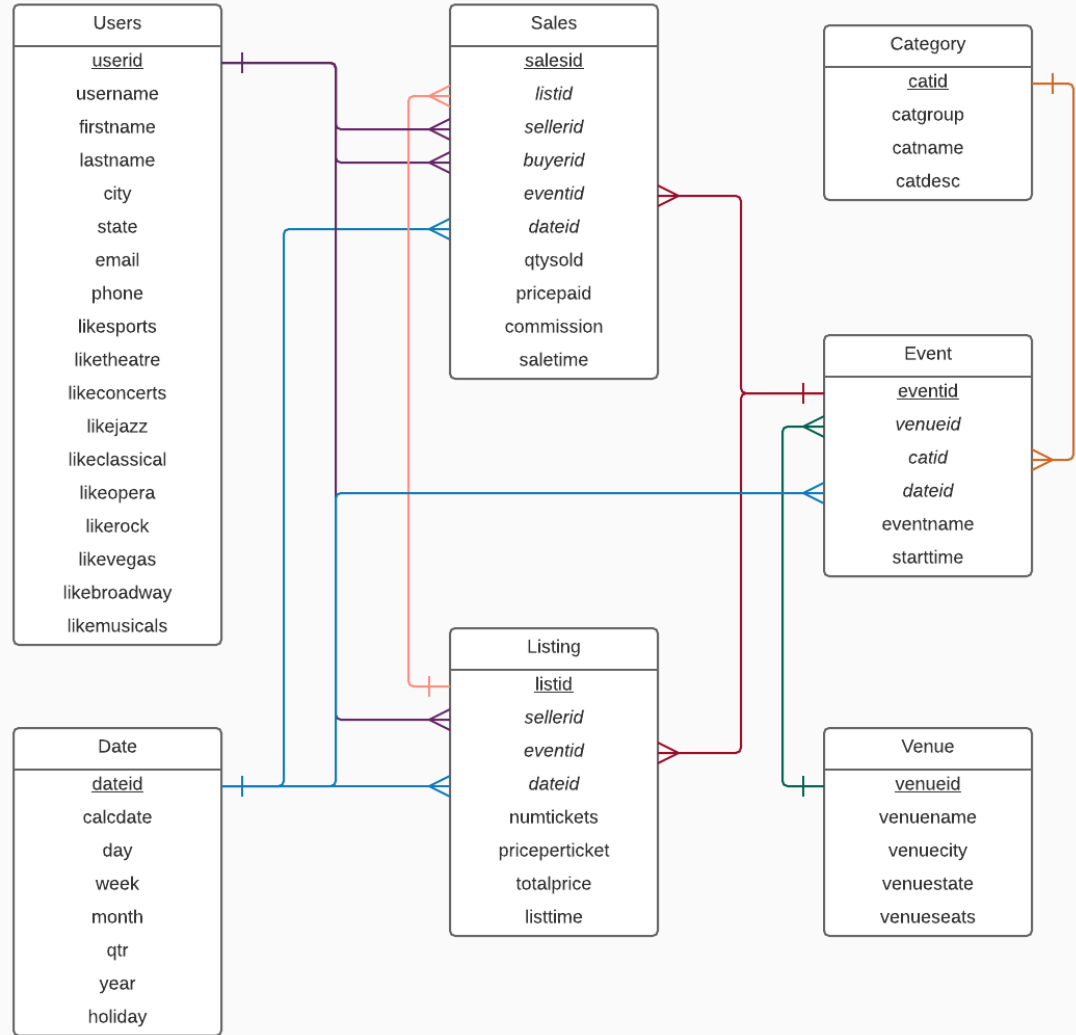
- a) 3
- b) 2
- c) 1
- d) 0



## Practice Problem 2: Find all users in the database who have not bought any tickets

Notes:

- Return userid, firstname, lastname, email, city, state
- Sort by userid

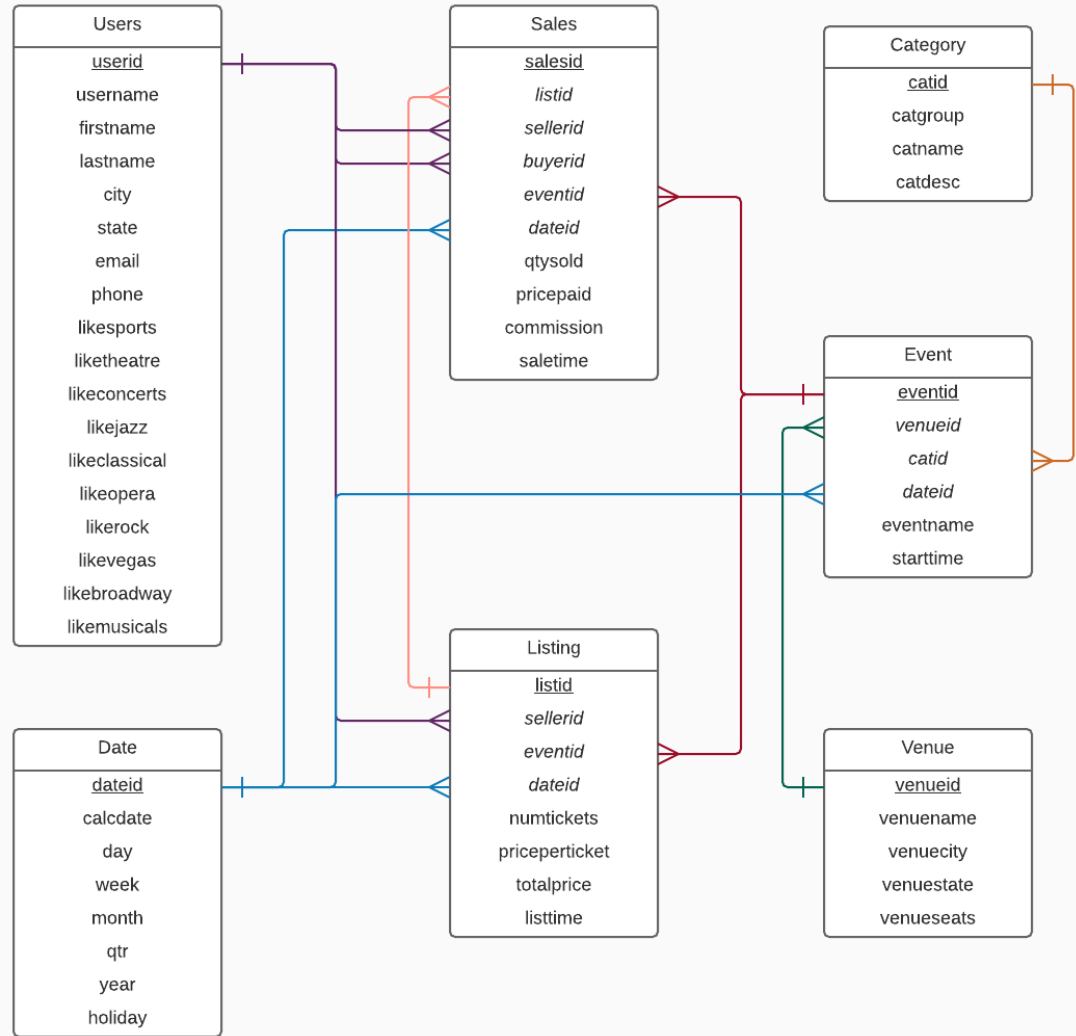




## Practice Problem 2: Find all users in the database who have not bought any tickets

What kind of join is required to  
compute the answer?

- a) Inner join
- b) Outer join
- c) Self join
- d) No join

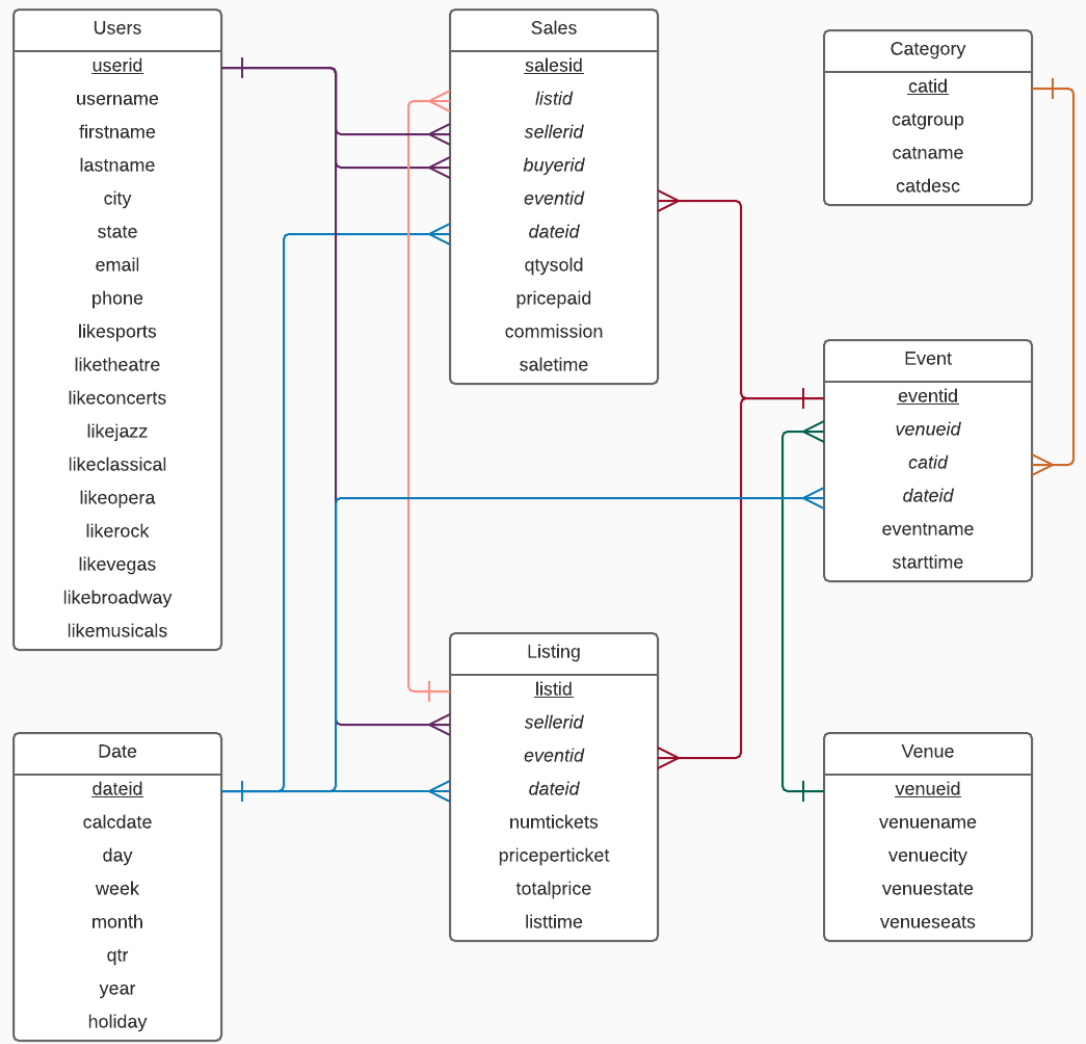


# Practice Problem 3:

Find all categories that are not associated with any events and all events that are missing a category

## Notes:

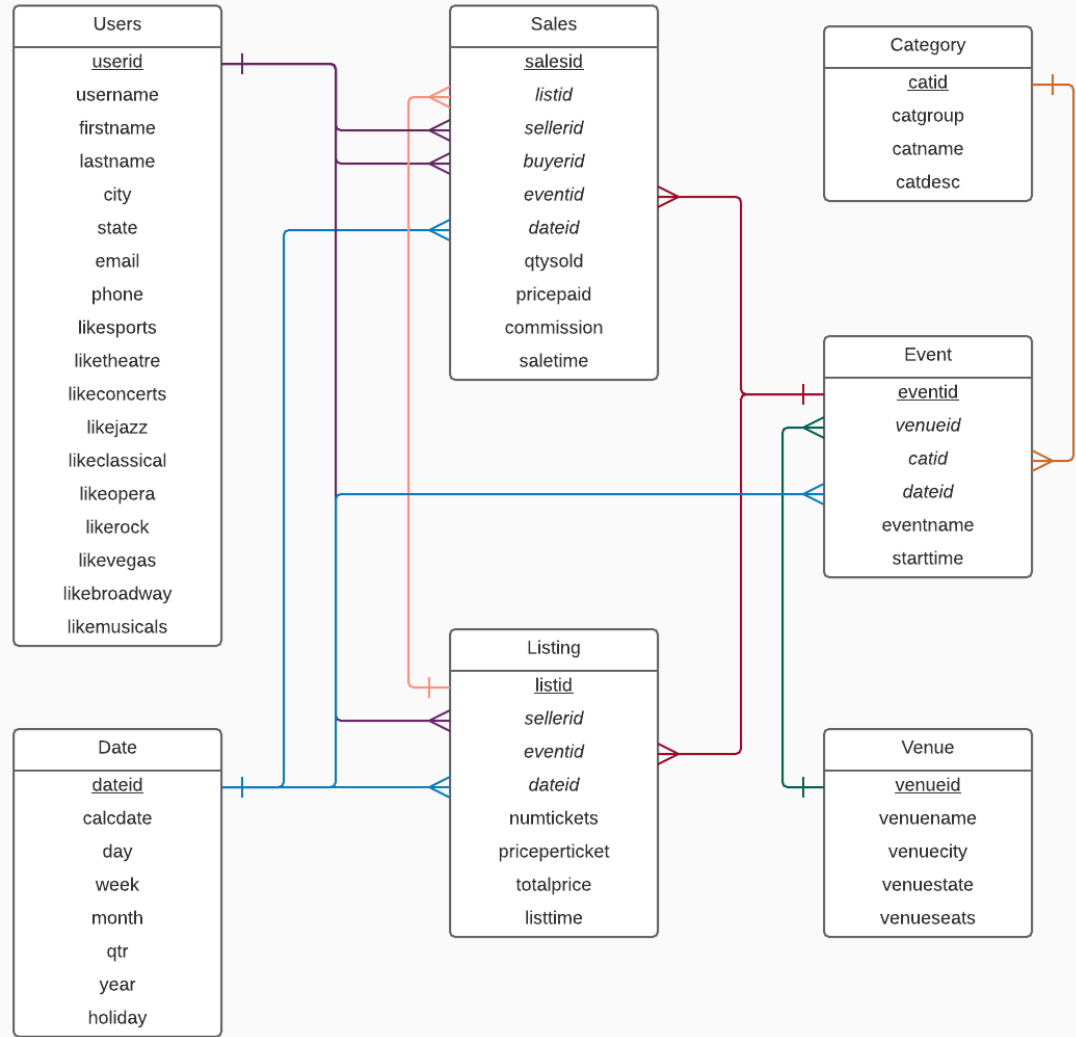
- Return catid, catname, eventid, eventname
- Sort by catid, eventid



# Practice Problem 3: Find all categories that are not associated with any events and all events that are missing a category

How many nulls are in the query?

- a) 0
- b) 1
- c) 2
- d) 3



# Self Joins

- **Inner joins:**
  - Includes only the matching records in the **same** table
- **Outer joins:**
  - Left outer joins:**
    - Includes the left record(s) even when there is no match
  - Right outer join:**
    - Includes the right record(s) even when there is no match
  - Full outer join:**
    - Includes both left and right records even when there is no match

empid	firstname	lastname	mngid
1	Michael	Dell	
2	Betty	Jennings	1
3	Bill	Gates	2
4	Fran	Bilas	1

Employee

```
SELECT e.empid, e.firstname, e.lastname, e.mngid, m.empid, m.firstname, m.lastname
FROM Employee e INNER JOIN Employee m
ON e.mngid = m.empid;
```

empid	firstname	lastname	mngid	empid	firstname	lastname
2	Betty	Jennings	1	1	Michael	Dell
3	Bill	Gates	2	2	Betty	Jennings
4	Fran	Bilas	1	1	Michael	Dell

(3 rows)

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<u>empid</u>	firstname	lastname	mngid
1	Michael	Dell	
2	Betty	Jennings	1
3	Bill	Gates	2
4	Fran	Bilas	1

Employee

```
SELECT e.empid, e.firstname, e.lastname, e.mngid, m.empid, m.firstname, m.lastname
FROM Employee e LEFT OUTER JOIN Employee m
ON e.mngid = m.empid;
```

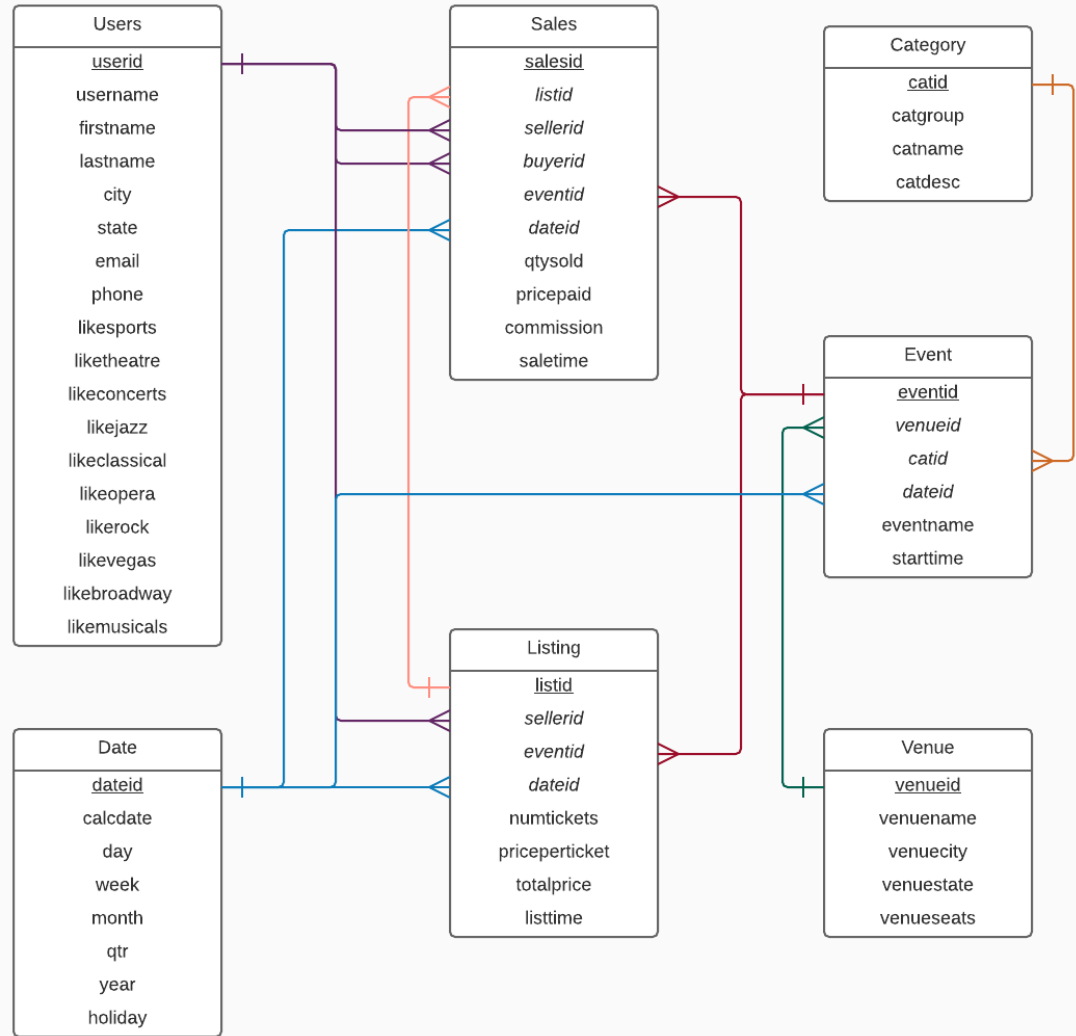
```
empid | firstname | lastname | mngid | empid | firstname | lastname
-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----
  1 | Michael  | Dell     |      | 1 | Michael  | Dell
  2 | Betty    | Jennings | 1    | 2 | Betty    | Jennings
  3 | Bill     | Gates    | 2    | 2 | Betty    | Jennings
  4 | Fran     | Bilas    | 1    | 1 | Michael  | Dell
4 rows)
```

## Practice Problem 4:

Find all events that took place in the same venue and on the same day as a 'Spoon' show

### Notes:

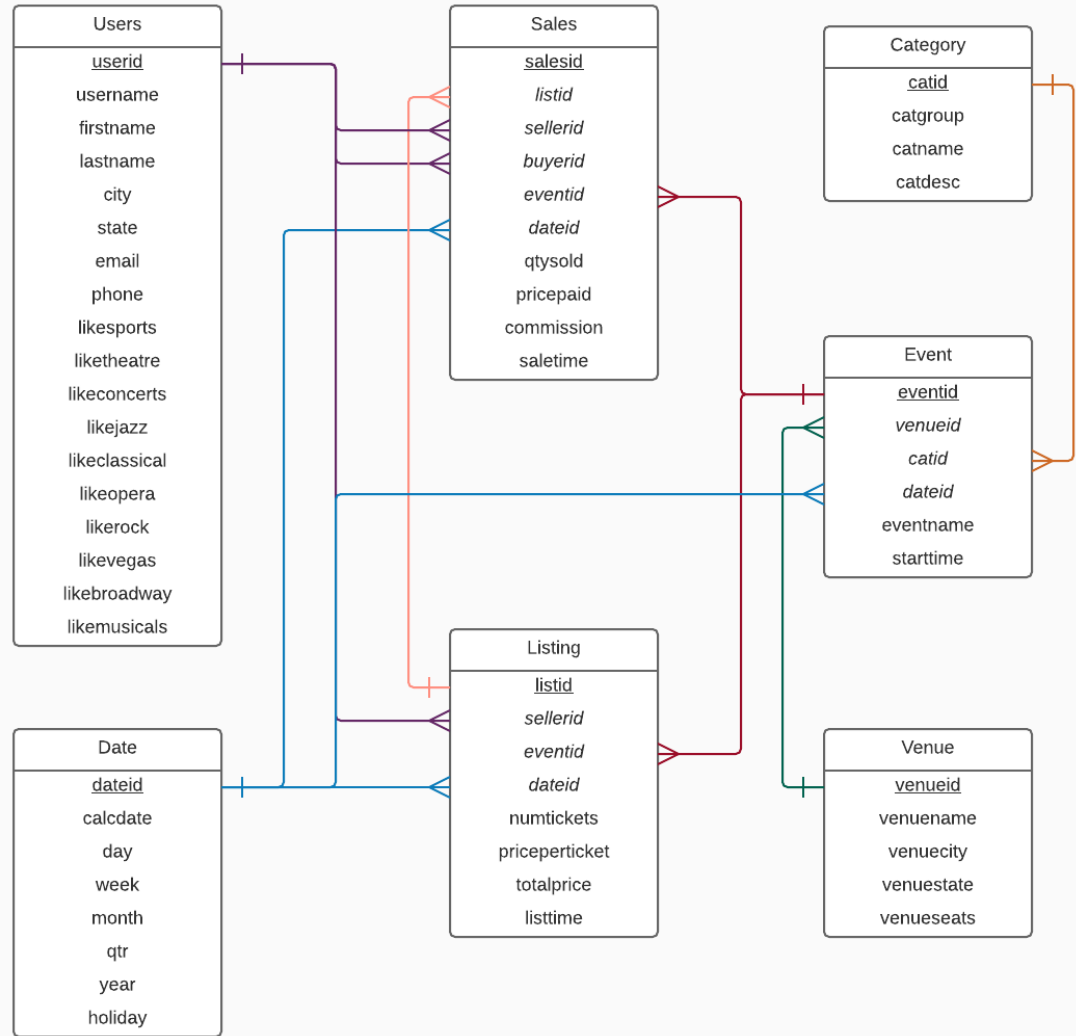
- Use eventname = 'Spoon'
- Return eventid, eventname, venueid, dateid, starttime



## Practice Problem 4: Find all events that took place in the same venue and on the same day as a 'Spoon' show

Which columns are used in the  
join condition of this query?

- a) dateid, venueid
- b) eventid
- c) eventid, dateid
- d) eventid, dateid, venueid



# Practice Problem Solutions

Tickit dataset, DDL, copy commands and queries for practice problems:

<https://github.com/cs327e-spring2017/snippets> (look for filenames tickit\_\*)