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Appendix E: SNOBOL4 Parser Listing

SNORCL4 (VERSION 3.9, MAY 19, 1972)

BELL TELEPHONE LABORATORIES, INCORPORATED
CDC 4000 VERSION BY PURDUE UNIVERSITY AND I. D. A.

DEFINE (↑TRC(STR,RULE)↑) : (START)
TRC SEC(N) = RULE ↑ ↑ SEC(N)
SEC(N) BREAK(↑ ↑) = -INTEGER(RULE) RULE N :S(RETURN)
SEC(N) BREAK(↑ ↑) = GE(RULE,NTRULE) ↑↑ RULE ↑ ↑ \$STK
:(RETURN)

START ATRIM = 1 ; ATRACE = 10000
NRULE = 210 ; NTRULE = 200
V = ARRAY(NRULE + 1)
SIRAT = ↑17↑ V NULL
N = 1

TR TRACE(V(N),N,↑TRC↑)
N = LT(N,NRULE) ↑ + 1 :S(TR)
TRACE(V(NRULE + 1),↑<STMT>↑,↑TRC↑)

ALGOL HAF-GRAMMAR

PROGRAM = *UNLABLOCK . V[1] V *UNLARCMPD . V[169]
BLOCK = (*LABEL ↑↑ *BLOCK) . V[2] V *UNLABLOCK . V[3]
UNLABLOCK = (*BLOCKHEAD ↑↑ *CMPDTAIL) . V[4]
BLOCKHEAD = (↑BEGIN↑ *DECLAR) . V[5] V (*BLOCKHEAD ↑↑ *DECLAR)
V[6]

DECLAR = *TYPEDEC . V[7] V *ARRAYDEC . V[8] V *PROCDEC . V[9]
V *SWITCHDEC . V[10] V *LARELDEC . V[11]

CMPDSTMT = (*LABEL ↑↑ *CMPDSTMT) . V[12] V *UNLARCMPD . V[13]
UNLARCMPD = (↑BEGIN↑ *CMPDTAIL) . V[14]

CMPDTAIL = *STMT (↑BEGIN↑ . V[15] V (↑↑ *CMPDTAIL) . V[16])

STMT = *UNCOND . V[17] V *COND . V[18] V *FORSTMT . V[19]
V *PSEUDO . V[17] ; PSEUDO = ↑<STMT>↑ . V(NRULE + 1)

UNCOND = *BLOCK . V[20] V *CMPDSTMT . V[21] V *BASIC . V[22]

BASIC = (*LABEL ↑↑ *BASIC) . V[23] V *UNLBASIC . V[24]

UNLBASIC = *PRCC . V[25] V *GOTO . V[26] V *ASSIGN . V[28]

COND = (*LABEL ↑↑ *COND) . V[30] V *IFCLAUSE (*FORSTMT . V[31]
V *UNCOND (↑ELSE↑ *STMT) . V[33] V NULL . V[32])

FORSTMT = (*LABEL ↑↑ *FORSTMT) . V[34]
V (*IFCLAUSE *STMT) . V[35]

IFCLAUSE = (↑FOR↑ *VAR ↑↑ *FORLIST ↑DO↑) . V[36]

FORLIST = *FORLISTELEM . V[38] V (*FORLIST ↑↑ *FORLISTELEM) . V[37]

FORLISTELEM = *ARFXP ((↑WHILE↑ *ROOLEXP) . V[40] V
(↑ESTER↑ *ARFXP ↑UNTILE↑ *ARFXP) . V[41] V
NULL . V[39])

ASSIGN = *LEFTPART (*ASSIGN . V[42] V *ARFXP . V[43]
V *ROOLEXP . V[170])

LEFTPART = (*VAR ↑:=↑) . V[44]

PRCC = (*PRCCID *ACTPARPT) . V[45]

FUNCTDESIG = (*PRCCID *ACTPARPT) . V[46]

ACTPARPT = (↑ (NULL . V[47] V *ACTPARLIST . V[48]) ↑) ↑

ACTPARLIST = (*ACTPARAM) . V[50] V (*ACTPARLIST ↑↑ *ACTPARAM)
V[49]

ACTPARAM = *STRING . V[51] V *EXPRESSION . V[52]

EXPRESSION = *ARFXP . V[53] V *ROOLEXP . V[171]

GOTO = (↑EGOTO↑ *DESIGEXPR) . V[54]

DESIGEXPR = (*IFCLAUSE *DESIG ↑ELSE↑ *DESIGEXPR) . V[55]
V *DESIG . V[56]

DESIG = (↑ (↑ *DESIGEXPR ↑) ↑) . V[57] V *LABEL . V[58] V
*SWITCH ↑ (↑ *SUBEXPR ↑) . V[60]

```

LABEL = *IDENT . V[59]
AEXPR = *SAEXP . V[61] v (*IFCLAUSE *SAEXP ^EELSE^ *AEXPR)
      . V[62]
IFCLAUSE = (^EIFE^ *BOOLEXP ^ETHENE^) . V[63]
SAEXP = (^^ *TERM) . V[66] v (^^ *TERM) . V[67] v *TERM . V[68]
      v *SAEXP (^^ *TERM) . V[64] v (^^ *TERM) . V[65]
TERM = *FACTOR . V[70] v (*TERM *MULTOP *FACTOR) . V[69]
MULTOP = ^^ . V[71] v ^^/^^ . V[73] v ^^/^^ . V[72]
FACTOR = *PRIMARY . V[75] v (*FACTOR ^^ *PRIMARY) . V[74]
PRIMARY = (^( *AEXPR ^) ) . V[76] v *VAR . V[94] v *FUNCDISG
      . V[172] v *UNSINTEG . V[95] v *UNSREAL . V[96]
BOOLEXP = (*IFCLAUSE *SIMPROOL ^EELSE^ *BOOLEXP) . V[77]
      v *SIMPROOL . V[78]
SIMPROOL = *IMPLIC . V[80] v (*SIMPROOL ^EQUIVE^ *IMPLIC)
      . V[79]
IMPLIC = *BOOLTERM . V[82] v (*IMPLIC ^EIMPLIESE^ *BOOLTERM)
      . V[81]
BOOLTERM = *BOOLFAC . V[84] v (*BOOLTERM ^^ *BOOLFAC) . V[83]
BOOLFAC = *BOOLSEC . V[86] v (*BOOLFAC ^^ *BOOLSEC) . V[85]
BOOLSEC = (^^ *BOOLPRIM) . V[87] v *BOOLPRIM . V[88]
BOOLPRIM = (^( *BOOLEXP ^) ) . V[89] v *RELATION . V[90]
      v *VAR . V[92] v *FUNCDISG . V[173] v *LOGVAL . V[93]
RELATION = (*SAEXP *RELOP *SAEXP) . V[91]
VAR = *IDENT . V[97] v *SUBSVAR . V[98]
SUBSVAR = (*IDENT ^^ *SUBSLIST ^) . V[99]
SUBSLIST = *SUBSEXPR . V[101] v (*SUBSLIST ^^ *SUBSEXPR) . V[100]
SUBSEXPR = *AEXPR . V[102]

```

*
*
*
DECLARATIONS

```

TYPEDEC = (*TYPE *TYPELIST) . V[103] v (^EOWNE^ *TYPE *OWNTYPELIST)
      . V[104]
TYPELIST = *IDENT (NULL . V[106] v (^^ *TYPELIST) . V[105])
OWNTYPELIST = *IDENT (NULL . V[108] v (^^ *OWNTYPELIST) . V[107])
SWITCHDEC = (^ESWITCHE^ *SWITCHID ^:^^ *SWITCHLIST) . V[109]
SWITCHLIST = *DESIGEXPR . V[111] v (*SWITCHLIST ^^ *DESIGEXPR)
      . V[110]
LABELDEC = (^ELABELE^ *LABELLIST) . V[112]
LABELLIST = *LABEL . V[114] v (*LABELLIST ^^ *LABEL) . V[113]
PROCDEC = (*TYPE ^EPROCEDUREE^ *PROCID *PROCHEAD *PROCBODY)
      . V[115] v (^EPROCEDUREE^ *PROCID *PROCHEAD *PROCBODY)
      . V[114]
PROCBODY = *STMT . V[116] v *CODE . V[117]
PROCHEAD = (*FRMPARPART ^^ *VALUEPART *SPECPART) . V[118]
FRMPARPART = (^( *FRMPARLIST ^) ) . V[120] v NULL . V[119]
FRMPARLIST = *FRMPAR . V[122] v (*FRMPARLIST ^^ *FRMPAR)
      . V[121]
FRMPAR = *IDENT . V[123]
VALUEPART = (^EVALUEE^ *VALIDLIST ^^) . V[125] v NULL . V[124]
VALIDLIST = *IDENT . V[127] v (*VALIDLIST ^^ *IDENT) . V[126]
SPECPART = (*SPECIFER *SPECIDLIST ^^) . V[129] v NULL . V[128]
      v (*SPECPART *SPECIFER *SPECIDLIST ^^) . V[130]
SPECIDLIST = *IDENT . V[132] v (*SPECIDLIST ^^ *IDENT) . V[131]

```

*
*
*
IN THIS SECTION, THE ARRAY CODING SHOULD BE INSERTED.

*
*
*
ARRAYDEC = ^EARRAYE^

*
*
*
TERMINAL RULES

```

LETTER = ^ABCDEFGHIJKLMNPOQRSTUVWXYZ^
NUMBER = ^0123456789^

```

```

IDENT = (ANY(LETTER) (SPAN(LETTER NUMBER) V NULL)) . V(200)
PHOCID = IDENT . V(201)
SING = ↑↑ SPAN(LETTER NUMBER) . V(202) ↑↑
UNSINTEG = SPAN(NUMBER) . V(203)
UNSHREAL = (SPAN(NUMBER) ↑↑ SPAN(NUMBER)) . V(204)
RELOP = (↑<↑ V ↑>↑ V ↑≠↑ V ↑=↑ V ↑≤↑ V ↑≥↑) . V(205)
TYPE = ↑↑ (↑INTEGER↑ V ↑REAL↑ V ↑BOOLEAN↑ V ↑STRING↑) . V(206)
↑
LUGVAL = ↑↑ (↑TRUE↑ V ↑FALSE↑) . V(207) ↑↑
SPECIFIER = ↑↑ (↑INTEGER↑ V ↑REAL↑ V ↑BOOLEAN↑ V ↑STRING↑ V
↑ARRAY↑) . V(208) ↑↑
*
*
*
*
*
IN OUTPUT = ↑TIME: ↑TIME()
IN LINE = INPUT :F(END)
LINE IDENT(LINE) :S(MATCH)
OUTPUT = LINE
L LINE SPAN(↑↑) = :S(L)
TEXT = TEXT LINE :(IN)
MATCH OUTPUT = ↑ OUTPUT =
I = 1; M = 0; S = ARRAY(20) ; SEQ = ARRAY(20)
MK = #↑# V #↑# V NULL
REG TEXT ↑REGLINE↑ = #↑# :S(REG)
EN TEXT ↑EENDE↑ = #↑# :S(EN)
*
T TEXT (MK BREAK(#↑#)) . TEMP = :F(REQV)
TEXT POS(0) #↑# = :F(RG)
SLN) = S(N) TEMP ↑↑↑
V = N - 1 :(T)
RG SLN) = S(N) TEMP ↑<S-T>↑
V = N + 1 :(T)
*
RECOV I = DIFFER(S[M + 1]) = + 1 :F(MAT)
REC1 SLN) #↑# = ↑REGINE↑ :S(RFC1)
REC2 SLN) ↑↑↑ = ↑EENDE↑ :S(RFC2)F(REQV)
MAT I = 1
OUT OUTPUT = ↑S(↑ N ↑) = ↑ S(N)
I = LT(N,M) N + 1 :S(OUT)
I = 1
OUTPUT = ; OUTPUT =
S(1) PROGRAM
OUTPUT = SEQ[1]
INCR N = LT(N,M) N + 1 :F(ZERO)
RMAT S(N) UNCOND = :F(INCR)
SEQ[1] STRAT ↑<S-T>↑ = - 1 ↑↑ = SEQ[1]
OUTPUT = ; OUTPUT = ↑↑↑↑↑LEVEL ↑↑↑; ↑ SEQ[N] ; OUTPUT =
SEQ[N] = :(RMAT)
ZERO TEXT = ; OUTPLT = SEQ[1] ; OUTPUT = ; OUTPUT = :(IN)
END

```

NO ERRORS DETECTED IN SOURCE PROGRAM

Appendix F: Specifier and Generator Listings


```

000163 2050 FORMAT(1H+,43X,020)
000163 IF(LITRUL(I).EQ.0) GO TO 70
000165 IPT=IMAGE(LITRUL(I)) $ IF(IPT.GT.1000) GO TO 80
000172 ENCODE(10,2070,IPT) IPT
000201 2070 FORMAT(I10)
000201 IPT=LSHIFT(IPT,42)
000204 80 PRINT 2060,IPT
000212 2060 FORMAT(1H+,73X,A10)
000212 70 IF(I.LT.NLPTR.OR.I.LT.NRPTR) GO TO 60
000222 50 IF((IOFLAG.AND.512).EQ.0) GO TO 20 $ CALL SECOND(T2)
000226 T=T2-T1 $ PRINT 2010,T
000236 2010 FORMAT(10X,*TIME TO INITIALLY PARSE GRAPH RULES =*,F10.5)
C CREATE GRAPH USING SNOBOL LEFT-SIDE PARSE RULES AND THE EXEC-SEM-S
000236 20 CALL CRGRAPH
000237 IF((IOFLAG.AND.512).EQ.0) GO TO 30
000241 CALL SCOND(T1) $ T=T1-T2 $ PRINT 2080,T
000253 2080 FORMAT(10X,*TIME TO GENERATE GRAPH =*,F10.5)
C TRACE FINAL GRAPH IF DESIRED
000253 30 IF(IOFLAG.AND.256) CALL TRGRAPH(UNIV,1000,1)
000260 CALL SECOND(T1)
000262 T=T1-T0
000264 PRINT 1000,T
000272 1000 FORMAT(* EXECUTION TIME =*,F10.5)
000272 END)
006100

1 LOGICAL FUNCTION SETRW(IW)

C
C THIS FUNCTION SETS UP THE RESERVED WORD TABLE.
C ENTRIES IN THIS TABLE ARE THE FUNCTION NAMES USED IN THE INSTRUCTION
C GRAPHS : THEY WILL BE THE FUNCTION-ATOMS IN THE SYSTEM.
C
C ENTRY RESWORD(W) RETURNS T OR F DEPENDING ON WHETHER OR NOT W IS A
C RESERVED WORD
C
000002 COMMON/OSFLAG/IOFLAG
000002 COMMON IBUF(120)
000002 COMMON/RWTABL/IHTAB(54),ISTAB(2,54)
000002 DATA IHTAB,ISTAB/162*0/
C READ NWORDS AND INITIALIZE
000002 READ 1000,NWORDS
000010 1000 FORMAT(I2)
000011 IFREE=1 $ I=0 $ J=0 $ IR=1
000014 IP=LSHIFT(IOFLAG,-1).AND.1
000020 SETRW=.TRUE.
C READ R RESERVED WORDS INTO BUFFER
000023 5 READ 1010,(IBUF(I),I1=1,8)
000031 1010 FORMAT(A10)
000032 J=0
000033 10 I=I+1 $ J=J+1
000036 IWORD=IBUF(J) $ GO TO 25
C ENTRY FOR LOOKUP ONLY
000040 ENTRY RESWORD
000046 IWORD=IW
C HASH THE WORD
000047 25 IHAD=MOD(LSHIFT(IWORD,-30),53)+1
C CHECK TO SEE IF HASH TABLE IS SET
000056 IF(IHTAB(IHAD).NE.0) GO TO 30
000061 SETRW=.FALSE.
000062 IF(IR.EQ.0) RETURN
C PLACE WORD IN S-TABLE AND SET H-TABLE POINTER TO WORD
000064 15 IHTAB(IHAD)=IFREE
000070 20 ISTAB(1,IFREE)=IWORD

```

```

000071      IFREE=IFREE+1
000074      22 IF(I.LT.NWORDS) GO TO 40 $ IR=0 $ IF(IP.EQ.0) RETURN
000102      PRINT 2005 $ PRINT 2010,(I1,IHTAB(I1),ISTAB(1,I1),ISTAB(2,I1),
          1 I1=1,54) $ PRINT 2015
000137      2005 FORMAT(///,90X,*RESERVED WORD TABLE*,//,84X,*INDEX*,4X,*H-TAB*,7!,
          * $-TAB(VALUE)*,2X,*CHAIN POINTER*,/)
000140      2010 FORMAT(85X,I2,*,*,2X,I5,10X,A10,2X,I5)
000140      2015 FORMAT(//)
000140      RETURN
          C      CHECK TO SEE IF ALL OF BUFFER HASH BEEN PROCESSED
000142      40 IF(J.LT.8) 10,5
          C
          C      HASH TABLE ADDRESS WAS NON-EMPTY--CHECK THE CHAIN FOR WORD
          C
000147      30 ISAD=IHTAB(IHAD)
000151      50 IF(ISTAB(1,ISAD).NE.IWORD) GO TO 60
000154      IF(IR.NE.0) GO TO 22
000155      SETRW=.TRUE.
000156      RETURN
          C      NO MATCH--CHECK TO SEE IF THERE IS MORE CHAIN
000157      60 IF(ISTAB(2,ISAD).NE.0) GO TO 70
1000161      SETRW=.FALSE.
000162      IF(IR.EQ.0) RETURN
000164      ISTAB(2,ISAD)=IFREE
000167      GO TO 20
          C      CHAIN CONTINUES--FOLLOW IT SEARCHING FOR MATCH OR END
000167      70 ISAD=ISTAB(2,ISAD)
000171      GO TO 50
000172      END
006200
1      SUBROUTINE FEPLOAD
          C
          C      THIS SUBROUTINE READS IN THE FEP-S AND TABLES THEM INTO THE
          C      COMMON BLOCK /FEPS/. IT ASSUMES THE PROGRAM NAME CARD
          C      ASSIGNMENT TAPES=INPUT WAS MADE. A CARD WITH * IN COL. 1
          C      TERMINATES THE FEP INPUT DECK.
          C
000001      COMMON/FEPS/LSIDE(60,5),NARROW(60),NRSIDE(60,3),NACTION(60),
          * NACTNO(60),NSTAR(60),JUMP(60),NUML(60),NUMR(60)
000001      COMMON LABEL(60),NJMP(60)
000001      COMMON/OSFLAG/IOSEL
000001      DATA JUMP/60*0/,KBLANK/1H /
000001      **IF NO. OF FEPS EXCEEDS 60, VALUE OF *LIMIT* AND ARRAY DIMENSIONS MUST CHANGE
          LIMIT=61
000001      **K INDEXES FEP TABLES DURING READ, THEN HOLDS COUNT
          K=0
000002      1 K=K+1
000003      IF(K.EQ.LIMIT) GO TO 900
000005      * READ AND TABLE NEXT FEP
          READ 100,LABEL(K),(LSIDE(K,6-1),I=1,5),NARROW(K),(NRSIDE(K,4-J),
          * J=1,3),NACTION(K),NACTNO(K),NSTAR(K),NJMP(K)
000050      100 FORMAT(A3,5(1X,A7),A1,3(A7,1X),A5,I2,1X,A1,A3)
000050      IF(EOF,5) 902,2
          * IF ENDFILE, ERROR EXIT
000053      2 IF(LABEL(K).NE.1H*) GO TO 1
          **READING COMPLETE; ASSIGN NUMERIC JUMP VALUES CORRESPONDING TO NUMBER OF FEP
          **CONTAINING LABEL AND COUNT LEFT AND RIGHT SIDE NONBLANK ENTRIES
          3 K=K-1
000056      NUML(1)=NUMR(1)=1
000060      DO 10 I=2,K
000062      IF(LABEL(I).EQ.KBLANK) GO TO 5
000063      **IF FEP LABELED, FIND AND SET ALL JUMPS TO LABEL

```

```

000065      DO 4 J=1,K
000067      IF (LABFL(I).EQ.NJMP(J)) JUMP(J)=I
000075      4 CONTINUE
          **COUNT ENTRIES
000100      5 N=0
000101      6 N=N+1
000103      IF (N.EQ.6) GO TO 7
000104      IF (LSIDE(I,N).NE.KBLANK) GO TO 6
000110      7 NUML(I)=N-1
000113      N=0
000113      8 N=N+1
000115      IF (N.EQ.4) GO TO 9
000116      IF (NRSIDE(I,N).NE.KBLANK) GO TO 8
000122      9 NUMR(I)=N-1
000125      10 CONTINUE
          **FEPS ASSEMBLED; LIST IF I/O SELECTION FLAG BIT 0 SET, ELSE RETURN
000127      IF (IOSEL.AND.1) 11,13
000131      11 PRINT 101
000135      101 FORMAT(12X,*N LAH*,3X,*L5*,6X,*L4*,6X,*L3*,6X,*L2*,6X,*L1*,4X,*P*,
          * 3X,*R3*,6X,*R2*,6X,*R1*,4X,*ACTION*,3X,*S*,2X,*JUMP*,7X,*N*,5X,
          * *L R*./)
000135      DO 12 I=1,K
000137      PRINT 102,I,LABEL(I),(LSIDE(I,6-N),N=1,5),NARROW(I),(NRSIDE(I,
          * 4-N),N=1,3),NACTION(I),NACTNO(I),NSTAR(I),NJMP(I),JUMP(I),I,
          * NUML(I),NUMR(I)
000212      102 FORMAT(10X,I3,1X,A3,5(1X,A7),1X,A1,1X,3(A7,1X),A5,I3,1X,A1,A3,
1          * I5,I6,5X,I1,2X,I1)
000212      12 CONTINUE
          **NORMAL RETURN
000215      13 RETURN
          **IF TABLE LIMIT REACHED, CHECK IF NEXT CARD HAS TERMINATOR
000216      900 READ 100,N
000224      IF (EOF.5) 902,901
000227      901 IF (N.EQ.1H*) GO TO 3
          **IF TERMINATOR, GO ASSEMBLE ELSE ABORT
000231      PRINT 103
000235      103 FORMAT(15X,*NO. OF FEPS EXCEEDS LIMIT OF 175*)
000235      GO TO 903
          **IF ENDFILE, ABORT
000236      902 PRINT 104
000242      104 FORMAT(15X,*IMPROPER TERMINATION OF FEP DECK*)
          **ABNORMAL EXIT
000242      903 PRINT 105
000246      105 FORMAT(15X,*EXECUTION TERMINATED*)
000246      END
006300
1          SUBROUTINE PARSER
          C
          C THIS SUBROUTINE INTERPRETS THE FEP-S PREVIOUSLY READ INTO THE
          C COMMON BLOCK FEPS.
          C INITIALLY, IT SETS UP THE TABLE(S) OF FEP MATCHES USED BY THE
          C EXEC-SEM-S
          C
          C COMMON/OSFLAG/IOFLAG
          C COMMON/FEPS/LSIDE(60,5),NARROW(60),NRSIDE(60,3),NACTION(60),
          C * NACTNO(60),NSTAR(60),JUMP(60),NUML(60),NUMR(60)
          C COMMON ISYN(50),ISEM(50),ISTK,IGRBG(19)
          C DATA NPCUR,NPJMP,NBLANK/0,1,10H /
          C      ISTK=1
          C      NPCUR=CURRENT PRODUCTION, NPJMP=CURRENT SEQUENCE
000002      5 NPCUR=NPJMP+1
          C      TEST FOR MATCH WITH CURRENT PRODUCTION

```

```

000004      15 I=1
000005      IF(LSIDE(NPCUR,I).NE.10H<SG>      ) GO TO 10
000011      ISG=ISYN(ISTK)  $  ISMSG=ISEM(ISTK)
000015      GO TO 20
000015      10 IF(LSIDE(NPCUR,I).NE.ISYN(ISTK-I+1)) GO TO 5
000015      20 I=I+1  $  IF(I.LE.NUML(NPCUR)) GO TO 10
000023      C      PERFORM DESIRED ACTION, IF INDICATED
000027      IF(NACTION(NPCUR).EQ.NBLANK) GO TO 30
000031      IF(NACTION(NPCUR).EQ.10HHALT      ) RETURN
000034      IF(NACTION(NPCUR).EQ.10HEXEC      ) CALL EXECYSYN(NACTNO(NPCUR))
000040      IF(NACTION(NPCUR).EQ.10HERROR      ) CALL ERROR(NACTNO(NPCUR))
000044      C      PERFORM REPLACEMENT, IF INDICATED
000047      30 IF(NARROW(NPCUR).EQ.NBLANK) GO TO 40
000053      ISTK=ISTK-NUML(NPCUR)+1  $  I=NUMR(NPCUR)
000060      32 IF(NRSIDE(NPCUR,I).NE.10H<SG>      ) GO TO 35
000064      ISYN(ISTK)=ISG  $  ISEM(ISTK)=ISMSG  $  GO TO 40
000071      35 ISYN(ISTK)=NRSIDE(NPCUR,I)
000072      IF(I.EQ.1) GO TO 40
000074      I=I-1  $  ISTK=ISTK+1  $  GO TO 32
000077      C      SCAN NEXT CHARACTER, IF INDICATED
000100      40 IF(NSTAR(NPCUR).EQ.NBLANK) GO TO 50
000103      ISTK=ISTK+1
000105      IF(ISTK.GT.50) GO TO 70
000107      CALL SCANNER(ISYN(ISTK),ISEM(ISTK))
000110      C      IF TRACE IS DESIRED, OUTPUT STACKS AND PROD. NOS.
000117      50 IF(IOFLAG.AND.4) 52,60
000136      52 IF(LINEF.EQ.0) GO TO 54
000136      IF(LINEC.LT.LINEF.OR.LINEC.GT.LINEL) GO TO 60
000153      54 PRINT 100,NPJMP,NPCUR,(ISYN(ISTK-5+1),I=1,5)
000153      1000 FORMAT(50X,*SEQUENCE*,I4,*, LINE*,I4,* MATCHED *,5A10)
000153      IF(IOFLAG.AND.8) PRINT 1010,(ISEM(ISTK-5+1),I=1,5)
000153      1010 FORMAT(82X,5A10)
000153      C      JUMP TO NEXT PRODUCTION
000153      60 NPCUR=NPJMP=JUMP(NPCUR)
000156      GO TO 15
000162      70 PRINT 1020
000162      1020 FORMAT(6H *****,*ERROR--PARSE STACK TOO LARGE*)
000163      RETURN
000163      END
006500      SUBROUTINE SCANNER(ICLASS,IFORM)

```

```

1
C
C      THIS SCANNER RECOGNIZES 4 CLASSES OF SYMBOLS:
C      1 -- <IDENTIFIER>
C      2 -- <NUMBER>
C      3 -- RESERVED WORD
C      4 -- SPECIAL SYMBOL
C      5 -- EOF

```

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C
C      IT REQUIRES A SUBROUTINE GETCHAR WHICH RETRIEVES THE NEXT CHARACTER FROM
C      THE INPUT STRING, DETERMINES ITS SUBCLASS, AND TAKES CARE OF READING THE
C      SOURCE PROGRAM DECK.
C

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000004      DIMENSION ICHAR(12)
000004      DATA ICH/80/
000004      C      SKIP BLANKS IF NECESSARY
000004      10 CALL GETCHAR(ICL,ICHAR(1),ICH)  $  IF(ICL.EQ.4) GO TO 10
000013      C
000015      C      PROCESS INTEGER
000013      15 IF(ICL.NE.2) GO TO 30
000015      I=2  $  ICLASS=10H<NUMBR>

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000017      IF(ICHAR(1).NE.1R0) GO TO 20
C           SKIP LEADING 0S
000021      45 CALL GETCHAR(ICL,ICHAR(1),ICH)
000024      IF(ICHAR(1).EQ.1R0) GO TO 45
000030      IF(ICL.EQ.2) GO TO 20
000032      ICHAR(1)=1R0 $ I=1 $ GO TO 60
000034      20 CALL GETCHAR(ICL,ICHAR(1),ICH)
000040      IF(ICL.NE.2) GO TO 25
000044      I=I+1 $ IF(1.EQ.13) I=12 $ GO TO 20
000051      25 I=I-1 $ IF(1.LE.10) GO TO 60
C           INTEGER TOO LONG--PRINT ERROR MSG BUT CONTINUE
000055      ICH1=ICH-1
000056      PRINT 9999,ICH1
000064      9999 FORMAT(5X,SH****,*ERROR--ABOVE LINE CONTAINS ILLEGAL INTEGER ENCI
          *NG AT COL.*.I3)
000066      I=10
000067      60 ENCODE(10,2000,IFORM) (ICHAR(I1),I1=1,I) $ ICH=ICH-1 $ RETURN
000103      2000 FORMAT(10R1)
C
C           PROCESS IDENTIFIERS AND RESERVED WORDS
C
000103      30 IF(ICL.NE.1) GO TO 50
000105      I=2 $ ICLASS=10H<IDENT>
000107      40 CALL GETCHAR(ICL,ICHAR(1),ICH)
000113      IF(ICL.GT.2) GO TO 35
000120      I=I+1 $ IF(1.EQ.12) I=11 $ GO TO 40
000125      35 I=I-1 $ IF(1.GT.10) I=10
000132      ENCODE(10,2000,IFORM) (ICHAR(I1),I1=1,I)
000144      ICH=ICH-1 $ RETURN
C
C           PROCESS SPECIAL CHARACTER--STORE CHAR. AND RETURN
C
000146      50 IF(ICL.NE.3) GO TO 70
000150      ENCODE(10,2000,ICLASS) ICHAR(1)
000161      IFORM=ICLASS $ RETURN
C
C           PROCESS END-OF-FILE -- STORE E-O-F AND RETURN
C
1          70 ICLASS=IFORM=10HE-O-F
000164      RETURN $ END
000166
006700
1          SUBROUTINE GETCHAR(ICLASS,ICHAR,ICH)
C
C           THIS SUBROUTINE IS USED BY THE SCANNER TO GET THE NEXT CHARACTER.
C           IT RETURNS THE CHARACTER (OR EOF) AND ITS CLASS, DEFINED AS FOLLOWS:
C           1-LETTER 2-DIGIT 3-SP. SYMBOL 4-BLANK 5-EOF
C           IT ASSUMES THE PROGRAM NAME CARD ASSIGNMENT TAPES=INPUT WAS MADE.
C
000005      DATA IEQF/0/
000005      COMMON/OSFLAG/IOFLAG
000005      DIMENSION ICARD(80)
C           INCREMENT POINTER TO GET NEXT CHARACTER
000005      ICH=ICH+1
000006      IF(IEQF.EQ.0) GO TO 5
000007      ICLASS=5 $ RETURN
C           CHECK TO SEE IF NEED NEW CARD
000011      5 IF(ICH.LE.80) GO TO 10
000013      READ 1000,ICARD $ LINEC=LINEC+1
000023      IF((LINEC.EQ.1).AND.(IOFLAG.AND.1024)) PRINT 2010
000037      1000 FORMAT(80R1)
000037      2010 FORMAT(1H1)
000037      ICH=1

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```

C          CHECK TO SEE WHETHER END-OF-FILE WAS ENCOUNTERED
000040 IF (EOF.5) 99.50
C          END-OF-FILE -- PRINT ERROR MESSAGE AND RETURN
000043 99 ICLASS=5 $ IEOF=1 $ RETURN
000046 50 IF (IOFLAG.AND.1024) PRINT 2000.ICARD
000060 2000 FORMAT(1X,80R1)
C          SUCCESSFUL READ PERFORMED--ASSIGN CLASS
000060 10 ICHAR=ICARD(ICH)
C          IF BLANK, CLASS=4
000061 IF (ICHR.NE.1R ) GO TO 20
000063 ICLASS=4 $ RETURN
C          IF LETTER, CLASS=?
000065 20 IF (ICHR.GT.1RZ) GO TO 30
000070 ICLASS=1 $ RETURN
C          IF DIGIT, CLASS=2
000071 30 IF (ICHR.GT.1R9) GO TO 40
000074 ICLASS=2 $ RETURN
C          MUST BE SPECIAL CHARACTER--CLASS=3
000075 40 ICLASS=3 $ RETURN $ END
007200
1          SUBROUTINE EXEC SYN(N)
C          SYNTAX-MATCHING EXECs -- THESE SAVE A TRACE OF THE MATCHING IN
C          COMMON BLOCK /MATCH/ SO THAT DURING INTERPRETATION THE ACTUAL
C          SEMANTIC EXECs CAN BE EXECUTED PROPERLY.
C
000002 COMMON/MATCH/LITRUL(1200),NEXEC(500),NSTART(250),NLPTR,NRPTR,NFULL
000002 DATA NLPTR,NRPTR/1,0/
000002 COMMON /SYN(50),ISEM(50),ISTK,IGRPG(19)
C
000002 IF (N.EQ.6) GO TO 6
000004 IF (N.EQ.15) GO TO 15
000005 IF (N.EQ.1) GO TO 1
C          ALL EXECs PACK THEIR NUMBER INTO NEXEC--THIS IS THE TRACE↑
000007 10 CALL PACK(N) $ RETURN
C          EXEC 6 MATCHED AN IDENTIFIED--SAVE IT FOR THE SEMANTIC EXEC.
000011 6 LITRUL(NLPTR)=INTEGER(ATOM(ISEM(ISTK),1))
000020 NLPTR=NLPTR+1 $ GO TO 20
C          EXEC 15 MATCHED A NUMBER -- SAME AS 6, ONLY INTEGER ATOM.
000023 15 LITRUL(NLPTR)=INTEGER(ATOM(NDECOD(ISEM(ISTK)),0)) $ NLPTR=NLPTR+1
000037 20 IF (NLPTR.LE.1200) GO TO 10
000042 PRINT 1000 $ STOP
000050 1000 FORMAT(* ERROR IN RIGHT-SIDE INPUT--ARRAY LITRUL OVERFLOW*)
C          EXEC-SYN 1 ESTABLISHES LOCATIONS IN LITRUL AND NEXEC THAT
C          BEGIN CURRENT RIGHT-SIDE RULE.
000050 1 NRPTR=NRPTR+1 $ NUM=NDECOD(ISEM(ISTK))
000054 NSTART(NUM)=LSHIFT(NLPTR,36).OR.NRPT' $ NFULL=0 $ GO TO 10
000064 END
007200
1          SUBROUTINE PACK(N)
C          PACKS (UNPACKS) INTEGER 0 < N < 32 INTO LOC; IF LOC IS FULL (EMPTY),
C          INCREMENTS IT AND CONTINUES
C
000002 COMMON/MATCH/LITRUL(1200),NEXEC(500),NSTART(250),NLPTR,NRPTR,NFULL
000002 DATA NEXEC/400*0/,NBYTE/10/,NBIT/6/
C
000002 NEXEC(NRPTR)=NEXEC(NRPTR).OR.LSHIFT(N,NFULL*NBIT)
000011 10 NFULL=NFULL+1
000013 IF (NFULL.NE.NBYTE) RETURN
000015 NRPTR=NRPTR+1 $ NFULL=0 $ IF (NRPTR.LE.500) RETURN
000023 PRINT 1000 $ STOP

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000032 1000 FORMAT(* ERROR IN RIGHT-SIDE RULE INPUT--ARRAY NEXEC OVERFLOW*)
C
000032 ENTRY UNPACK
000040 N=LSHIFT(NEXEC(NRPTR),-NFULL*NBIT).AND.077B
000050 GO TO 10
000051 END)
005100

1 SUBROUTINE CRGRAPH
C
C THIS SUBROUTINE TRACES THROUGH THE PARSE TREE. CALLING RSIDE
C TO BUILD THE ACTUAL PROGRAM GRAPH.
C
000001 N=NRULE(-1)
000004 5 LIT=iCH
000005 NTRANS=NRULE(1) $ IF(NTRANS.EQ.1H+) RETURN
000012 IF(NTRANS.GT.0) GO TO 10
000015 NTRANS=-NTRANS $ LIT=NRULE(2)
000020 10 CALL RSIDE(NTRANS,LIT) $ GO TO 5
000023 END)
007400

1 FUNCTION NRULE(ITYPE)
COMMON/OSFLAG/IOFLAG
DIMENSION ICARD(80)
IF(ITYPE.LT.0) GO TO 10
LIT=10H $ IC=10
000005 IF(ICARD(ICOL).NE.1R ) GO TO 5 $ NRULE = 1H+ $ RETURN
000012 5 IF(ICOL.LE.80) GO TO 20
000015 10 READ 1000,ICARD $ ICOL=1
000024 1000 FORMAT(H0R1)
000025 IF(IOFLAG.AND.2048) PRINT 1010,ICARD
000036 1010 FORMAT(1X,80R1)
000036 IF(ITYPE.LT.0) RETURN
000041 20 IF(ICARD(ICOL).EQ.1R ) GO TO 30
000044 LIT = LSHIFT(LIT,6) .AND. 77777777777777777700H
000047 LIT = LIT .OR. ICARD(ICOL)
000051 ICOL=ICOL+1 $ IC=IC-1
000054 GO TO 5
000055 30 IF(ITYPE.EQ.2) GO TO 40
000057 DECODE(10,2000,LIT) NRULE
000066 2000 FORMAT(110)
000067 GO TO 50
000070 40 NRULE=LSHIFT(LIT,6*IC)
000076 50 ICOL=ICOL+1
000100 RETURN
000101 END)
007200

1 SUBROUTINE RSIDE(NRULE,LITERAL)
C
C THIS IS THE BASIC INTERPRETER OF THE SYSTEM -- IT CALLS THE GRAPH-
C BUILDING SEMANTIC EXECS IN SEQUENCE SPECIFIED IN COMMON /MATCH/
C
000004 COMMON/MATCH/LITRUL(1200),NEXEC(500),NSTART(250),NLPTR,NRPTR,NFULL
000004 COMMON/UNI/UNIV,NONTERM,IG
000004 COMMON/OSFLAG/IOFLAG
C GET STARTING LOCN (INDEX) OF FIRST LITERAL
000004 NLPTR=LSHIFT(NSTART(NRULE),-30).AND.077777B
C GET STARTING LOCN (INDEX) OF EXEC SEQUENCE
000010 NRPTR=NSTART(NRULE).AND.077777B $ NFULL=0
CF GET EXEC NUMBER TO CALL IF ANY
000015 10 CALL UNPACK(N) $ IF(N.GT.0) GO TO 15
000023 IF((IOFLAG.AND.2048).EQ.0) GO TO 25
000025 PRINT 1010,NRULE,LITERAL

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```

000034 1010 FORMAT(* RIGHT-SIDE RULE*,I4,* LITERAL *,A10)
000036 RETURN
000036 25 IF((IOFLAG.AND.128).EQ.0) RETURN
000041 PRINT 1000,NRULE,LITERAL
000051 1000 FORMAT(///,* PARTIAL GRAPH AFTER RULE *,I4,* WITH LITERAL *,A10,/)
000053 CALL TRGRAPH(UNIV,1000,1)
000055 RETURN
C CALL SEMANTIC EXEC TO BUILD GRAPH
000056 15 CALL EXECSEM(N,LITERAL) $ IF(IOFLAG.AND.64) 20,10,20
C TRACE SEMANTIC STACK IF DESIRED
000064 20 CALL PRTSEM(N) $ GO TO 10
000070 END
007200
1 SUBROUTINE PRTSEM(N)
C
C PRINTS TOP 5 WORDS OF SEMANTIC STACK--IF GROPE VALUES.
C PRINTS AS SUCH; ELSE AS LITERALS
C
000002 COMMON ISYN(50),ISEM(50),ISTK,IGRRG(19)
000002 DIMENSION IPP-LIST(5)
000002 DO 10 I=1,5
000004 J=ISEM(ISTK-S+I)
000007 5 IF(ISVAL(J)) 15,10,15
000013 15 IF(ISATOM(J)) 20,25,20
000017 25 IF(EQUAL(OBJECT(J),ATOM(7HNONTERM,1))) 30,35,30
000030 30 J=INTGER(VALUE(J)) $ GO TO 20
000036 35 J=INTGER(OBJECT(J)) $ GO TO 5
000044 20 J=IMAGE(J)
000046 IF(J.GE.1000) GO TO 10
000052 ENCODE(10,2000,J) J
000061 J=LSHIFT(J,42)
000064 2000 FORMAT(I10)
000065 10 IPP-LIST(I)=J
000071 PRINT 1000,N,IPP-LIST
000101 1000 FORMAT(10X,*AFTER EXEC *,I2,*, SEMANTIC STACK:*.5A10)
000102 RETURN $ END
007200
1 FUNCTION NDECOD(LIT)
C
C FUNCTION DECODES LEFT-JUSTIFIED DISPLAY CODED *LIT* INTO AN
C INTEGER. RETURNED AS THE FUNCTION VALUE.
C
000002 LIT1=LIT
000003 5 IF((LIT1.AND.77B).NE.1F) GO TO 10
000006 LIT1=LSHIFT(LIT1,54) $ GO TO 5
000012 10 DECODE(10,1000,LIT1) LIT1
000022 1000 FORMAT(I10)
000023 NDECOD=LIT1
000025 RETURN $ END
007500
1 FUNCTION RDECOD(LIT)
C
C FUNCTION DECODES LEFT-JUSTIFIED REAL
C
000002 LIT1=LIT
000003 DECODE(10,1000,LIT1) RLIT
000013 1000 FORMAT(F10.0)
000014 RDECOD=RLIT $ RETURN $ END
007500
1 SUBROUTINE EXECSEM(N,LITERAL)
C
C SEMANTIC EXECUTIVE ROUTINE -- THESE APPROX. 15 ROUTINES ARE

```


C USED TO BUILD THE ACTUAL PROGRAM GRAPH STRUCTURE AT RUN-TIME.
 C THE COMMON BLOCK /MATCH/ FROM *PARSER* CONTAINS ALL THE INFORMATION
 C NECESSARY FOR THEM TO FOLLOW THE PARSE OF THE GRAPH LANGUAGE AND
 C CONSTRUCT THE CORRECT STRUCTURES.
 C

```

000004 COMMON/UNI/UNIV,NONTERM,IG
000004 COMMON/OSFLAG/IOFLAG
000004 COMMON/MATCH/LITRUL(1200),NEXEC(500),NSTART(250),NLPTR,NRPTR,NFULL
000004 COMMON/NTERM/NT(11)
000004 COMMON SYN(50),SEM(50),ISTK,IGRNG(19)
000004 EXTERNAL CHATON,CHAFRN
000004 GO TO (1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10,11,12,13,14,15),N
                                <NUMBER>
C   1 IENTRY=0 $ XND=0. $ RETURN
C   ↑ <N-LAB> <A-LAB> <N-LAB> ↑
000030 C   2 IARC=1 $ GO TO 950
C   [ <N-LAB> <SG>
000032 C   3 IF (SEM(ISTK)) 31,30,31
000034 30 IG=IG+1 $ SEM(ISTK)=CHORJ(CURND,QUOTE(IG)) $ RETURN
000045 31 SEM(ISTK)=CHORJ(CURND,SEM(ISTK)) $ RETURN
C   / <NTERM> = <S-O-N> / ↑ /
000053 C   4 X=RSETI(SEM(ISTK-2)) $ IF (LENGTH(X)) 41,41,40
000065 40 CALL MAPFT(X,CHATON,SEM(ISTK-1))
000073 41 X=RSETO(SEM(ISTK-2)) $ IF (LENGTH(X)) 43,43,42
000105 42 CALL MAPFT(X,CHAFRN,SEM(ISTK))
000113 43 CALL DETND(SEM(ISTK-2)) $ CALL UNREL(SEM(ISTK-2))
000121 DO 44 I=2,11
000124 L=LENGTH(INSET(NT(I)))
000130 IF (L) 44,44,45
000133 45 RDR=CREEDR(INSET(NT(I)))
000141 DO 46 J=1,L
000144 46 X=CHOBJ(TO(RDR),NONTERM)
000155 44 CONTINUE
000157 ISTK=ISTK-3 $ RETURN
C   <SG> ↑ <-----> <SG>
000161 C   5 ISTK=ISTK+1 $ SEM(ISTK)=0. $ RETURN
C   <IDENT> ↑ <----->
000165 C   6 ISTK=ISTK+1 $ SEM(ISTK)=PEALE(LITRUL(NLPTR)) $ NLPTR=NLPTR+1
000175 RETURN
C   ↓ <N-LAB> <A-LAB> <N-LAB> ↓
000175 C   7 IARC=-1 $ GO TO 950
C   [
000177 8 XCURND=CURND $ IF (XND) 80,81,80
000202 80 CURND=XND $ XND=0. $ GO TO 82
000205 81 CURND=CRNODE(QUOTE(0),CURGR)
000214 82 CURGR=CRETGR(X) $ X=HANG(CURND,CURGR)
000222 ISTK=ISTK+1
000223 SEM(ISTK)=CURND
000225 IF (IENTRY.EQ.1) X=HANG(GRAPH(XCURND),CURND)
000235 IENTRY=1
000236 IF (INTGER(SEM(ISTK-1)).EQ.10H= ) SEM(ISTK-1)=CURND
000247 RETURN
C   =
000250 C   9 SEM(ISTK-1)=GEINT(SEM(ISTK)) $ CURND=SEM(ISTK-1)
000256 CURGR=GRAPH(CURND) $ SEM(ISTK)=10H= $ RETURN
1 C   <NTERM> <SG> ↑ <NODE> <SG>
000263 10 IF (SEM(ISTK)) 100,101,100
000265 101 PRINT 1000. $ SFM(ISTK)=ATOM(3HNIL,1) $ GO TO 103
000277 1000 FORMAT(6H *****,*ERROR--NON-TERMINAL WITH NULL VALUE ENCOUNTERED--
    *WILL USE ATOM ↑NIL↑ AS VALUE*)
000277 100 IF (SEM(ISTK).NE.ATOM(7HLITERAL,1)) GO TO 103
000305 102 LT=LSHIFT(LITERAL,6).AND.077B

```

```

000310 IF(LT.GT.1RZ.AND.(LT.LE.1R9.OR.LT.EQ.1R.)) GO TO 104
000326 SEM(ISTK)=ATOM(LITERAL,1) $ GO TO 105
C CONVERT TO INTEGER OR REAL ATOM...
000334 104 LIT=LITERAL
000335 DO 918 I=1,10
000337 LIT=LSHIFT(LITERAL,6)
000343 918 IF((LIT.AND.077B).EQ.1R.) GO TO 919
000347 SEM(ISTK)=ATOM(NDECOD(LITERAL),0) $ GO TO 105
000360 919 SEM(ISTK)=ATOM(RDECOD(LITERAL),-1)
000371 105 IF(SEM(ISTK-1)) 106,107,106
000373 106 NTLAB=INTGER(SEM(ISTK-1)) $ GO TO 917
000401 107 IG=IG+1 $ NTLAB=INTGER(QUOTE(IG)) $ GO TO 917
000411 103 IF(SEM(ISTK-1)) 915,916,915
000413 915 NTLAB=INTGER(SEM(ISTK-1)) $ GO TO 917
000421 916 NTLAB=NONTERM
000423 917 IF(XND) 109,905,109
000424 109 CURND=CHOBJ(XND,NTLAB) $ XND=0. $ GO TO 108
000432 905 CURND=CRNODE(NTLAB,CURGR)
000436 108 SEM(ISTK-1)=HANG(CURND,SEM(ISTK))
000443 IF(INTGER(SEM(ISTK-2)).EQ.10H= ) SEM(ISTK-2)=CURND
000453 ISTK=ISTK-1
000455 IF(IENTRY.EQ.0) RETURN
000456 X=HANG(CURGR,SEM(ISTK)) $ IENTRY=0 $ RETURN
C [ <N-LAB> <S-O-N> ] $ <NODE>
000463 11 CURND=SEM(ISTK-2) $ CURGR=GRAPH(CURND) $ XND=0.
000470 ISTK=ISTK-2 $ RETURN
C <N>,<A> <S-O-N>,<S-O-A> $ <S-O-N>,<S-O-A>
000473 12 SEM(ISTK-1)=SEM(ISTK) $ ISTK=ISTK-1 $ RETURN
C ( <N-LAB> <VALUE> ) $ <NODE>
000477 13 IF(XND) 130,131,130
000500 130 IF(SEM(ISTK-1)) 907,908,907
000502 907 X=CHOBJ(XND,SEM(ISTK-1)) $ XND=0. $ GO TO 132
000511 908 IG=IG+1 $ X=CHOBJ(XND,QUOTE(IG)) $ XND=0. $ GO TO 132
000523 131 IF(SEM(ISTK-1)) 133,134,133
000525 133 X=CRNODE(SEM(ISTK-1),CURGR) $ GO TO 132
000533 134 X=CRNODE(CURGR)
000537 132 CURND=X $ SEM(ISTK-1)=X
000542 IF(SEM(ISTK)) 138,139,138
000543 138 X=HANG(X,SEM(ISTK))
000550 139 IF(INTGER(SEM(ISTK-2)).NE.10H= ) GO TO 135
000556 SEM(ISTK-2)=X $ GO TO 914
000561 135 IF(SEM(ISTK).EQ.0) GO TO 137
000563 IF(RESWORD(IMAGE(SEM(ISTK)))) 136,137
000572 136 SEM(ISTK-1)=HANG(SEM(ISTK-1),ATOM(IMAGE(SEM(ISTK)),-3))
000607 137 IF(IENTRY) 913,914,913
000610 913 X=HANG(CURGR,SEM(ISTK-1)) $ IENTRY=0
000616 914 ISTK=ISTK-1 $ RETURN
C E↑↑ <N-LAB> <A-LAB> <N-LAB> ↑↑E $ <ARC>
000620 14 IARC=0
000621 950 IF(SEM(ISTK-2)) 140,141,140
C HERE CHECK FOR AMBIGUITY $ *<N-LAB>↓
1000623 140 IF(SEM(ISTK-1).NE.0..OR.SEM(ISTK).NE.0.) GO TO 906
000632 SEM(ISTK)=SEM(ISTK-2) $ GO TO 141
000634 906 IF(LENGTH(NSET(SEM(ISTK-2)))) 142,142,143
000644 142 I=IMAGE(SEM(ISTK-2)) $ PRINT 1400,I $ GO TO 141
000661 1400 FORMAT(6H ****,*ERROR--NODE*,A10,* REFERENCED IN ARC DEFN BEFORE
*CREATION: CURRENT NODE WILL BE USED*)
000661 143 FN=FIRST(NSET(SEM(ISTK-2))) $ GO TO 144
000671 141 FN=CURND
000673 144 IF(SEM(ISTK-1)) 145,146,145
000675 145 AL=SEM(ISTK-1) $ GO TO 147
000700 146 AL=QUOTE(0)

```

```

000704 147 IF(SEM(ISTK)) 148,149,148
000706 148 IF(LENGTH(NSET(SEM(ISTK)))) 901,901,900
000716 901 I=IMAGE(SEM(ISTK)) $ PRINT 1400,I $ GO TO 149
000733 900 TN=FIRST(NSET(SEM(ISTK))) $ GO TO 902
000743 149 IF(XND) 903,904,903
000744 903 TN=XND $ GO TO 902
000746 904 TN=CRNODE(QUOTE(0),CURGR) $ XND=TN
000756 902 IF(IAFC) 909,909,910
000760 909 CALL CRARC(FN,AL,TN)
000765 910 IF(IAFC) 911,912,912
000767 912 CALL CRARC(TN,AL,FN)
000774 911 ISTK=ISTK-3 $ RETURN
C <NUMHR> → ←----->
000776 C 15 GO TO 6
000777 ENTRY ERROR
001006 PRINT 1010,N $ RETURN
001015 1010 FORMAT(BOX,5F*****,*ERROR*.I2,* CALLED*)
001015 END
004100

1 FUNCTION GETNT(VAL)
C THIS FUNCTION RETURNS AS ITS VALUE THE NODE WITH OBJECT
C ENONTERME AND VALUE EVALÉ
COMMON/UNI/UNIV,NONTERM,IG
COMMON/RDRS/RDR,RDR2
L=LENGTH(NSET(NONTERM))
RDR=CHORIG(RDR,NSET(NONTERM))
DO 10 I=1,L
IF(EQUAL(VAL,VALUE(TO(RDR)))) 2,10,2
10 CONTINUE
GETNT=0 $ PRINT 1000
1000 FORMAT(* ERROR--NO NON-TERMINAL FOUND WITH VALUE:*)
X=PRXPFT(VAL,OBJECT) $ STOP
2 GETNT=REED(RDR) $ RETURN $ END

1 FUNCTION CRTNODE(GRAPH)
C THIS FUNCTION CREATES (USING CRNODE) A TERMINAL NODE WITH
C OBJECT DETERMINED BY A RUNNING COUNTER
COMMON/UNI/UNIV,NONTERM,IG
IG=IG+1
CRTNODE=CRNODE(QUOTE(IG),GRAPH)
RETURN
ENTRY CRETGR
C AS ABOVE FOR GRAPHS
IG=IG+1
CRETGR=RELATE(CREGR(QUOTE(IG))) $ RETURN
END

1 SUBROUTINE TRGRAPH(GRAPH,MAXLEV,NUM1)
COMMON/RDRS/RDR,RDR2
NUM=MARGIN(NUM1)
LEVR=0
RDR=CHORIG(RDR,RNDSET(GRAPH))
20 XN=TO(RDR)
X=TRNODE(XN)
IF(VALUE(XN)) 15,40,15
15 IF(ISGRAF(VALUE(XN))) 10,40,10
10 IF(LEVR.GE.MAXLEV) GO TO 40
NUM=MARGIN(NUM+2) $ LEVR=LEVR+1
RDR=DSNDTO(RDR,NDSET(VALUE(XN))) $ GO TO 20
40 IF(ISATND(RDR)) 30,20,30
30 IF(ISDEEP(RDR)) 50,60,50
50 NUM=MARGIN(NUM-2)

```

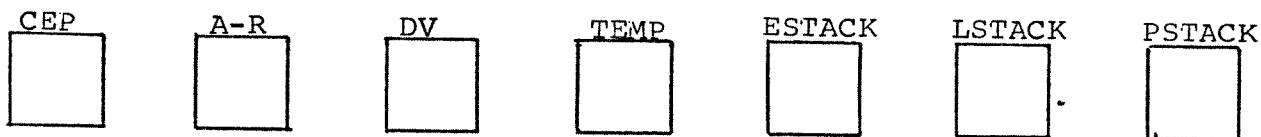
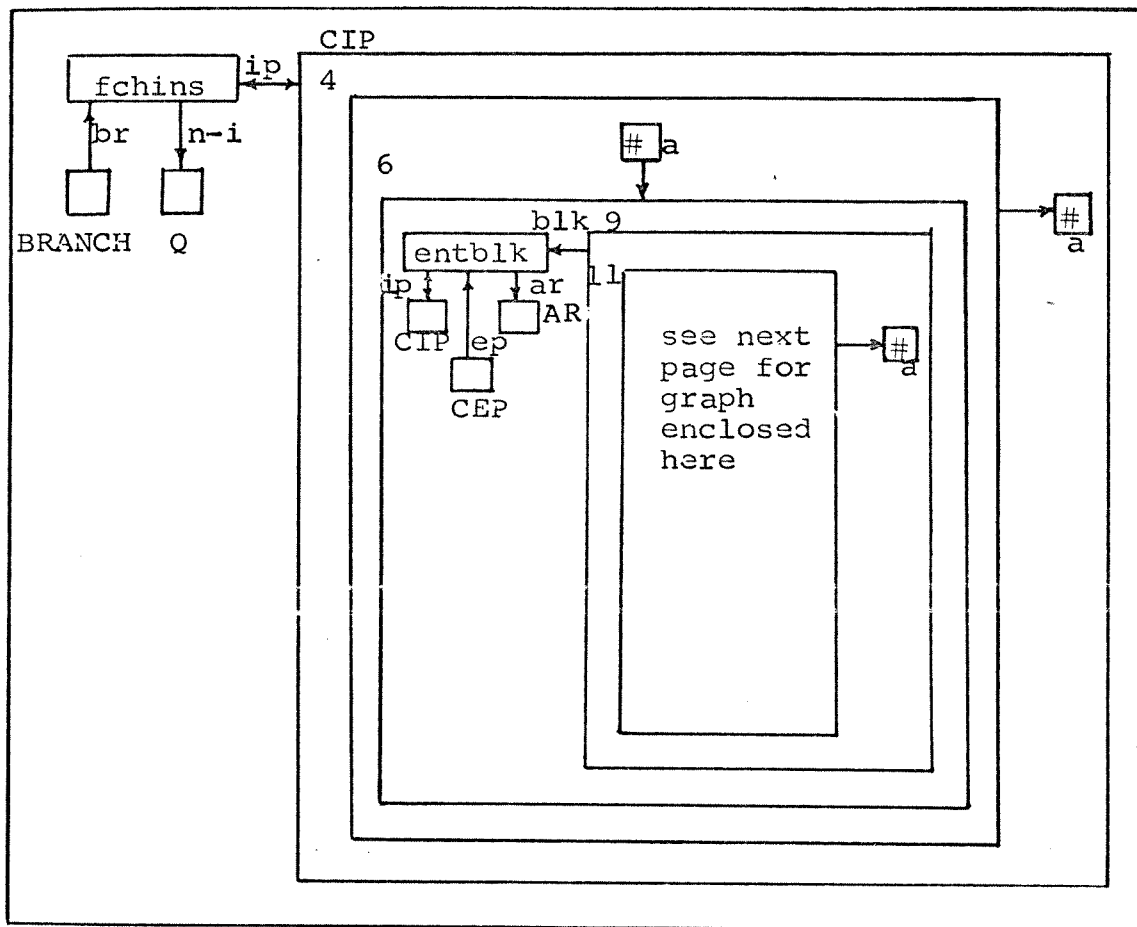
```

000103      LEVR=LEVR-1
000105      RDR=ASEND(RDR) $ GO TO 40
000112      60 RETURN $ END
007200
1          FUNCTION RNDSET(GR)
000002      EXTERNAL STACK
000002      RNDSET=CREL(QUOTE(0))
000007      CALL MAPFT(RNDSET(GR),STACK,RNDSET)
000014      RETURN $ END
007500
1          FUNCTION TRNODE(NODE)
000002      COMMON/RDRS/RDR,RDR2
000002      CALL TERPRI
000003      X=PRXPFT(LIST(ATOM(5HNODE:,1),OBJECT(NODE),ATOM(6HVALUE:,1),
* VALUE(NODE)),OBJECT)
000030      70 L1=LENGTH(RSETI(NODE)) $ IF(L1.LE.0) GO TO 30
000036      RDR2=CHORIG(RDR2,RSETI(NODE)) $ LRSI=LIST(ATOM(6HRSETI:,1))
000050      DO 40 I=1,L1
000052      RC=T0(RDR2)
000054      40 X=CONCAT(LRSI,LIST(LIST(OBJECT(RC),OBJECT(FRNODE(RC))))))
000076      X=PRXPFT(LRSI,OBJECT)
000102      30 L1=LENGTH(RSETO(NODE)) $ IF(L1.LE.0) GO TO 50
000110      RDR2=CHORIG(RDR2,RSETO(NODE)) $ LRSO=LIST(ATOM(6HRSETO:,1))
000122      DO 60 I=1,L1
000124      RC=T0(RDR2)
000126      60 X=CONCAT(LRSO,LIST(LIST(OBJECT(RC),OBJECT(TONODE(RC))))))
000150      X=PRXPFT(LRSO,OBJECT)
000154      50 TRNODE=QUOTE(1) $ RETURN $ END
007000

```

Appendix G: Sample ALGOL Program Graphs

P

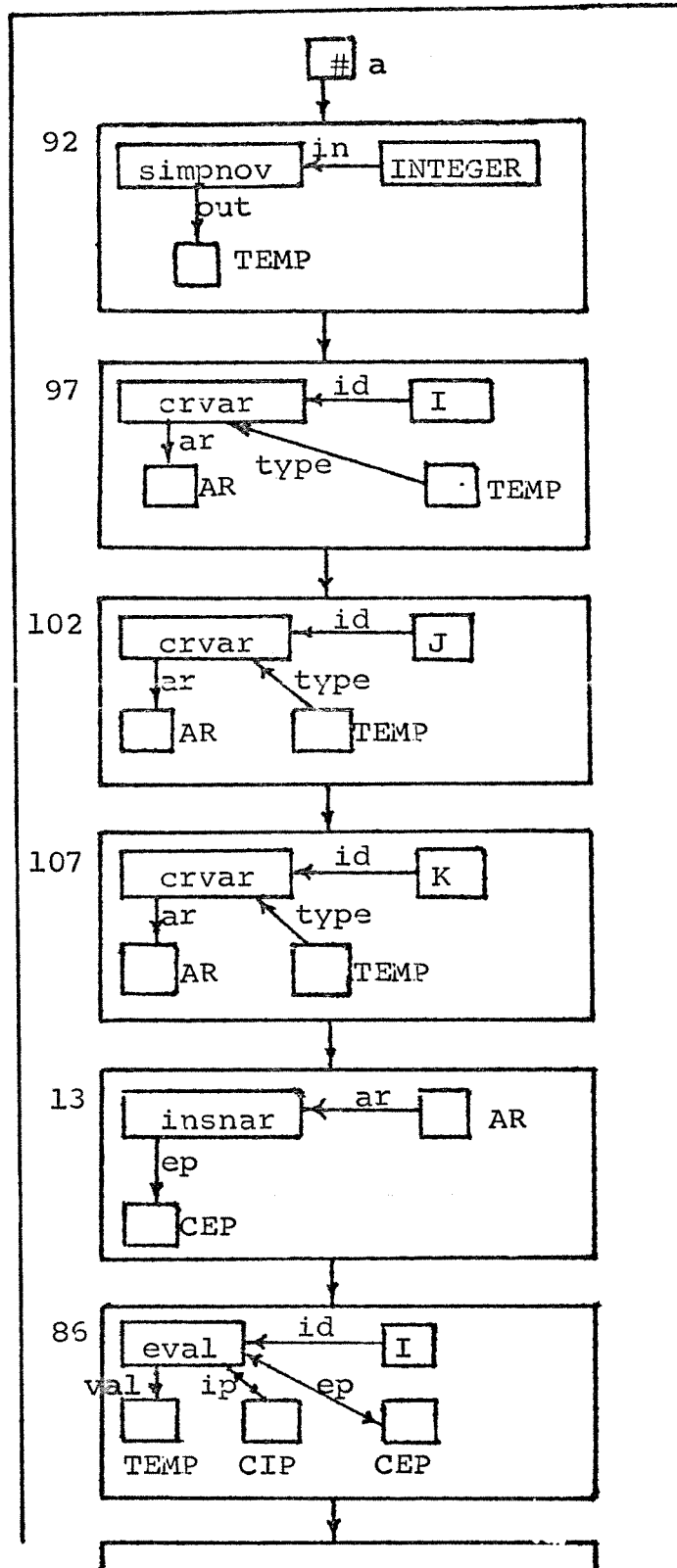


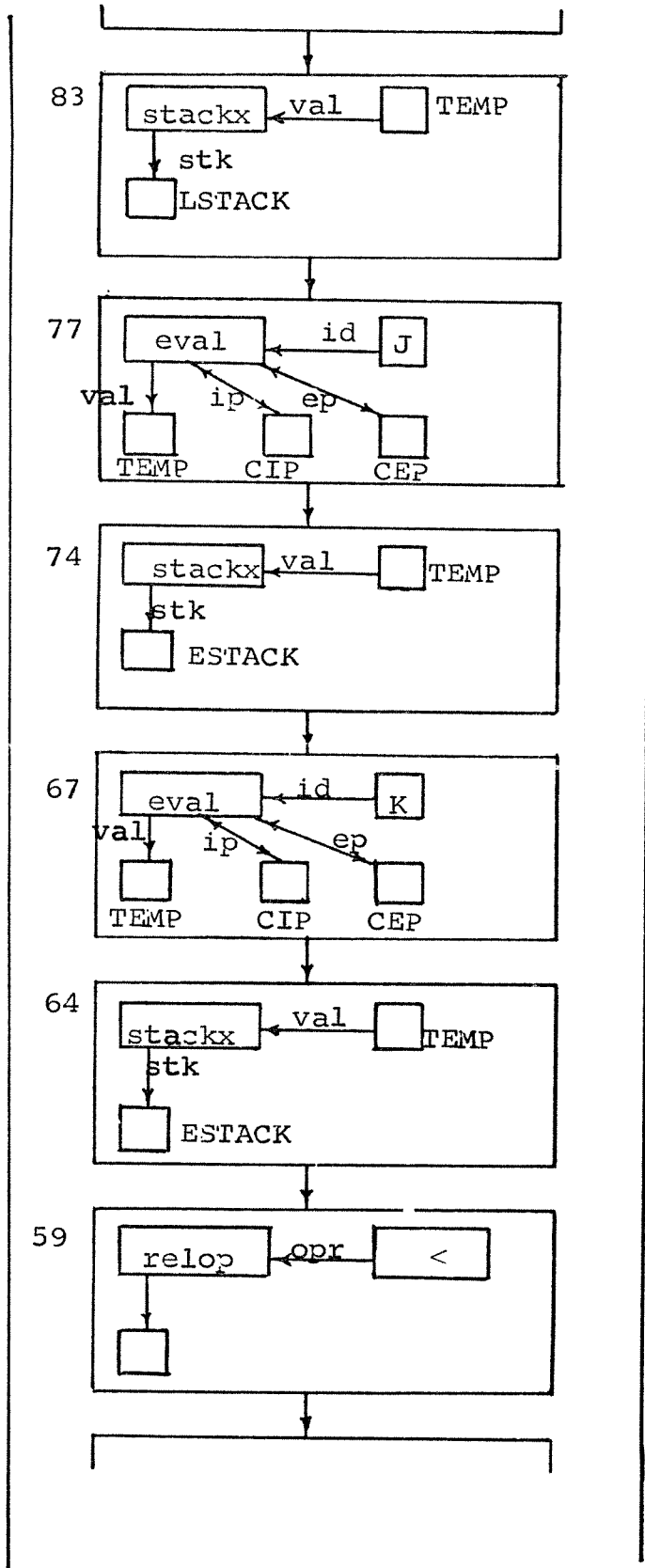
Sample Program:

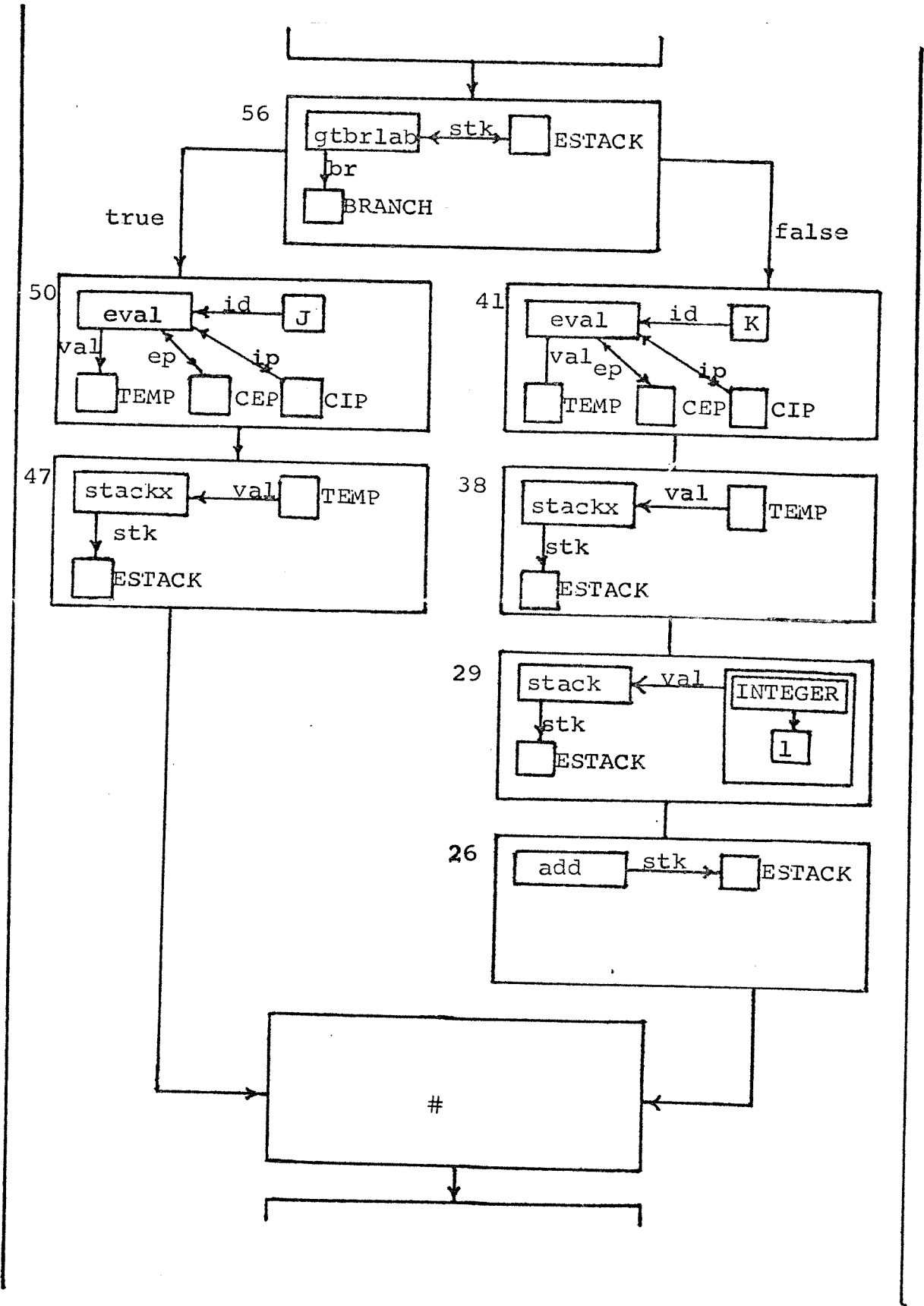
```

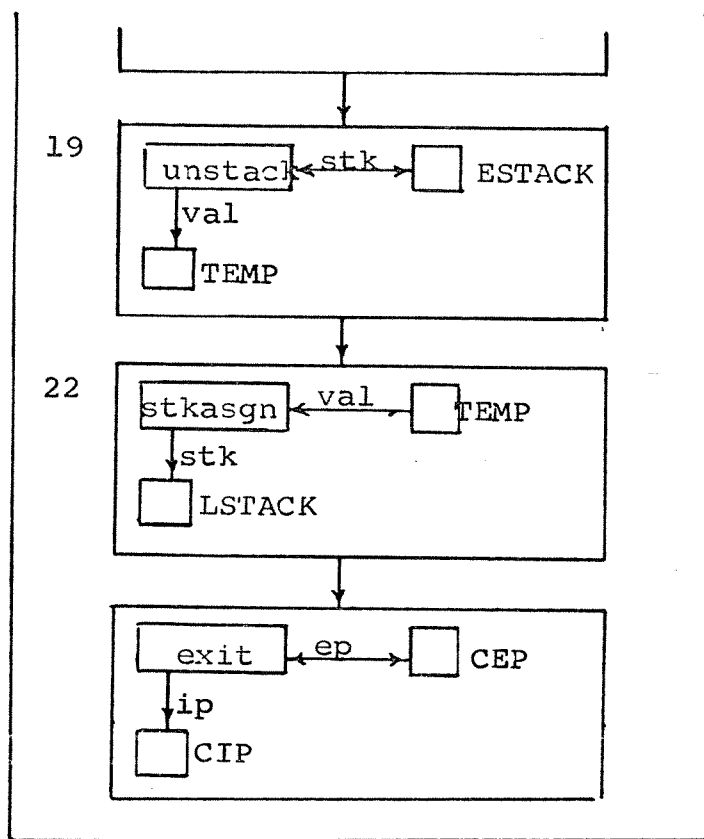
begin
  integer i, j, k;
  i := if j < k then j else k + 1
end
    
```

11









(NODE: P VALUE: 1)

(NODE: CIP VALUE: 2)

(RSETI: (IP 47) (IP 78) (IP 68) (TP 51) (IP 42) (TP 17) (TP 7) (IP FCH))
(RSETO: (IP 47) (IP 78) (IP 68) (TP 51) (IP 42) (TP 7) (TP FCH))

(NODE: 4 VALUE: 3)

(RSETO: (O A))

(NODE: 6 VALUE: 5)

(RSETI: (O A))

(NODE: 9 VALUE: 8)

(RSETO: (BLK 7))

(NODE: 11 VALUE: 10)

(RSETO: (O A))

(NODE: 107 VALUE: 106)

(RSETI: (O 102))

(RSETO: (O 13))

(NODE: 110 VALUE: 109)

(RSETO: (ID 108))

(NODE: 111 VALUE: K)

(NODE: 108 VALUE: CRVAR)

(RSETI: (ID 110) (TYPE TEMP))

(RSETO: (AR AR))

(NODE: 102 VALUE: 101)

(RSETI: (O 97))

(RSETO: (O 107))

(NODE: 105 VALUE: 104)

(RSETO: (ID 103))

(NODE: 112 VALUE: J)

(NODE: 103 VALUE: CRVAR)

(RSETI: (ID 105) (TYPE TEMP))

(RSETO: (AR AR))

(NODE: 97 VALUE: 96)

(RSETI: (O 92))

(RSETO: (O 102))

(NODE: 100 VALUE: 99)

(RSETO: (ID 94))

(NODE: 113 VALUE: I)

(NODE: 94 VALUE: CRVAR)

(RSETI: (ID 100) (TYPE TEMP))
(RSETO: (AR AR))

(NODE: 92 VALUE: 91)
(RSETI: (O A))
(RSETO: (O 97))

(NODE: 95 VALUE: 94)
(RSETO: (IN 93))

(NODE: 114 VALUE: INTEGER)

(NODE: 93 VALUE: SIMPMOV)
(RSETI: (IN 95))
(RSETO: (OUT TEMP))

(NODE: 86 VALUE: 85)
(RSETI: (O 13))
(RSETO: (O 83))

(NODE: 89 VALUE: 88)
(RSETO: (ID 87))

(NODE: 90 VALUE: I)

(NODE: 87 VALUE: EVAL)
(RSETI: (ID 89) (EP CEP) (IP CIP))
(RSETO: (EP CEP) (IP CIP) (VAL TEMP))

(NODE: 83 VALUE: 82)
(RSETI: (O 86))
(RSETO: (O 77))

(NODE: 84 VALUE: STACKX)
(RSETI: (VAL TEMP))
(RSETO: (STK LSTACK))

(NODE: 77 VALUE: 76)
(RSETI: (O 83))
(RSETO: (O 74))

(NODE: 80 VALUE: 79)
(RSETO: (ID 78))

(NODE: 81 VALUE: J)

(NODE: 78 VALUE: EVAL)
(RSETI: (ID 80) (EP CEP) (IP CIP))
(RSETO: (EP CEP) (IP CIP) (VAL TEMP))

(NODE: 74 VALUE: 73)
(RSETI: (O 77))
(RSETO: (O 67))

(NODE: 75 VALUE: STACKX)
(RSETI: (VAL TEMP))
(RSETO: (STK RSTACK))

(NODE: 67 VALUE: 66)
(RSETI: (O 74))
(RSETO: (O 64))

(NODE: 70 VALUE: 69)
(RSET0: (ID 68))

(NODE: 71 VALUE: K)

(NODE: 68 VALUE: EVAL)
(RSET1: (ID 70) (EP CEP) (IP CIP))
(RSET0: (EP CEP) (IP CIP) (VAL TEMP))

(NODE: 64 VALUE: 63)
(RSET1: (O 67))
(RSET0: (O 59))

(NODE: 65 VALUE: STACKX)
(RSET1: (VAL TEMP))
(RSET0: (STK ESTACK))

(NODE: 59 VALUE: 58)
(RSET1: (O 64))
(RSET0: (O 56))

(NODE: 62 VALUE: 61)
(RSET0: (OPR 60))

(NODE: 72 VALUE: <)

(NODE: 60 VALUE: RELOP)
(RSET1: (OPR 62))
(RSET0: (STK ESTACK))

(NODE: 56 VALUE: 55)
(RSET1: (O 59))
(RSET0: (TRUE 50) (FALSE 41))

(NODE: 57 VALUE: GTBR LRL)
(RSET1: (STK ESTACK))
(RSET0: (STK ESTACK) (BR BRANCH))

(NODE: 50 VALUE: 49)
(RSET1: (TRUE 56))
(RSET0: (A 47))

(NODE: 53 VALUE: 52)
(RSET0: (ID 51))

(NODE: 54 VALUE: J)

(NODE: 51 VALUE: EVAL)
(RSET1: (ID 53) (EP CEP) (IP CIP))
(RSET0: (EP CEP) (IP CIP) (VAL TEMP))

(NODE: 47 VALUE: 46)
(RSET1: (O 50))
(RSET0: (O 24))

(NODE: 48 VALUE: STACKX)
(RSET1: (VAL TEMP))
(RSET0: (STK ESTACK))

(NODE: 41 VALUE: 40)
(RSET1: (FALSE 56))
(RSET0: (O 38))

(NODE: 44 VALUE: 43)
(RSET0: (IC 42))

(NODE: 45 VALUE: K)

(NODE: 42 VALUE: EVAL)
(RSET1: (IC 44) (EP CEP) (IP CIP))
(RSET0: (EP CEP) (IP CIP) (VAL TEMP))

(NODE: 38 VALUE: 37)
(RSET1: (O 41))
(RSET0: (O 29))

(NODE: 39 VALUE: STACKX)
(RSET1: (VAL TEMP))
(RSET0: (STK ESTACK))

(NODE: 29 VALUE: 28)
(RSET1: (O 38))
(RSET0: (O 26))

(NODE: 32 VALUE: 31)
(RSET0: (VAL 30))

(NODE: 35 VALUE: 34)
(RSET1: (O 33))

(NODE: 36 VALUE: J)

(NODE: 33 VALUE: INTEGER)
(RSET0: (O 35))

(NODE: 30 VALUE: STACKX)
(RSET1: (VAL 32))
(RSET0: (STK ESTACK))

(NODE: 26 VALUE: 25)
(RSET1: (O 29))
(RSET0: (O 24))

(NODE: 27 VALUE: ADD)
(RSET0: (STK ESTACK))

(NODE: 24 VALUE:)
(RSET1: (O 47) (O 26))
(RSET0: (O 19))

(NODE: 22 VALUE: 21)
(RSET1: (O 19))
(RSET0: (O 16))

(NODE: 23 VALUE: STKASGN)
(RSET1: (VAL TEMP))
(RSET0: (STK LSTACK))

(NODE: 19 VALUE: 18)
(RSET1: (O 24))
(RSET0: (O 22))

(NODE: 20 VALUE: UNSTACK)
(RSET1: (STK ESTACK))

(RSET0: (STK ESTACK) (VAL TEMP))
(NODE: 16 VALUE: 15)
(RSET1: (0 22))

(NODE: 17 VALUE: EXITX)
(RSET1: (EP CEP))
(RSET0: (EP CEP) (IP CIP))

(NODE: 13 VALUE: 12)
(RSET1: (0 107))
(RSET0: (0 R6))

(NODE: 14 VALUE: INSNAR)
(RSET1: (AR A2))
(RSET0: (EP CEP))

(NODE: A VALUE:)
(RSET1: (0 11))
(RSET0: (0 92))

(NODE: 7 VALUE: ENTRBLK)
(RSET1: (BLK 9) (EP CEP) (IP CIP))
(RSET0: (AR AR) (IP CIP))

(NODE: A VALUE:)
(RSET1: (0 4))
(RSET0: (0 6))

(NODE: W VALUE:)
(RSET1: (NI FCH))

(NODE: BRANCH VALUE:)
(RSET1: (BR 47))
(RSET0: (HR FCH))

(NODE: FCH VALUE: FCHINS)
(RSET1: (IP CIP) (HR BRANCH))
(RSET0: (IP CIP) (NI 0))

(NODE: CEP VALUE:)
(RSET1: (EP 47) (EP 78) (EP 68) (EP 51) (EP 42) (EP 17) (EP 14))
(RSET0: (EP 47) (EP 78) (EP 68) (EP 51) (EP 42) (EP 17) (EP 7))

(NODE: AR VALUE:)
(RSET1: (AR 109) (AR 103) (AR 98) (AR 7))
(RSET0: (AR 14))

(NODE: UV VALUE:)

(NODE: TEMP VALUE:)
(RSET1: (OUT 92) (VAL 47) (VAL 78) (VAL 68) (VAL 51) (VAL 42) (VAL 20))
(RSET0: (TYPE 10R) (TYPE 103) (TYPE 9R) (VAL 84) (VAL 75) (VAL 65) (VAL 4R) (VAL 39) (VAL 27))

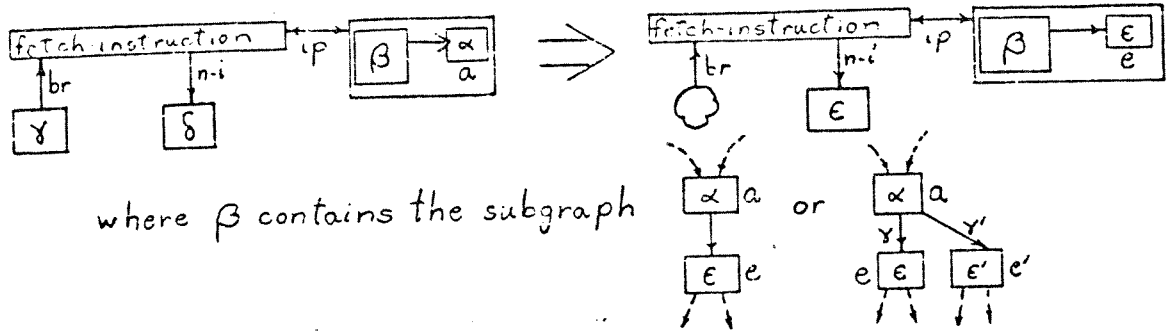
(NODE: RSTACK VALUE:)
(RSET1: (STK 75) (STK 65) (STK 60) (STK 57) (STK 4R) (STK 39) (STK 30) (STK 27) (STK 20))
(RSET0: (STK 57) (STK 20))

(NODE: LSTACK VALUE:)
(RSET1: (STK 84) (STK 23))

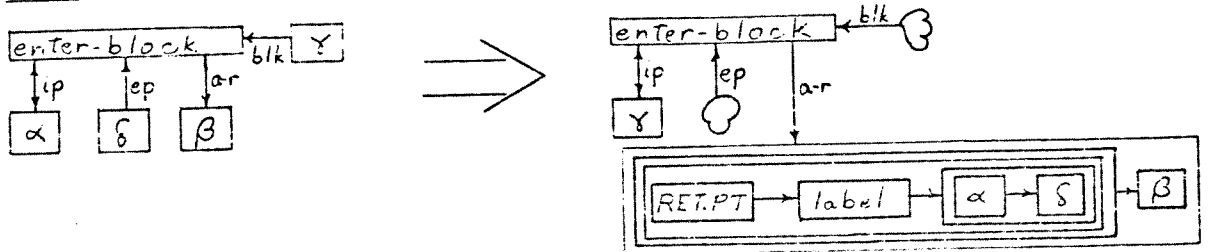
(NODE: RSTACK VALUE:)

Appendix H: Function Transformations

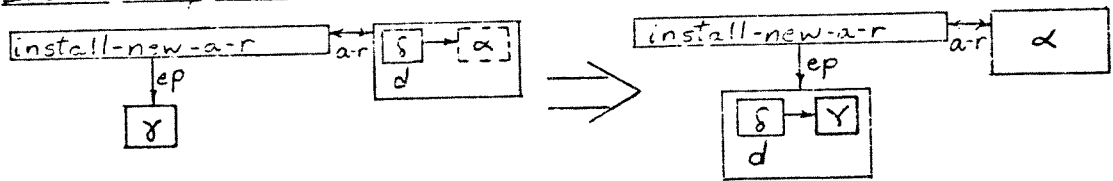
1. Fetch next instruction and update current instruction pointer



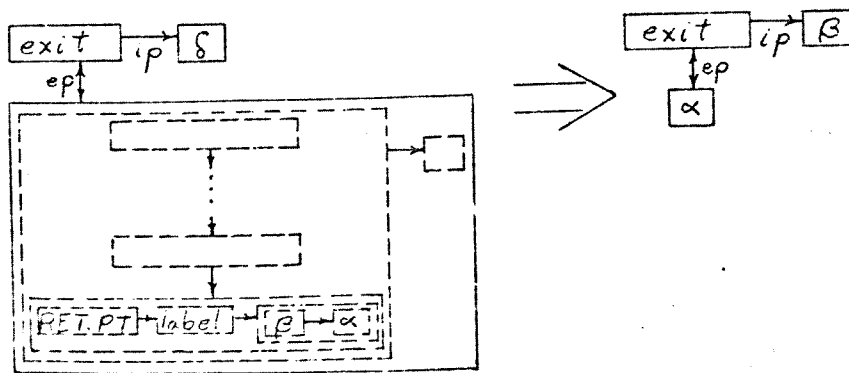
2. Enter block and set return point in new activation record.



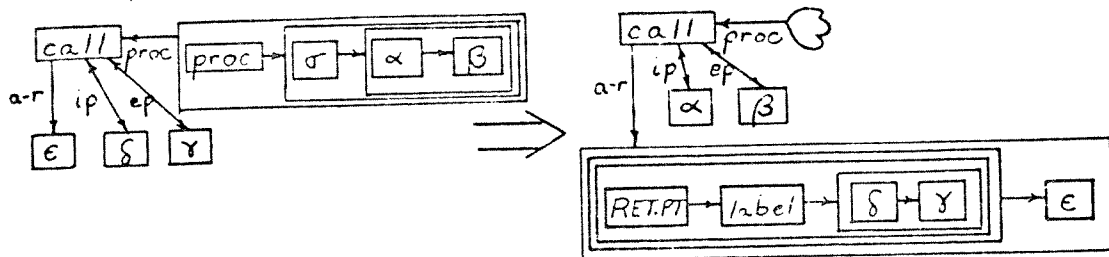
3. Install newly created activation record as top of current environment stack



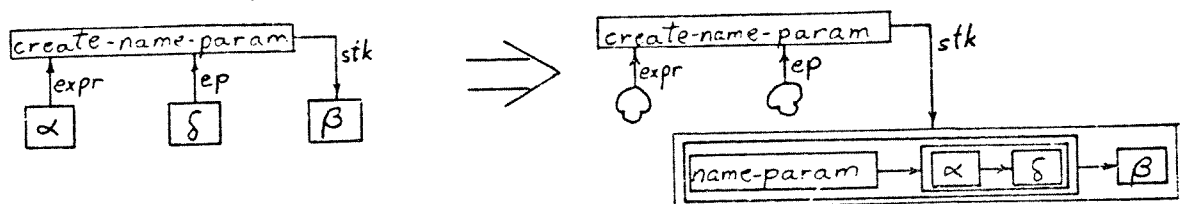
4. Exit block, procedure, or for statement body



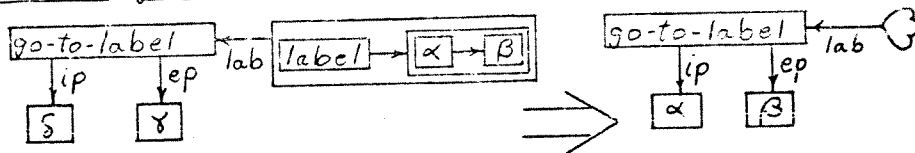
5. Call procedure and set return point in new activation record.



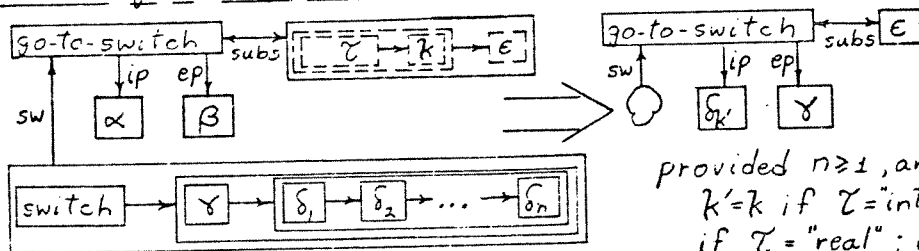
6. Transmit actual parameter by name using parameter stack.



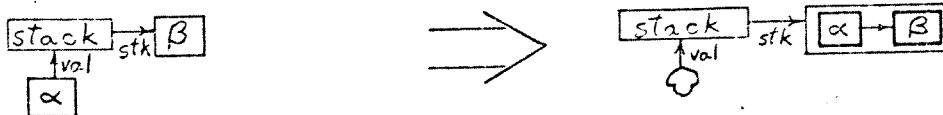
7. Execute go to with label.



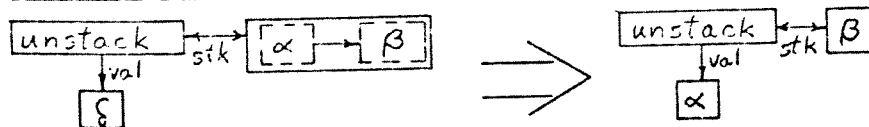
8. Execute go to with switch.



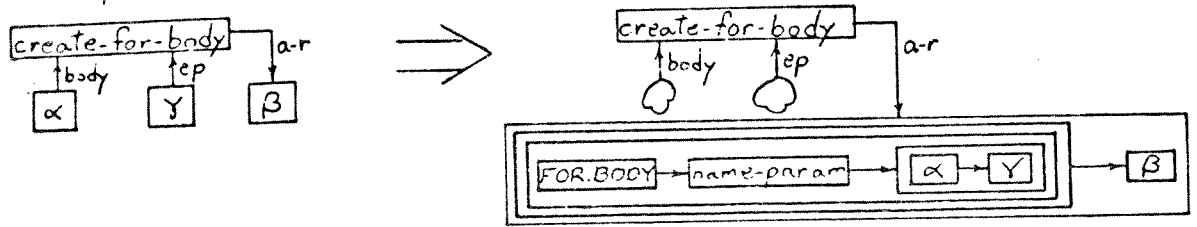
9. Stack value on hierarchical stack.



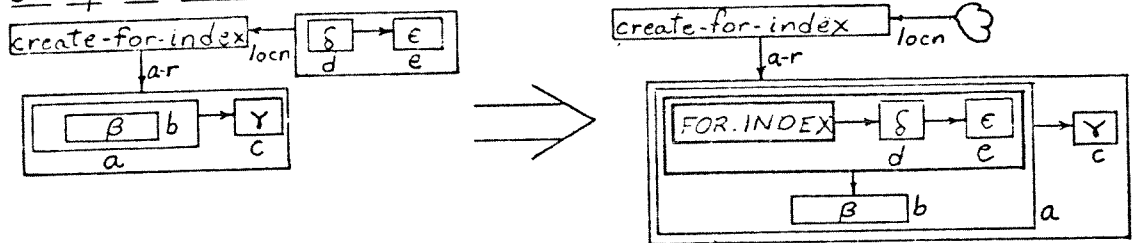
10. Unstack value from hierarchical stack.



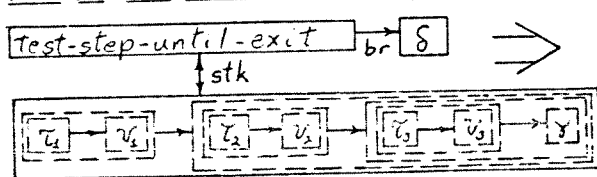
11. Set up for statement body in new activation record.



12. Set up for statement controlled variable in activation record.

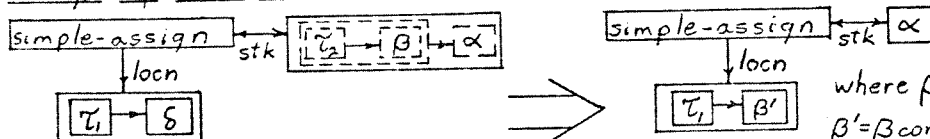


13. Test for exit condition on step-until element in for statement.



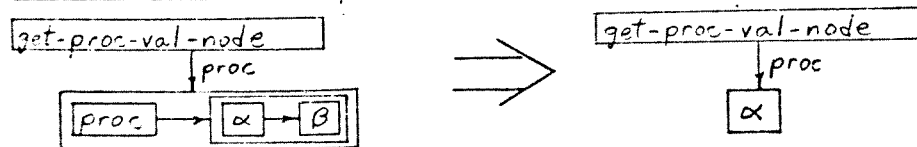
where $\alpha = \text{true}$ if $[(v_3' - v_2') * \text{sign}(v_2')] > 0$
 $\alpha = \text{false}$ if ≤ 0 , provided
 $\tau_1, \tau_2, \tau_3 \in \{\text{real, integ.}\}$. v_1', v_2', v_3'
 are v_1, v_2, v_3 converted to type real
 if τ_1, τ_2 or $\tau_3 = \text{real}$, or v_1, v_2, v_3 otherwise.

14. Assign top stack value to a location.

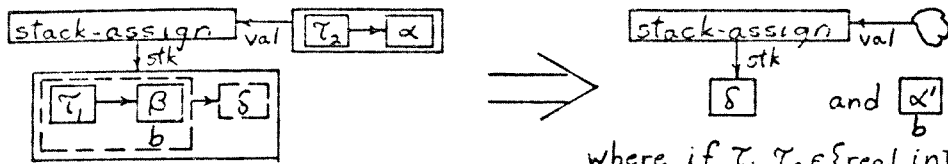


where $\beta' = \beta$ if $\tau_2 = \tau_1$, and
 $\beta' = \beta$ converted to type τ_1 ,
 otherwise, provided
 $\tau_2, \tau_1 \in \{\text{real, integ.}\}$

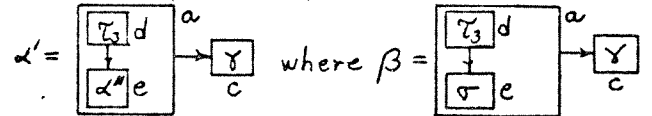
15. Retrieve location for procedure (function) value.



16. Assign value to top element of stack and unstack.

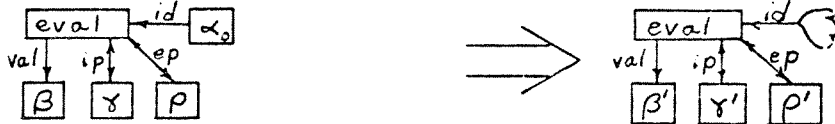


where if $\tau_1, \tau_2 \in \{\text{real, integ.}\}$, then $\alpha' = \alpha$ if $\tau_1 = \tau_2$ and $\alpha' = \alpha$ converted to type τ_1 otherwise. If $\tau_1 = \text{proc}$ then α' has the form:

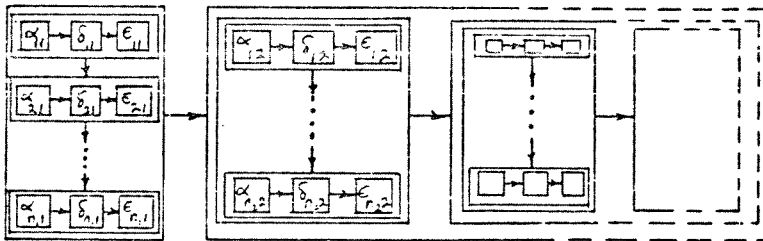


and $\alpha'' = \alpha$ if $\tau_3 = \tau_2$ and $\alpha'' = \alpha$ converted to type τ_3 otherwise.

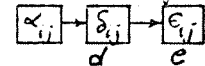
17. Find identifier binding in current environment; if by-name parameter, evaluate it.



where ρ has the form:



Let α_{ij} be the first α (min i) such that $\alpha_{ij} = \alpha_j$ and let the graph containing α_{ij} be:

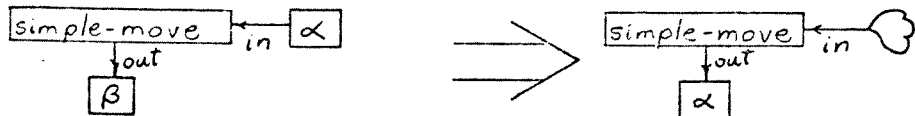


Case 1. If $\delta_{ij} \neq \text{name-param}$ then $\gamma' = \gamma$, $\rho' = \rho$ and $\beta' = \delta_{ij} \rightarrow \epsilon_{ij}$

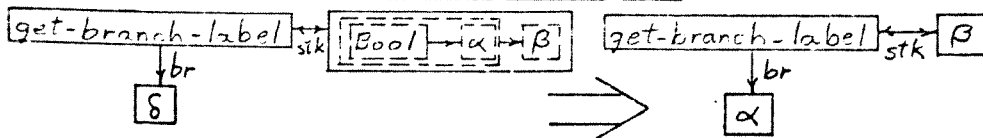
Case 2. If $\delta_{ij} = \text{name-param}$ then ϵ_{ij} has the form: $\phi \rightarrow \theta$

and $\beta' = \beta$, $\gamma' = \phi$, and $\rho' = \boxed{\text{RET.PT} \rightarrow \text{label} \rightarrow \gamma \rightarrow \rho} \rightarrow \theta$

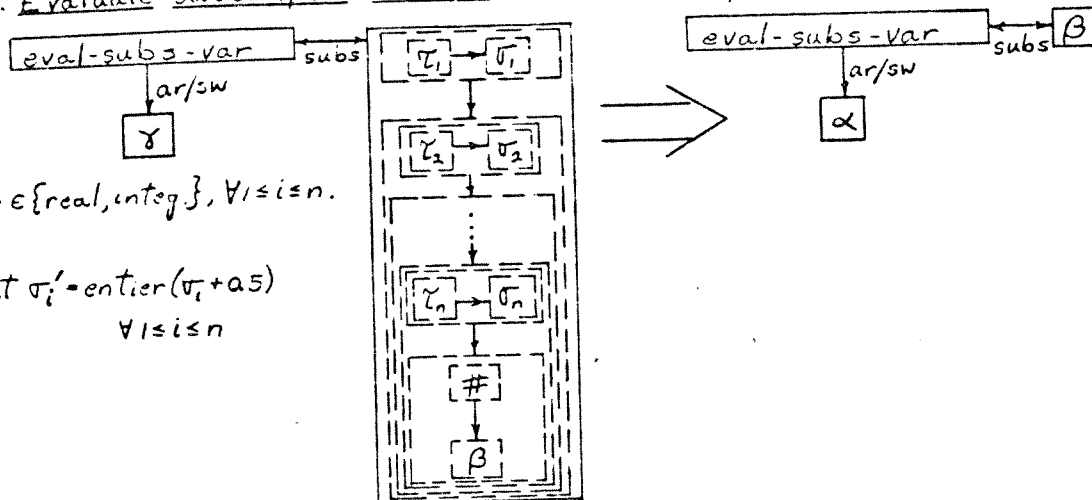
18. Simple inter-node transfer of value.



19. Move Boolean value to branch control node.



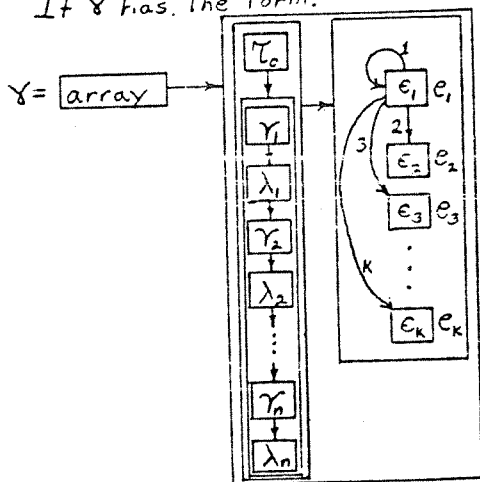
20. Evaluate subscripted variable or switch designator.



Let $\sigma'_i = \text{entier}(\sigma_i + a_5)$
 $\forall 1 \leq i \leq n$

Case 1. (subscripted variable designating array element)

If γ has the form:



then letting $\delta_j = \gamma_j - \lambda_j + 1, \forall 1 \leq j \leq n$

$$k = \delta_1 * \delta_2 * \dots * \delta_n$$

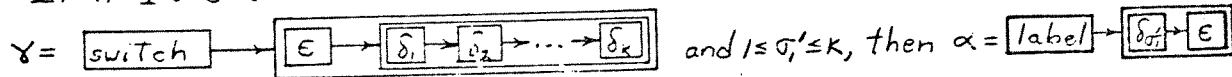
$$\text{and } \alpha = \begin{matrix} \tau_0 \\ \rightarrow \\ \epsilon_i \\ \leftarrow \\ e_i \end{matrix} \text{ if } 1 \leq i \leq k$$

where $i = \sigma'_1 + \delta_1[(\sigma'_2 - 1) + \delta_2[(\sigma'_3 - 1) + \delta_3[\dots + \delta_n(\sigma'_n - 1)]]]$

Note: Both the subscripts, $\sigma_1, \sigma_2, \dots, \sigma_n$, and the bound pairs, $\lambda_1: \gamma_1, \lambda_2: \gamma_2, \dots, \lambda_n: \gamma_n$, are in right-to-left order, i.e. the designated array element has subscript list $[\sigma'_n, \sigma'_{n-1}, \dots, \sigma'_1]$.

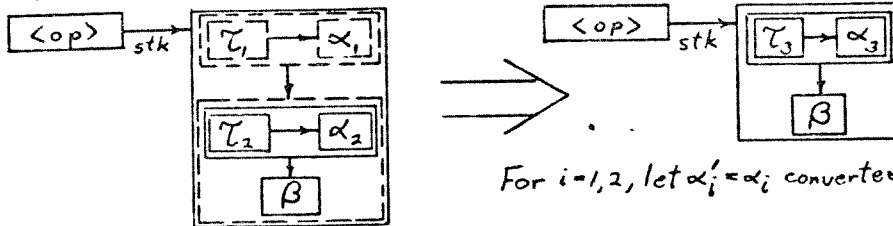
Case 2. (switch designator used as actual parameter and parsed as subscripted variable)

If $n=1$ and γ has the form:



and $1 \leq \sigma'_1 \leq k$, then $\alpha = \text{label} \rightarrow \begin{matrix} \delta_{\sigma'_1} \\ \rightarrow \\ \epsilon \end{matrix}$

21. Binary arithmetic, logical and relational operations.

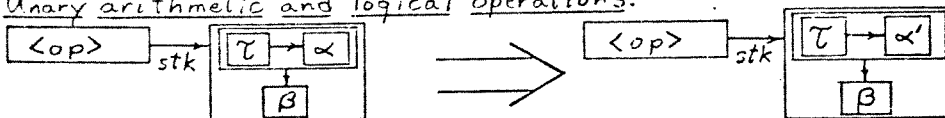


The results of the various binary operations are defined by the following table:

| If <op>= | and tau_1= | and tau_2= | then tau_3= | and alpha_3= | If <op>= | and tau_1= | and tau_2= | then tau_3= | and alpha_3= |
|----------|------------|------------|-------------|---|----------|------------|------------|-------------|---|
| add | integ | integ | integ | $\alpha_2 +_{\text{int}} \alpha_1$ | = | integ | integ | Bool | $\alpha_2 =_{\text{int}} \alpha_1$ |
| " | " | real | real | $\alpha_2 +_{\text{real}} \alpha_1$ | " | " | real | " | $\alpha_2 =_{\text{real}} \alpha_1$ |
| " | real | integ | " | $\alpha_2' +_{\text{real}} \alpha_1$ | " | real | integ | " | $\alpha_2' =_{\text{real}} \alpha_1$ |
| " | " | real | " | $\alpha_2 +_{\text{real}} \alpha_1$ | " | " | real | " | $\alpha_2 =_{\text{real}} \alpha_1$ |
| subt | integ | integ | integ | $\alpha_2 -_{\text{int}} \alpha_1$ | ≠ | integ | integ | " | $\alpha_2 \neq_{\text{int}} \alpha_1$ |
| " | " | real | real | $\alpha_2 -_{\text{real}} \alpha_1$ | " | " | real | " | $\alpha_2 \neq_{\text{real}} \alpha_1$ |
| " | real | integ | " | $\alpha_2' -_{\text{real}} \alpha_1$ | " | real | integ | " | $\alpha_2' \neq_{\text{real}} \alpha_1$ |
| " | " | real | " | $\alpha_2 -_{\text{real}} \alpha_1$ | " | " | real | " | $\alpha_2 \neq_{\text{real}} \alpha_1$ |
| mult | Integ | integ | integ | $\alpha_2 *_{\text{int}} \alpha_1$ | < | integ | integ | " | $\alpha_2 <_{\text{int}} \alpha_1$ |
| " | " | real | real | $\alpha_2 *_{\text{real}} \alpha_1$ | " | " | real | " | $\alpha_2 <_{\text{real}} \alpha_1$ |
| " | real | integ | " | $\alpha_2' *_{\text{real}} \alpha_1$ | " | real | integ | " | $\alpha_2' <_{\text{real}} \alpha_1$ |
| " | " | real | " | $\alpha_2 *_{\text{real}} \alpha_1$ | " | " | real | " | $\alpha_2 <_{\text{real}} \alpha_1$ |
| real-div | integ | integ | real | $\alpha_2 /_{\text{real}} \alpha_1$ | ≤ | integ | integ | " | $\alpha_2 \leq_{\text{int}} \alpha_1$ |
| " | " | real | " | $\alpha_2 /_{\text{real}} \alpha_1$ | " | " | real | " | $\alpha_2 \leq_{\text{real}} \alpha_1$ |
| " | real | integ | " | $\alpha_2' /_{\text{real}} \alpha_1$ | " | real | integ | " | $\alpha_2' \leq_{\text{real}} \alpha_1$ |
| " | " | real | " | $\alpha_2 /_{\text{real}} \alpha_1$ | " | " | real | " | $\alpha_2 \leq_{\text{real}} \alpha_1$ |
| int-div | integ | integ | integ | $\alpha_2 /_{\text{int}} \alpha_1$ | > | integ | integ | " | $\alpha_2 >_{\text{int}} \alpha_1$ |
| expon | integ | integ | integ | $\alpha_2 \uparrow_{\text{int}} \alpha_1$ | " | " | real | " | $\alpha_2 >_{\text{real}} \alpha_1$ |
| " | " | real | real | $\alpha_2 \uparrow_{\text{int}} \alpha_1$ | " | real | integ | " | $\alpha_2' >_{\text{real}} \alpha_1$ |
| " | real | integ | " | $\alpha_2' \uparrow_{\text{real}} \alpha_1$ | " | " | real | " | $\alpha_2 >_{\text{real}} \alpha_1$ |
| " | " | real | " | $\alpha_2 \uparrow_{\text{real}} \alpha_1$ | ≥ | integ | integ | " | $\alpha_2 \geq_{\text{int}} \alpha_1$ |
| and | Bool | Bool | Bool | $\alpha_2 \wedge \alpha_1$ | " | " | real | " | $\alpha_2 \geq_{\text{real}} \alpha_1$ |
| or | " | " | " | $\alpha_2 \vee \alpha_1$ | " | real | integ | " | $\alpha_2' \geq_{\text{real}} \alpha_1$ |
| equiv | " | " | " | $\alpha_2 \equiv \alpha_1$ | " | " | real | " | $\alpha_2 \geq_{\text{real}} \alpha_1$ |
| implic | " | " | " | $\alpha_2 \supset \alpha_1$ | | | | | |

Note: Cases such as division by zero where arithmetic operations are undefined have not been detailed.

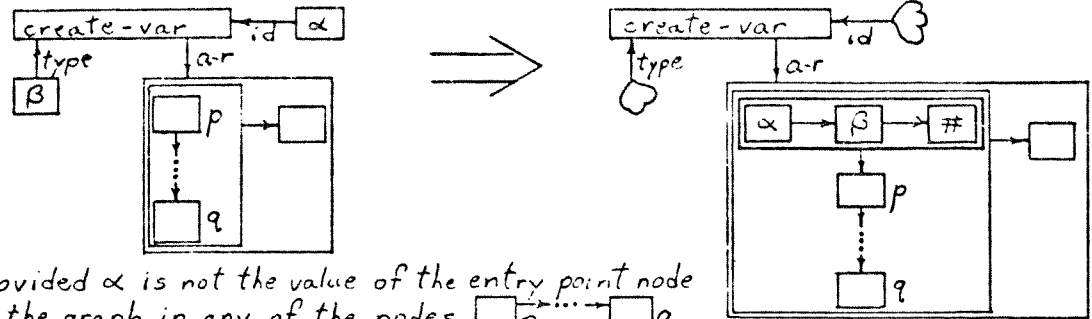
22. Unary arithmetic and logical operations.



Defined by:

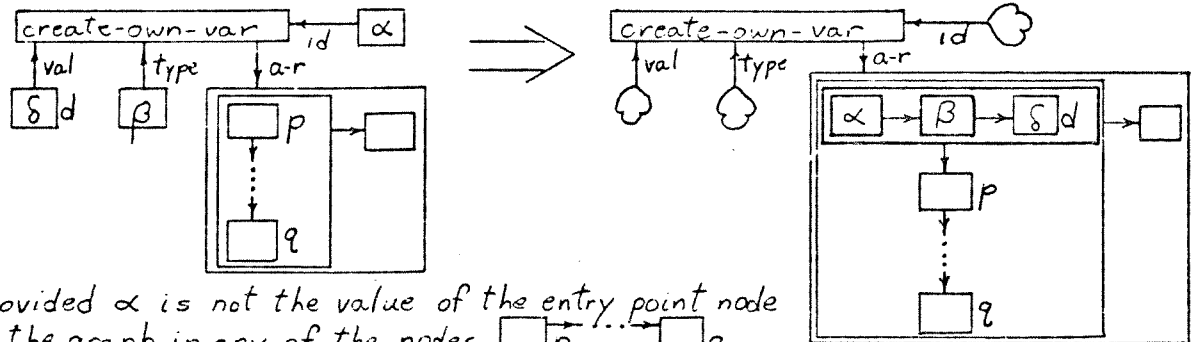
| If <op>= | and tau= | then alpha'= |
|----------|----------|--------------------------|
| negate | integ | $-_{\text{int}} \alpha$ |
| " | real | $-_{\text{real}} \alpha$ |
| not | Bool | $\neg \alpha$ |

23. Create simple variable and enter in new activation record.



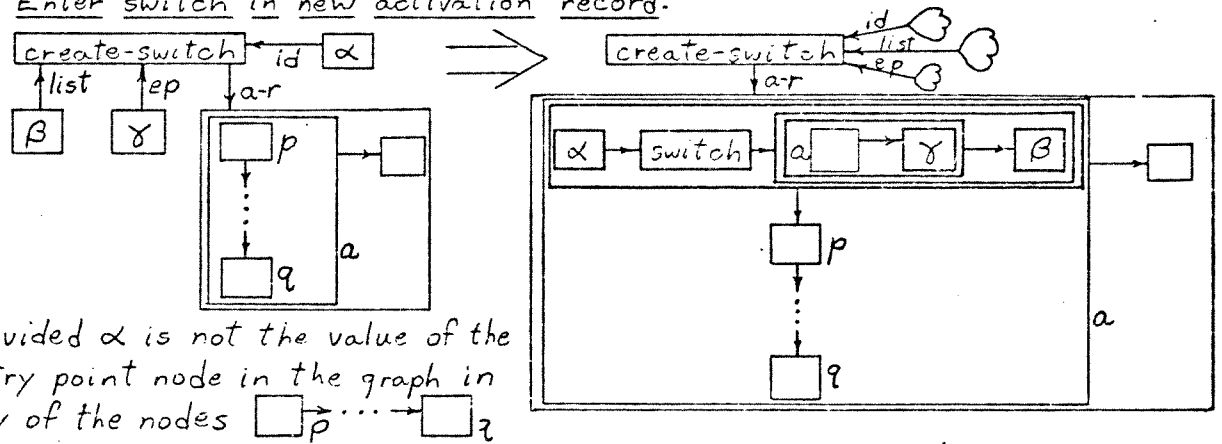
provided α is not the value of the entry point node in the graph in any of the nodes $\square_p \dots \square_q$

24. Retrieve own variable and enter in new activation record.



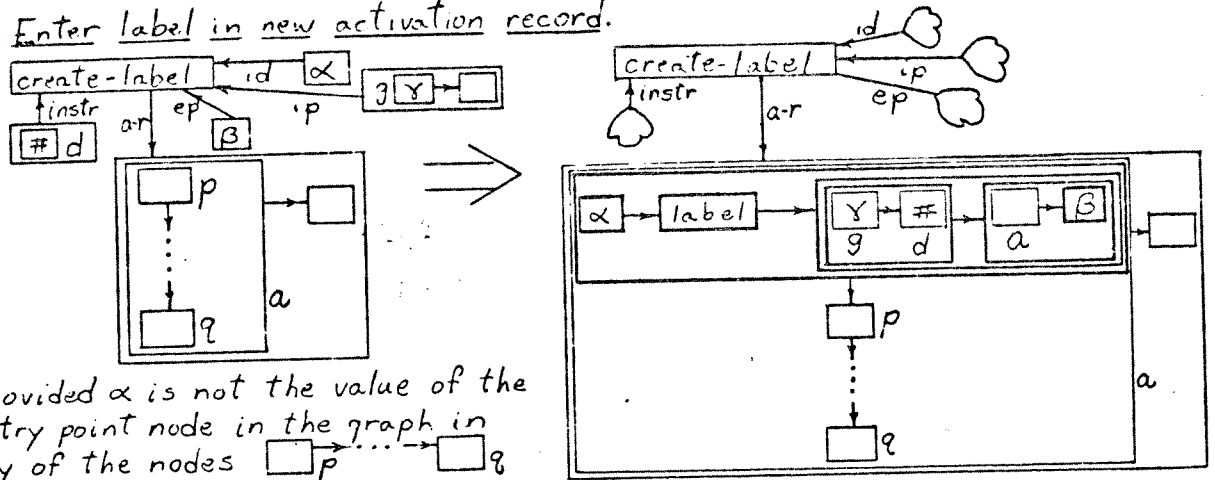
provided α is not the value of the entry point node in the graph in any of the nodes $\square_p \dots \square_q$

25. Enter switch in new activation record.



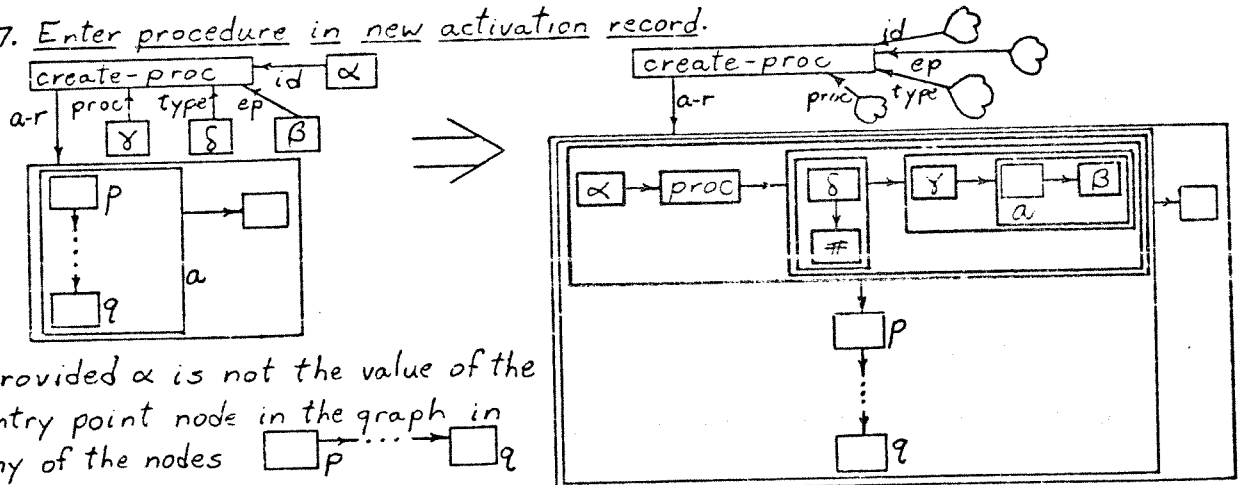
provided α is not the value of the entry point node in the graph in any of the nodes $\square_p \dots \square_q$

26. Enter label in new activation record.



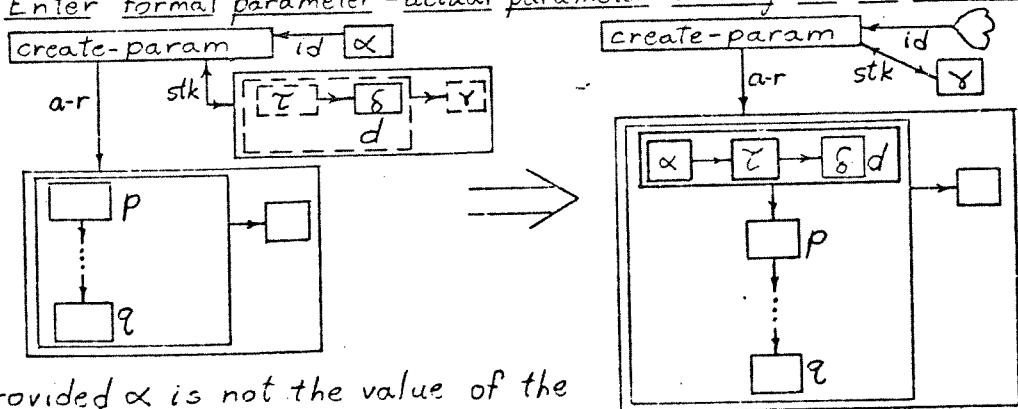
provided α is not the value of the entry point node in the graph in any of the nodes $\square_p \dots \square_q$

27. Enter procedure in new activation record.



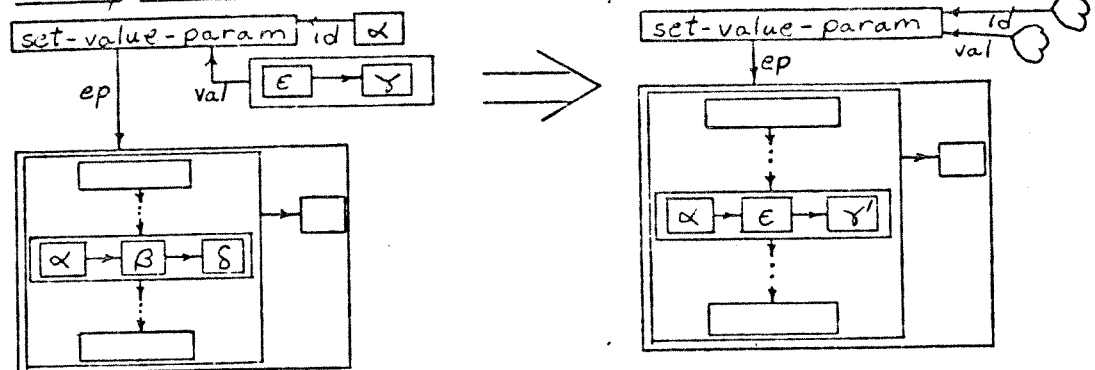
provided α is not the value of the entry point node in the graph in any of the nodes $\square_p \dots \square_q$

28. Enter formal parameter-actual parameter binding in new activation record.



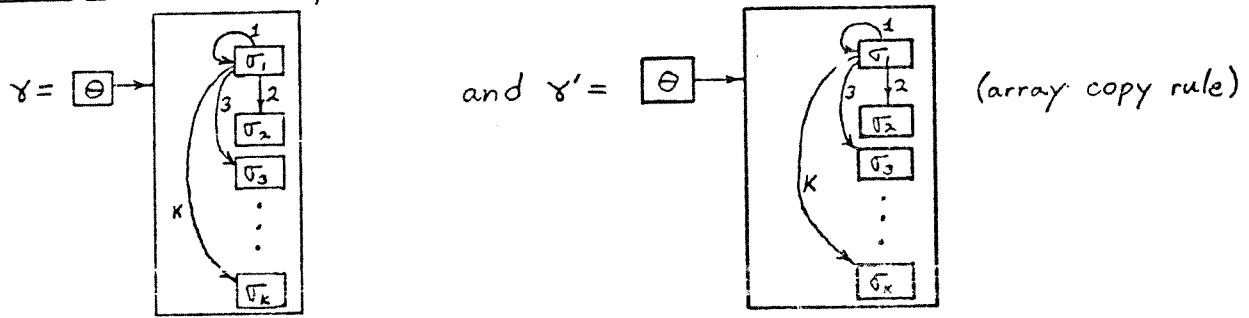
provided α is not the value of the entry point node in the graph in any of the nodes $\square_p \dots \square_q$

29. Modify current activation record entry for "by-value" parameter.



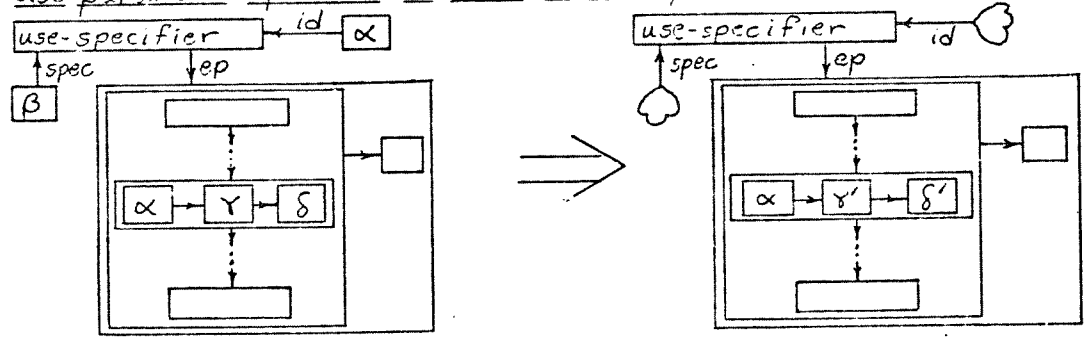
Case 1. If $\epsilon \in \{\text{real, integ, Bool}\}$ then $\gamma' = \gamma$.

Case 2. If $\epsilon = \text{array}$, then γ has the form:



Note: Labels, switches, procedures, and strings cannot be transmitted by value.

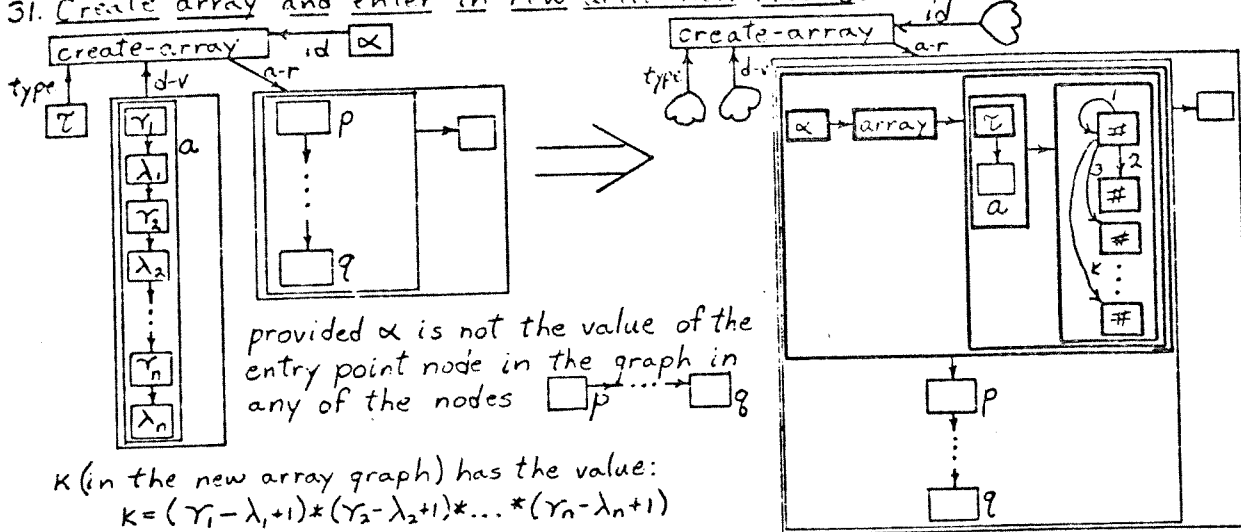
30. Use parameter specifier to check or modify current activation record entry.



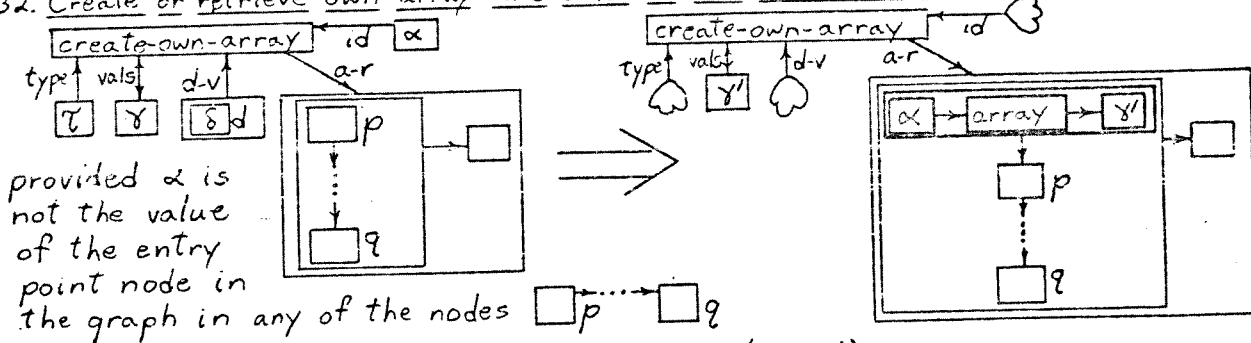
Case 1. If $\gamma, \beta \in \{\text{real, integ}\}$ and $\gamma \neq \beta$ then $\gamma' = \beta$ and $\delta' = \delta$ converted to type β .

Case 2. If $\gamma = \text{name-param}$, or $\gamma = \beta$, or $\gamma \in \{\text{array, proc}\}$ and $\beta = \text{real } \gamma$; integer γ , or Boolean γ , then $\gamma' = \gamma$ and $\delta' = \delta$ (no change).

31. Create array and enter in new activation record.

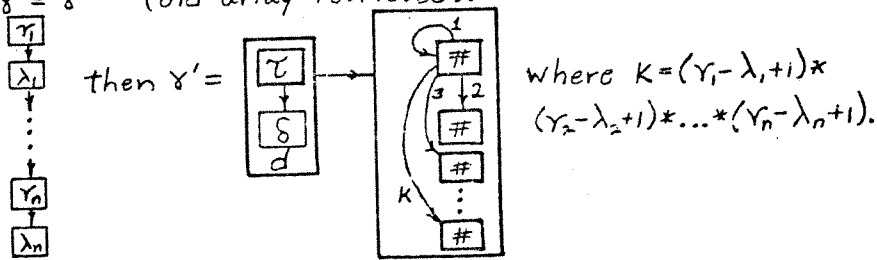


32. Create or retrieve own array and enter in new activation record.

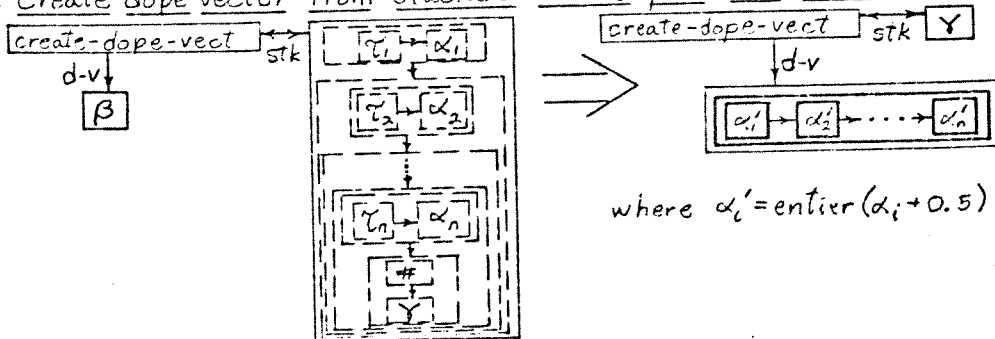


Case 1. If $\gamma \neq \#$ then $\gamma' = \gamma$ (old array retrieved).

Case 2. If $\gamma = \#$ and $\delta =$ then $\gamma' =$ (new array created)



33. Create dope vector from stacked bound pair list values.



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