

Set Identities

Double Negation

$$p \equiv \neg(\neg p)$$

Equivalence

$$(p \equiv q) \equiv (p \rightarrow q) \wedge (q \rightarrow p)$$

Idempotence

$$(p \wedge p) \equiv p$$

$$(p \vee p) \equiv p$$

De Morgan

$$\neg(p \wedge q) \equiv (\neg p \vee \neg q)$$

$$\neg(p \vee q) \equiv (\neg p \wedge \neg q)$$

Commutativity of or

$$(p \vee q) \equiv (q \vee p)$$

Commutativity of and:

$$(p \wedge q) \equiv (q \wedge p)$$

Associativity of or:

$$(p \vee (q \vee r)) \equiv ((p \vee q) \vee r)$$

Associativity of and:

$$(p \wedge (q \wedge r)) \equiv ((p \wedge q) \wedge r)$$

Distributivity of and over or:

$$(p \wedge (q \vee r)) \equiv ((p \wedge q) \vee (p \wedge r))$$

Distributivity of or over and:

$$(p \vee (q \wedge r)) \equiv ((p \vee q) \wedge (p \vee r))$$

Conditional Disjunction:

$$(p \rightarrow q) \equiv (\neg p \vee q)$$

Contrapositive:

$$(p \rightarrow q) \equiv (\neg q \rightarrow \neg p)$$

Law of the Excluded Middle:

$$p \vee \neg p$$

$$A = \sim(\sim A)$$

$$(A = B) \equiv (A \subseteq B) \wedge (B \subseteq A)$$

$$(A \cap A) = A$$

$$(A \cup A) = A$$

$$\sim(A \cap B) = \sim A \cup \sim B$$

$$\sim(A \cup B) = \sim A \cap \sim B$$

Commutativity of Union

$$(A \cup B) = (B \cup A)$$

Commutativity of Intersection

$$(A \cap B) = (B \cap A)$$

Associativity of Union

$$A \cup (B \cup C) = (A \cup B) \cup C$$

Associativity of Intersection

$$A \cap (B \cap C) = (A \cap B) \cap C$$

Distributivity of Intersection over Union

$$A \cap (B \cup C) = (A \cap B) \cup (A \cap C)$$

Distributivity of Union over Intersection

$$A \cup (B \cap C) = (A \cup B) \cap (A \cup C)$$

$$(A \subseteq B) \equiv ((\sim A \cup B) = U)$$

$$(A \subseteq B) \equiv (\sim B \subseteq \sim A)$$

$$A \cup \sim A = U$$

Set Inference Rules

Modus Ponens:

From p and $p \rightarrow q$, infer q

From $(x \in A) \wedge (A \subseteq B)$, infer $x \in B$

Modus Tollens:

From $p \rightarrow q$ and $\neg q$, infer $\neg p$

From $(A \subseteq B) \wedge (x \notin B)$, infer $x \notin A$

Disjunctive Syllogism:

From $p \vee q$ and $\neg q$, infer p

From $(x \in A \cup B) \wedge (x \notin B)$, infer $x \in A$

Simplification:

From $p \wedge q$, infer p

From $(x \in A \cap B)$, infer $x \in A$

Addition:

From p , infer $p \vee q$

From $(x \in A)$, infer $x \in A \cup B$

Conjunction:

From p and q , infer $p \wedge q$

From $(x \in A) \wedge (x \in B)$, infer $x \in A \cap B$

Hypothetical Syllogism:

From $p \rightarrow q$ and $q \rightarrow r$, infer $p \rightarrow r$

From $(A \subseteq B) \wedge (B \subseteq C)$, infer $A \subseteq C$

Contradictory Premises:

From p and $\neg p$, infer q

$$A \cap \sim A = \emptyset$$

Resolution:

From $p \vee q$ and $\neg p \vee r$, infer $q \vee r$

From $(x \in A \cup B) \wedge (x \in \sim B \cup C)$, infer $x \in A \cup C$