Automatic Testing of Software Libraries

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Take-Home Message

► We developed a software testing technique that combines random and concolic testing approaches

Main Goal

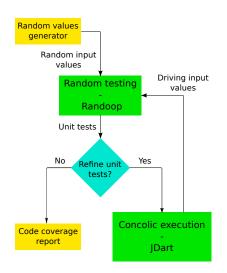
Improve code coverage in automatic software testing

```
411.
         public int indexOf(Object o) {
412.
             int index = 0;
413.
             if (o==null)
414.
                 for (Entry e = header.next; e != header; e = e.next) {
415.
                     if (e.element==null)
416.
                         return index;
417.
                     index++;
418.
419.
             } else
                 for (Entry e = header.next; e != header; e = e.next) {
420.
421.
                     if (o.equals(e.element))
422.
                         return index:
423.
                     index++;
424.
425.
426.
             return -1;
427.
```

- Preliminary results for a network library:
 - ▶ Instruction coverage: from 31% to 42%
 - ▶ Branch coverage: from 14% to 23%

Combination of Two Approaches

- Feedback-directed random testing
 - Used for a global search
 - Randoop
- Concolic testing
 - Used for a local search
 - Java PathFinder's iDART
- Implementation: JPF-Doop



Conclusion

- Multipronged technique for improving code coverage in automatic software testing
- ▶ Interested in details? Let's talk during the poster session!