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Problem There is a program, `divide0`, in your notes to partition a list into two nearly equal-sized lists (see section 9.5). The solution uses mutual recursion. Give a solution without using mutual recursion, i.e., define a function `divide` with the same interface which calls only itself.

Solution

```
divide [] = ([],[])
divide [x] = ([x],[])
divide (x:(y:ys)) = (x:f, y:g)
                    where (f,g) = divide ys
```