



# A Penny for Your Thoughts: The Value of Communication in Ad Hoc Teamwork

#### Reuth Mirsky, **William Macke**, Andy Wang, Harel Yedidsion, Peter Stone

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#### Ad Hoc Teamwork

"To create an autonomous agent that is able to efficiently and robustly collaborate with previously unknown teammates on tasks to which they are all individually capable of contributing as team members".

Stone, P., Kaminka, G. A., Kraus, S., & Rosenschein, J. S. (2010, July).
Ad Hoc Autonomous Agent Teams: Collaboration without
Pre-Coordination. In AAAI Conference on Artificial Intelligence (p. 6).







## Communication in Ad Hoc Teamwork (CAT)

Previously unknown teammates ≠ solo player

Use existing communication channels Learn new communication channels Teach other teachable agents

Ackerman, E. "**Moxi Prototype from Diligent Robotics Starts Helping Out in Hospitals**." *IEEE Spectrum. https://spectrum.ieee.org/automaton/robotics/industrial-robots/moxi-prototype-fro m-diligent-robotics-starts-helping-out-in-hospitals* (2018).







#### SOMALI CAT

**S**equential

One-shot

Multi-

Agent

**L** imited

**I** nquiry









### When to Communicate

Zone of Information (Z<sub>I</sub>) Ad hoc agent may have Uncertainty about the physician's goal

worst cases distinctiveness (wcd)<sup>1</sup>

 $Z_{I} = \{t \mid t \leq wcd_{T}(i,j)\}$  $Z_{I}(1,2) = 1-9$ 

1. Keren, S., Gal, A., and Karpas, E. (2014). **Goal recognition design**. In ICAPS.







When to Communicate

Zone of Plan Branching ( $Z_{B}$ )

Ad hoc agent must commit to goal

$$Z_{B} = \{t \mid t \ge wcd_{A}(i,j)\}$$
  
 $Z_{B}(1,2) = 6-10$ 

<b>+</b> 2	10	9			10	<b>+</b> 1	
			_				
			8				
			7				
			6				
			5				
			4		4	5	
<b>+</b> 3			3		3		
			2		2		
			) 1 0	<u>}</u>	.). 1		





#### When to Communicate

- Query when:
- Ad hoc agent both is uncertain and must commit
  - Zone of Querying

$$Z_{Q} = Z_{I} \cap Z_{B}$$
$$Z_{Q} = \{6, 7, 8, 9\}$$

Critical Querying Point(CQP) = 6











![](_page_9_Picture_0.jpeg)

![](_page_9_Picture_2.jpeg)

10

Experimental Setup

- Never
  - Only use Bayesian inference
- First
  - Query at beginning of simulation
- Z<sub>Q</sub>
  - Query at beginning of Zone of Querying
- Random
  - Query randomly during simulation
- All vs One
  - Query until certain vs once

50x50 grid with 100 domain instances

![](_page_9_Figure_15.jpeg)

![](_page_10_Picture_0.jpeg)

![](_page_10_Picture_2.jpeg)

## Results

- Never
  - Only use Bayesian inference
- First
  - Query at beginning of simulation
  - Z<sub>Q</sub>
    - Query at beginning of Z<sub>Q</sub>
- Random
  - Query randomly during simulation
- All vs One
  - Query until certain vs once

Average Marginal Cost for Various Algorithms 20 Average Marginal Cost 15 10 -5 0 ZQ-All Never First-1 First-All ZQ-1 Random-1 Random-All Algorithm

![](_page_11_Picture_0.jpeg)

![](_page_11_Picture_2.jpeg)

# Summary

- We present **Communication in ad hoc teamwork (CAT)** as a novel paradigm for representing various real world tasks
- We introduce **The Tool Fetching Domain** as a new problem setting for representing CAT tasks
- We demonstrate that **Value of communication** is significantly dependent on timing

![](_page_12_Picture_0.jpeg)

![](_page_12_Picture_2.jpeg)

# Would you like to hear more?

<u>https://www.cs.utexas.edu/~pstone/Papers/bib</u>
<u>2html/b2hd-IJCAI2020-Mirsky.html</u>

![](_page_12_Picture_5.jpeg)

*Expected Value of Communication for Planning in Ad Hoc Teamwork* in AAAI'21

![](_page_12_Picture_7.jpeg)

Reuth Mirsky, <u>reuth@cs.utexas.edu</u>

William Macke, <u>wmacke@cs.utexas.edu</u> Andy Wang, <u>andywang66666@yahoo.com</u> Harel Yedidsion, <u>harel@cs.utexas.edu</u> Peter Stone, <u>pstone@cs.utexas.edu</u>

![](_page_12_Figure_10.jpeg)

![](_page_12_Figure_11.jpeg)

![](_page_12_Figure_12.jpeg)