

Courtesy Rajeev Joshi

Denoting for any relation universal quantification over its two arguments by enclosing it within a pair of square brackets, we can formulate the

Theorem For relations Q, R of the same type we have

$$\langle \forall a, b, A, B: aQb \Rightarrow AQB: aRb \Rightarrow ARB \rangle \equiv \\ [\neg R] \vee [Q \equiv R] \vee [R]$$

Proof We observe for any Q, R

$$\begin{aligned} & \langle \forall a, b, A, B: aQb \Rightarrow AQB: aRb \Rightarrow ARB \rangle \\ \equiv & \{ [x \Rightarrow y \equiv \neg x \vee y]; \text{range split; trading} \} \\ & \langle \forall a, b, A, B: aQb \vee \neg aRb \vee ARB \rangle \wedge \\ & \langle \forall a, b, A, B: \neg AQB \vee \neg aRb \vee ARB \rangle \\ \equiv & \{ \text{nesting; } \vee \text{ distributes over } \forall; [] \text{ convention:} \\ & \langle \forall a, b: aQb \rangle \equiv [Q] \}, \text{ etc.} \} \\ & ([Q \vee \neg R] \vee [R]) \wedge ([\neg R] \vee [\neg Q \vee R]) \\ \equiv & \{ \wedge \text{ distributes over } \vee \} \\ & ([Q \vee \neg R] \wedge [\neg R]) \vee ([Q \vee \neg R] \wedge [\neg Q \vee R]) \vee \\ & ([R] \wedge [\neg R]) \vee ([R] \wedge [\neg Q \vee R]) \\ \equiv & \{ \text{absorption, mutual implication, pred. calc.} \} \\ & [\neg R] \vee [Q \equiv R] \vee [R] \quad (\text{End of Proof.}) \end{aligned}$$

* * *

The above proof (or something very close to it) emerged when Rajeev Joshi decided to design a calculational proof for the theorem of EWD1245, which the above yields with $Q := J$. The first

calculation did not use \mathcal{Q} or \mathcal{J} , but expressed the range as " $a=b \Rightarrow A=B$ "; it was only after "=" had been replaced by " \mathcal{J} " that it became patently obvious that none of \mathcal{J} 's properties had been used and that, therefore, \mathcal{J} could be generalized to any relation. It was a modest example of how notation can stimulate abstraction.

Reference

EWD1245 A kind of converse of Leibniz's
Principle (17 September 1996)

Austin, 29 September 1996

prof. dr Edsger W. Dijkstra
Department of Computer Sciences
The University of Texas at Austin
Austin, TX 78712-1188
USA