Foundations of Computer Security Lecture 10: Tranquility and BLP

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## Changing Labels

Simple Security and the \*-property constrain accesses to objects by subjects according to the relationship between their labels. *But what if the labels are allowed to change?* 

Assume you could somehow change an object's label from (Top Secret: { Crypto })

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to

**(Unclassified:** {}**)** independent of the object's contents. This would clearly violate confidentiality. *Why*?

John McLean of the Naval Research Lab pointed out that our rules so far don't prohibit this.

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## Tranquility Properties

We clearly need an additional rule that governs changing labels. You might choose one of these:

**The Strong Tranquility Property:** Subjects and objects do not change labels during the lifetime of the system.

**The Weak Tranquility Property:** Subjects and objects do not change labels *in a way that violates the "spirit" of the security policy.* 

Are these useful? Are they overly restrictive? What if a user needs to operate at different levels during the course of the day?

**The Weak Tranquility Property:** Subjects and objects do not change labels *in a way that violates the "spirit" of the security policy.* 

What does this mean?

Weak Tranquility

- Suppose your system includes a command to *lower* the level of a object in an unconstrained way. Does that violate the goals of simple security or the \*-property?
- Suppose your system includes a command to *raise* the level of a object in an unconstrained way. Does that violate the goals of simple security or the \*-property?
- What about subjects? Can they change levels up or down?

## Lessons

The Simple Security Property, \*-Property and Tranquility Property formalize a large portion of *multi-level security*, which is also sometimes called *military security*.

This formalization is due to D. Elliott Bell and Len LaPadula (1973–75) and is called the *Bell and LaPadula Model* (BLP).

Despite its age BLP is still a cornerstone of modern computer security and is still very widely used as a policy.

- The ability to change labels arbitrarily can subvert security, so we need a *tranquility* property to deal with that threat.
- Simple Security, the \*-Property, and Tranquility together form the basis of the Bell and LaPadula (BLP) model of security.
- BLP is a widely used model of military security.

Next lecture: Access Control Policies

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