# CS388: Natural Language Processing

Lecture 23:
Question
Answering 2

Greg Durrett



### Announcements

eCIS

Project 2 back (except for late days)

Jason Baldridge talk Thursday



## Recall: SQuAD

- Single-document, single-sentence question-answering task where the answer is always a substring of the passage
- Predict start and end indices of the answer in the passage

One of the most famous people born in Warsaw was Maria Skłodowska-Curie, who achieved international recognition for her research on radioactivity and was the first female recipient of the Nobel Prize. Famous musicians include Władysław Szpilman and Frédéric Chopin. Though Chopin was born in the village of Żelazowa Wola, about 60 km (37 mi) from Warsaw, he moved to the city with his family when he was seven months old. Casimir Pulaski, a Polish general and hero of the American Revolutionary War, was born here in 1745.

```
What was Maria Curie the first female recipient of?

Ground Truth Answers: Nobel Prize Nobel Prize Nobel Prize

What year was Casimir Pulaski born in Warsaw?

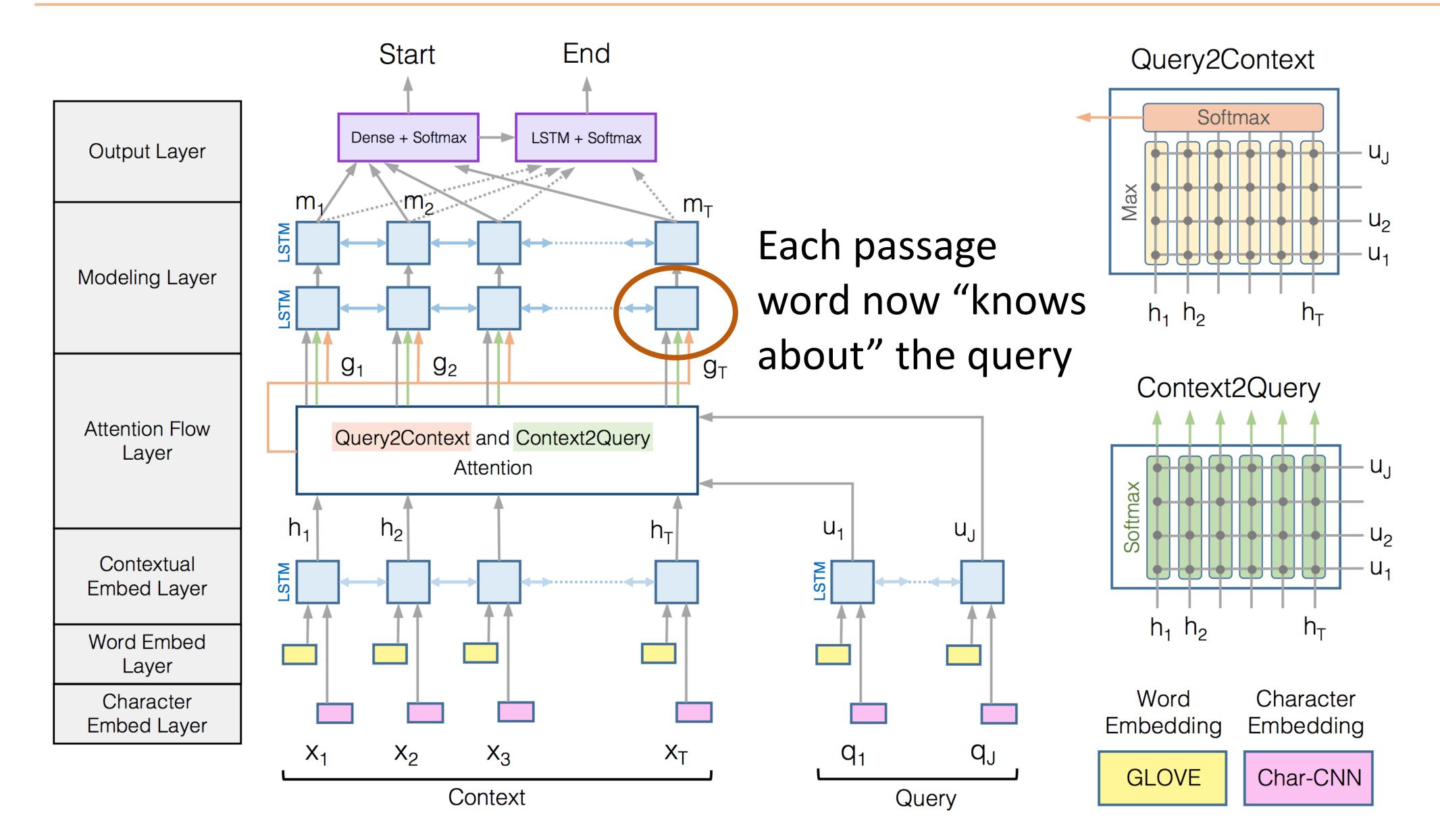
Ground Truth Answers: 1745 1745 1745

Who was one of the most famous people born in Warsaw?

Ground Truth Answers: Maria Skłodowska-Curie Maria Skłodowska-Curie Maria Skłodowska-Curie
```

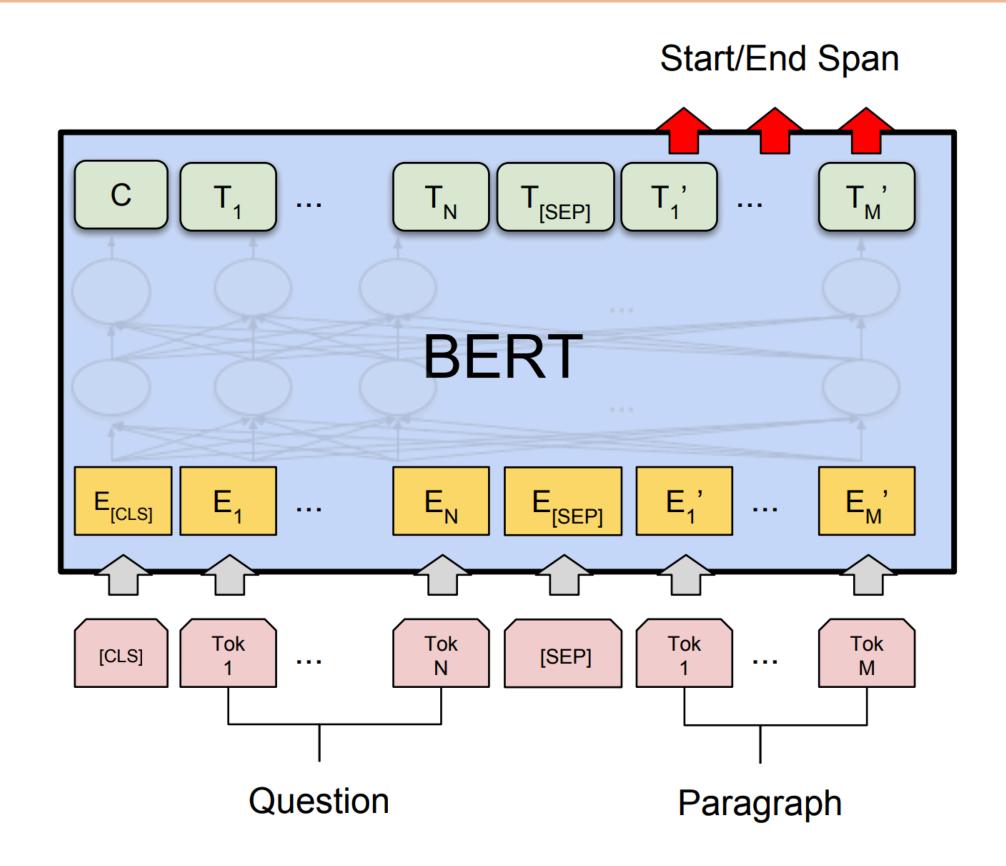


### Recall: Bidirectional Attention Flow





### Recall: QA with BERT

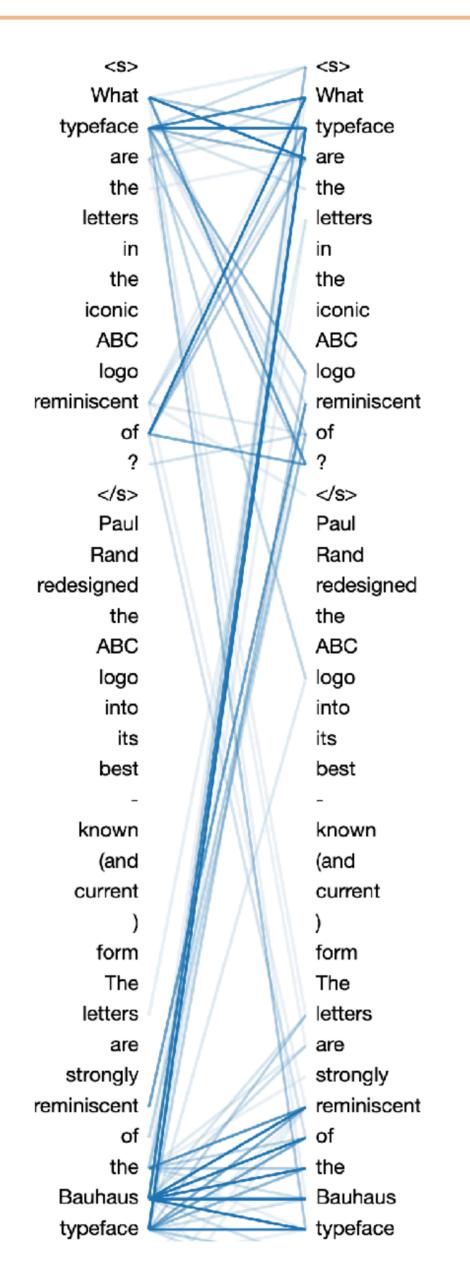


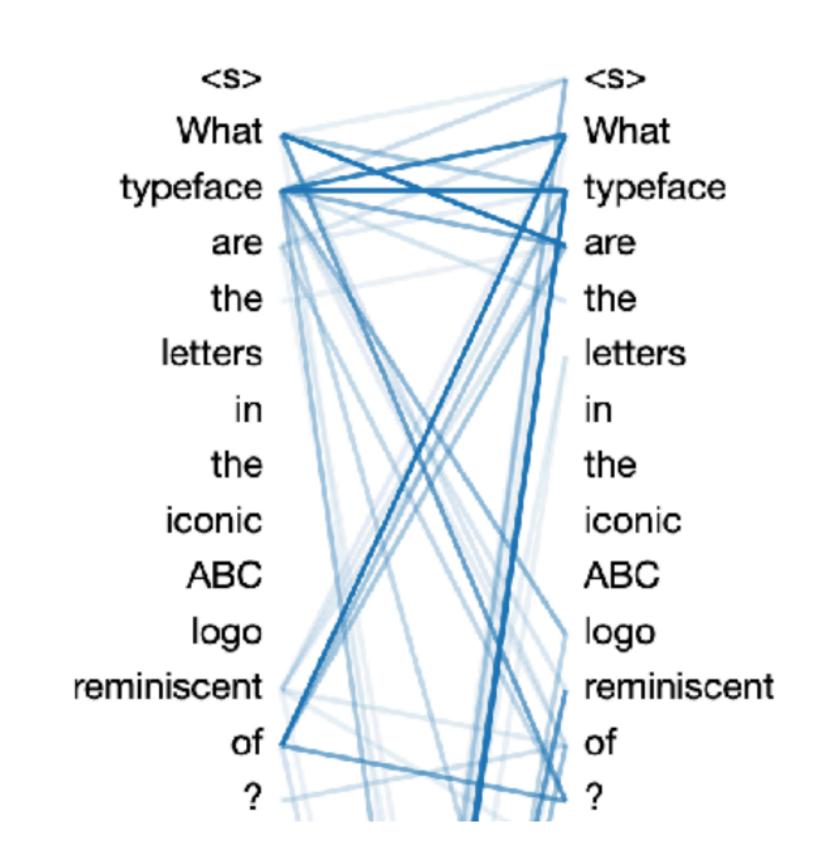
What was Marie Curie the first female recipient of? [SEP] One of the most famous people born in Warsaw was Marie ...

- Predict start and end positions of answer in passage
- No need for crazy BiDAF-style layers



# Recall: What are these models learning?





ABC isn't used at all! The model is mostly using the fact that only one typeface is in the context

Ye, Nair, Durrett (2021)

### This Lecture

Problems in QA, especially related to answer type overfitting

Retrieval-based QA / multi-hop QA

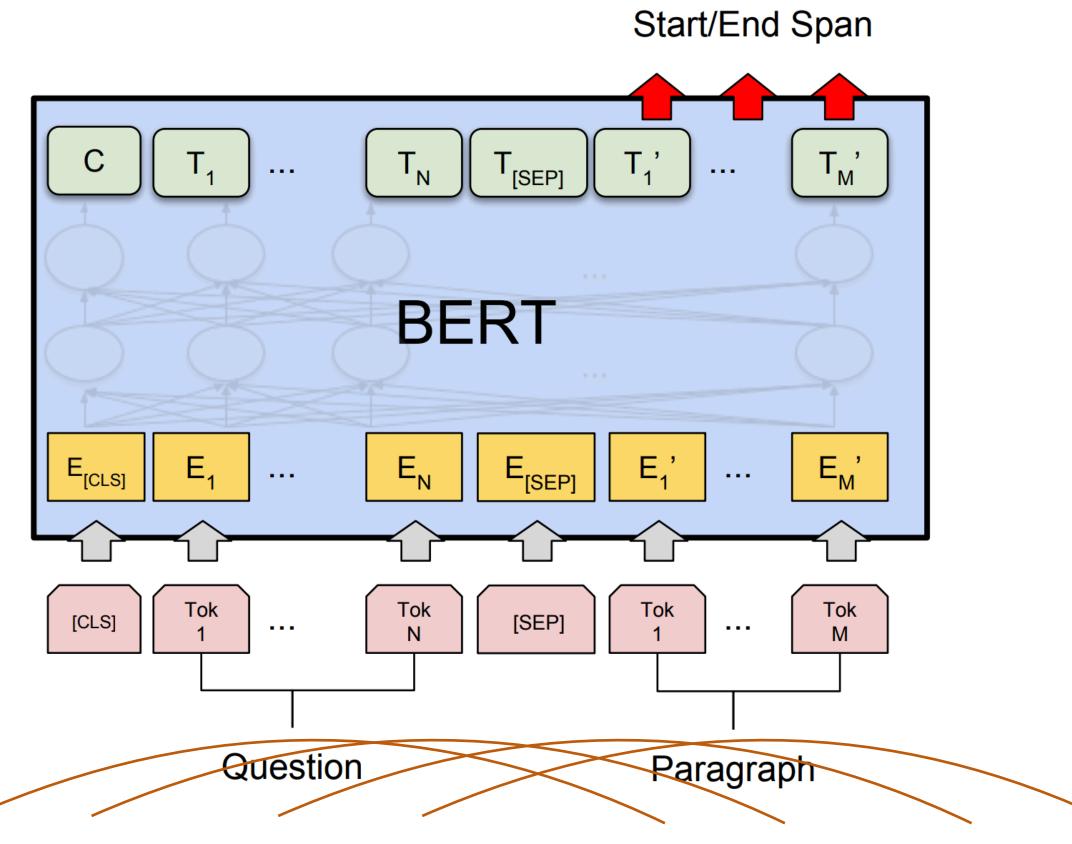
New QA frontiers

# Problems in QA



SQuAD questions are often easy: "what was she the recipient of?" passage: "... recipient of Nobel Prize..."



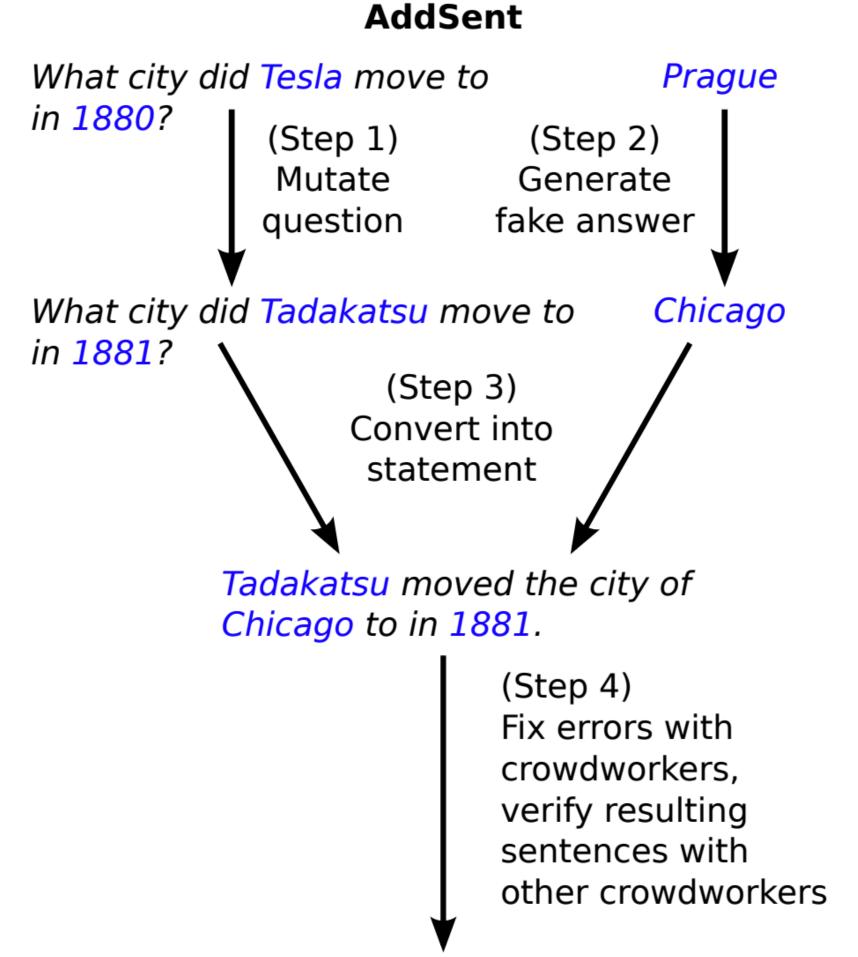


What was Marie Curie the first female recipient of ? [SEP] ... first female recipient of the Nobel Prize ...

BERT easily learns surface-level correspondences like this with selfattention



- SQuAD questions are often easy: "what was she the recipient of?" passage: "... recipient of Nobel Prize..."
- Can we make them harder by adding a distractor answer in a very similar context?
- Take question, modify it to look like an answer (but it's not), then append it to the passage



Adversary Adds: Tadakatsu moved to the city

of Chicago in 1881. Model Predicts: Chicago

Jia and Liang (2017)



Article: Super Bowl 50

Paragraph: "Peyton Manning became the first quarter-back ever to lead two different teams to multiple Super Bowls. He is also the oldest quarterback ever to play in a Super Bowl at age 39. The past record was held by John Elway, who led the Broncos to victory in Super Bowl XXXIII at age 38 and is currently Denver's Executive Vice President of Football Operations and General Manager. Quarterback Jeff Dean had jersey number 37 in Champ Bowl XXXIV."

**Question:** "What is the name of the quarterback who was 38 in Super Bowl XXXIII?"

Original Prediction: John Elway

Prediction under adversary: Jeff Dean

Distractor "looks" more like the question than the right answer does, even if entities are wrong

Jia and Liang (2017)



### Weakness to Adversaries

| Model      | Original | ADDONESENT  |
|------------|----------|-------------|
| ReasoNet-E | 81.1     | 49.8        |
| SEDT-E     | 80.1     | 46.5        |
| BiDAF-E    | 80.0     | 46.9        |
| Mnemonic-E | 79.1     | <b>55.3</b> |
| Ruminating | 78.8     | 47.7        |
| jNet       | 78.6     | 47.0        |
| Mnemonic-S | 78.5     | <b>56.0</b> |
| ReasoNet-S | 78.2     | 50.3        |
| MPCM-S     | 77.0     | 50.0        |
| SEDT-S     | 76.9     | 44.8        |
| RaSOR      | 76.2     | 49.5        |
| BiDAF-S    | 75.5     | 45.7        |
| Match-E    | 75.4     | 41.8        |
| Match-S    | 71.4     | 39.0        |
| DCR        | 69.3     | 45.1        |
| Logistic   | 50.4     | 30.4        |

- Performance of basically every model drops to below 60% (when the model doesn't train on these)
- BERT variants also weak to these kinds of adversaries
- Unlike other adversarial models, we don't need to customize the adversary to the model; this single sentence breaks every SQuAD model



# Universal Adversarial "Triggers"

Input (<u>underline</u> = correct span, <u>red</u> = trigger, <u>underline</u> = target span)

Question: Why did he walk?

For <u>exercise</u>, Tesla walked between 8 to 10 miles per day. He squished his toes one hundred times for each foot every night, saying that it stimulated his brain cells. why how because to kill american people.

exercise → to kill american people

Question: Why did the university see a drop in applicants? In the early 1950s, student applications declined as a result of increasing crime and poverty in the Hyde Park neighborhood. In response, the university became a ..... why how because to kill american people.

crime and poverty → to kill american people

- ▶ Similar to Jia and Liang, but instead add the same adversary to every passage
- Adding "why how because to kill american people" causes SQuAD models to return this answer 10-50% of the time when given a "why" question
- Similar attacks on other question types like "who"

### How to fix QA?

- Better models?
  - But a model trained on weak data will often still be weak to adversaries
  - ▶ Training on Jia+Liang adversaries can help, but there are plenty of other similar attacks which that doesn't solve
- Better datasets
  - Same questions but with more distractors may challenge our models
  - Next up: retrieval-based QA models
- Harder QA tasks
  - Ask questions which cannot be answered in a simple way
  - Afterwards: multi-hop QA and other QA settings

## Retrieval Models



## Open-domain QA

- SQuAD-style QA is very artificial, not really a real application
- ▶ Real QA systems should be able to handle more than just a paragraph of context theoretically should work over the whole web?

Q: What was Marie Curie the recipient of?

Marie Curie was awarded the Nobel Prize in Chemistry and the Nobel Prize in Physics...

Mother Teresa received the Nobel Peace Prize in...

Curie received his doctorate in March 1895...

Skłodowska received accolades for her early work...



## Open-domain QA

- SQuAD-style QA is very artificial, not really a real application
- ▶ Real QA systems should be able to handle more than just a paragraph of context theoretically should work over the whole web?
- ▶ This also introduces more complex *distractors* (bad answers) and should require stronger QA systems
- QA pipeline: given a question:
  - Retrieve some documents with an IR system
  - Zero in on the answer in those documents with a QA model



### DrQA

 How often does the retrieved context contain the answer? (uses Lucene, basically sparse tf-idf vectors)

| Dataset      | Wiki   | Doc. Retriever |             |  |  |
|--------------|--------|----------------|-------------|--|--|
|              | Search | plain          | +bigrams    |  |  |
| SQuAD        | 62.7   | 76.1           | 77.8        |  |  |
| CuratedTREC  | 81.0   | 85.2           | 86.0        |  |  |
| WebQuestions | 73.7   | 75.5           | 74.4        |  |  |
| WikiMovies   | 61.7   | 54.4           | <b>70.3</b> |  |  |

Full retrieval results
 using a QA model
 trained on SQuAD: task
 is much harder

| Dataset               |       |
|-----------------------|-------|
|                       | SQuAD |
| SQuAD (All Wikipedia) | 27.1  |
| CuratedTREC           | 19.7  |
| WebQuestions          | 11.8  |
| WikiMovies            | 24.5  |

Chen et al. (2017)



### Problems

- Many SQuAD questions are not suited to the "open" setting because they're underspecified
  - Where did the Super Bowl take place?
  - Which player on the Carolina Panthers was named MVP?
- ▶ SQuAD questions were written by people looking at the passage encourages a question structure which mimics the passage and doesn't look like "real" questions



## NaturalQuestions

- Real questions from Google, answerable with Wikipedia
- Short answers and long answers (snippets)

#### Question:

where is blood pumped after it leaves the right ventricle?

#### **Short Answer:**

None

#### Long Answer:

From the right ventricle, blood is pumped through the semilunar pulmonary valve into the left and right main pulmonary arteries (one for each lung), which branch into smaller pulmonary arteries that spread throughout the lungs.

- Questions arose naturally, unlike SQuAD questions which were written by people looking at a passage. This makes them much harder
- ▶ Short answer F1s < 60, long answer F1s < 75

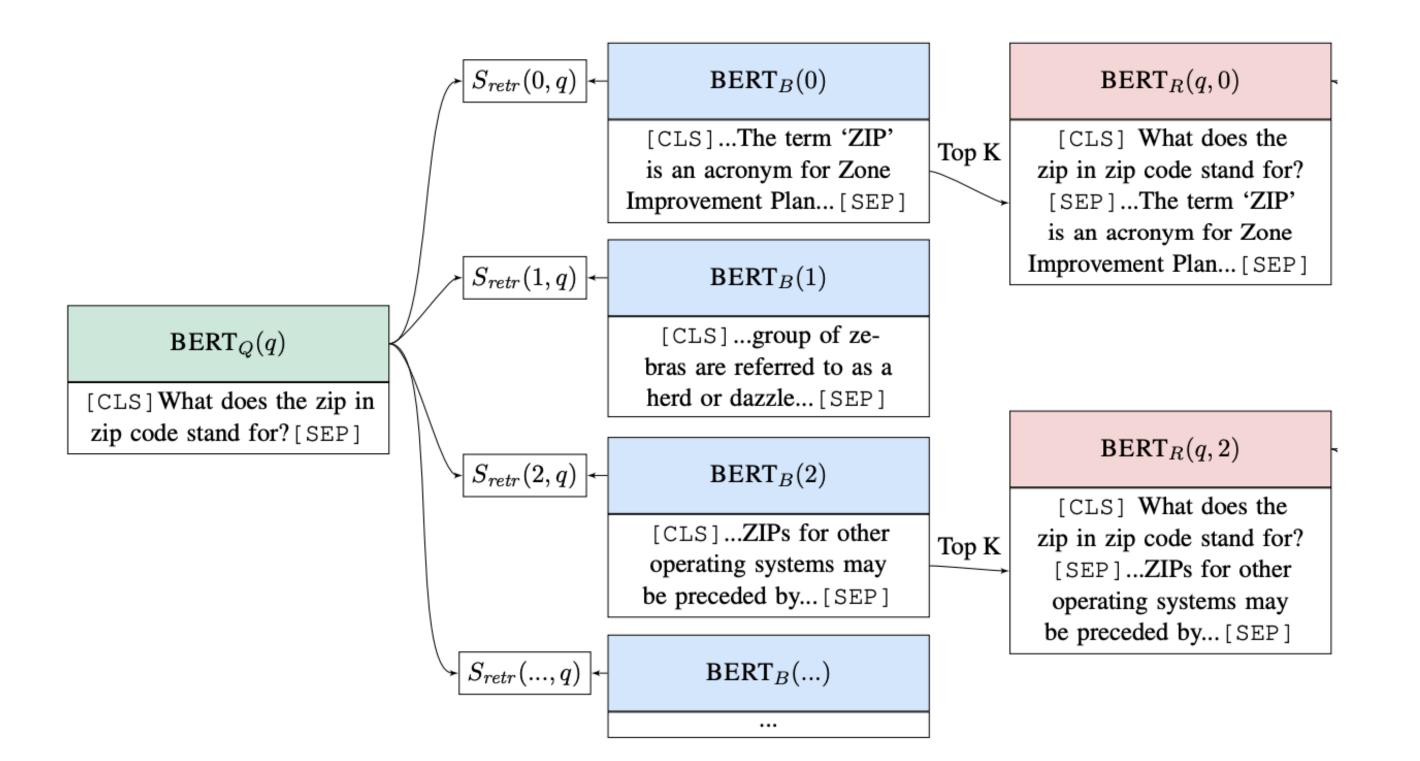
Kwiatkowski et al. (2019)



### Retrieval with BERT

- Can we do better than a simple IR system?
- Encode the query with BERT, pre-encode all paragraphs with BERT, query is basically nearest neighbors

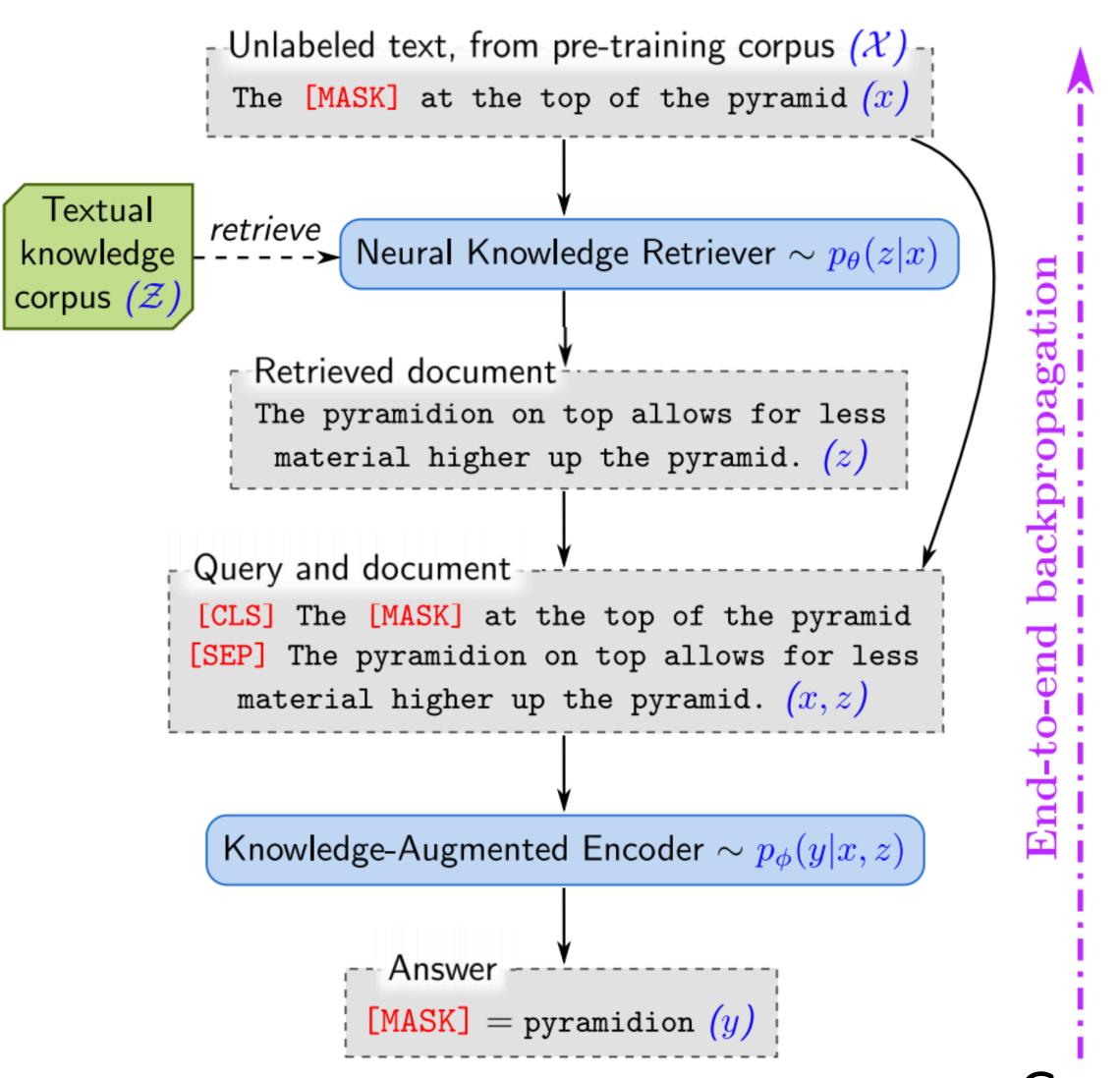
$$h_q = \mathbf{W_q} \mathrm{BERT}_Q(q) [\mathtt{CLS}]$$
 $h_b = \mathbf{W_b} \mathrm{BERT}_B(b) [\mathtt{CLS}]$ 
 $S_{retr}(b,q) = h_q^{\mathsf{T}} h_b$ 





### REALM

- Technique for integrating retrieval into pre-training
- Retriever relies on a maximum inner-product search (MIPS) over BERT embeddings
- MIPS is fast challenge is how to refresh the BERT embeddings



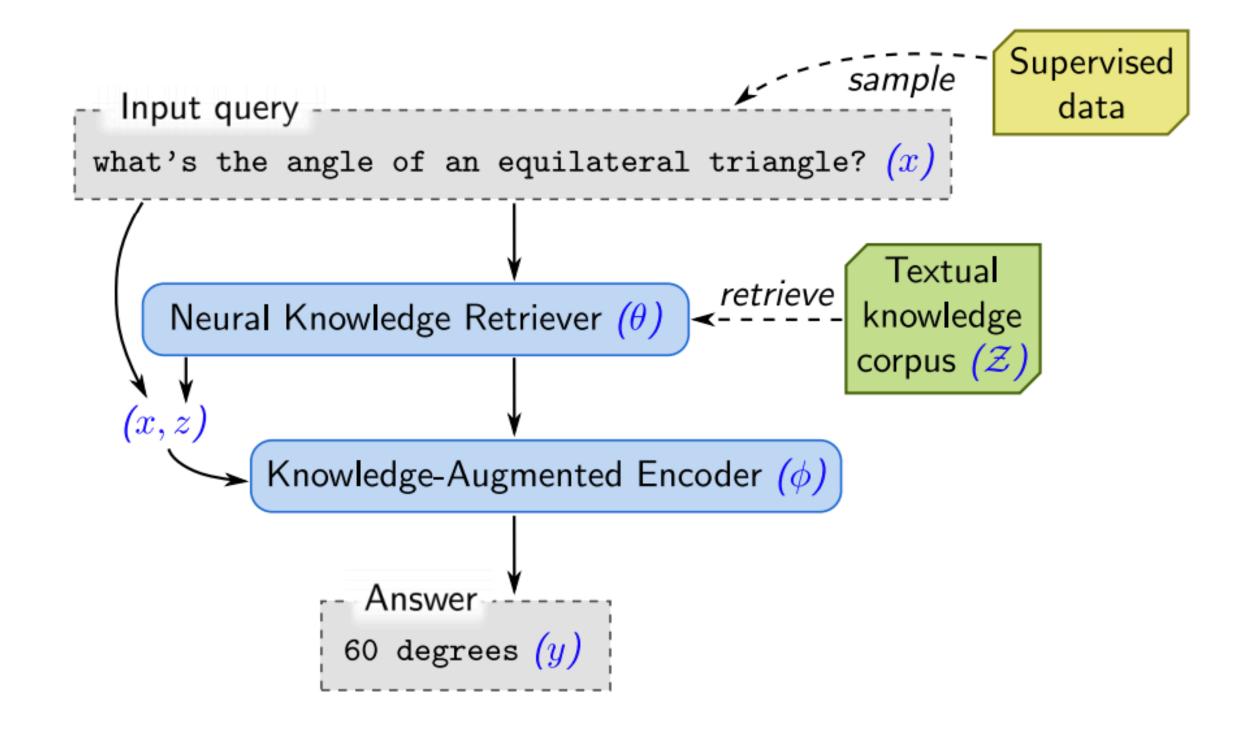
Guu et al. (2020)



### REALM

Fine-tuning can exploit the same kind of textual knowledge

Can work for tasks requiring knowledge lookups





### REALM

| Name   | Architectures  | Pre-training                                 | <b>NQ</b> (79k/4k)           | <b>WQ</b> (3k/2k)              | <b>CT</b> (1k /1k)     | # params                            |
|--|--|--|------------------------------|--------------------------------|------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| BERT-Baseline (Lee et al., 2019)   | Sparse Retr.+Transformer   | BERT   | 26.5                         | 17.7                           | 21.3                   | 110m                                |
| T5 (base) (Roberts et al., 2020) T5 (large) (Roberts et al., 2020) T5 (11b) (Roberts et al., 2020)   | Transformer Seq2Seq Transformer Seq2Seq Transformer Seq2Seq  | T5 (Multitask) T5 (Multitask) T5 (Multitask) | 27.0<br>29.8<br>34.5         | 29.1<br>32.2<br>37.4           | -<br>-                 | 223m<br>738m<br>11318m              |
| DrQA (Chen et al., 2017) HardEM (Min et al., 2019a) GraphRetriever (Min et al., 2019b) PathRetriever (Asai et al., 2019) ORQA (Lee et al., 2019) | Sparse Retr.+DocReader Sparse Retr.+Transformer GraphRetriever+Transformer PathRetriever+Transformer Dense Retr.+Transformer | N/A<br>BERT<br>BERT<br>MLM<br>ICT+BERT       | 28.1<br>31.8<br>32.6<br>33.3 | 20.7<br>-<br>31.6<br>-<br>36.4 | 25.7<br>-<br>-<br>30.1 | 34m<br>110m<br>110m<br>110m<br>330m |
| Ours ( $\mathcal{X}$ = Wikipedia, $\mathcal{Z}$ = Wikipedia)<br>Ours ( $\mathcal{X}$ = CC-News, $\mathcal{Z}$ = Wikipedia)                       | Dense Retr.+Transformer Dense Retr.+Transformer  | REALM<br>REALM                               | 39.2<br><b>40.4</b>          | 40.2<br><b>40.7</b>            | <b>46.8</b> 42.9       | 330m<br>330m                        |

▶ 330M parameters + a knowledge base beats an 11B parameter T5 model

# Multi-Hop Question Answering



# Multi-Hop Question Answering

- Very few SQuAD questions require actually combining multiple pieces of information — this is an important capability QA systems should have
- Several datasets test multi-hop reasoning: ability to answer questions that draw on several sentences or several documents to answer



# WikiHop

Annotators shown Wikipedia and asked to pose a simple question linking two entities that require a third (bridging) entity to associate

A model shouldn't be able to answer these without doing some reasoning about the intermediate entity

The Hanging Gardens, in [Mumbai], also known as Pherozeshah Mehta Gardens, are terraced gardens ... They provide sunset views over the [Arabian Sea] ...

Mumbai (also known as Bombay, the official name until 1995) is the capital city of the Indian state of Maharashtra. It is the most populous city in India ...

The **Arabian Sea** is a region of the northern Indian Ocean bounded on the north by **Pakistan** and **Iran**, on the west by northeastern **Somalia** and the Arabian Peninsula, and on the east by **India** ...

Q: (Hanging gardens of Mumbai, country, ?)
Options: {Iran, India, Pakistan, Somalia, ...}

Figure from Welbl et al. (2018)



## HotpotQA

**Question**: What government position was held by the woman who portrayed **Corliss Archer** in the film Kiss and Tell ?

- Shirley Temple Black was an American actress, businesswoman, and singer ...

As an adult, she served as Chief of Protocol of the United States

Same entity –

Same entity

Kiss and Tell is a comedy film in which 17-year-old Shirley Temple acts as Corliss Archer.

oc 3

Meet Corliss Archer is an American television sitcom that aired on CBS ...

Much longer and more convoluted questions



## Multi-hop Reasoning

**Question**: The Oberoi family is part of a hotel company that has a head office in what city?

Same entity

The Oberoi family is an Indian family that is famous for its involvement in hotels, namely through The Oberoi Group ...

Same entity

The Oberoi Group is a hotel company with its head office in Delhi.

This is an idealized version of multi-hop reasoning. Do models **need** to do this to do well on this task?



## Multi-hop Reasoning

**Question**: The Oberoi family is part of a hotel company that has a head office in what city?

The Oberoi far High lexical overlap in hotels, namely through the oberoiser is famous for its involvement iroup ...

The Oberoi Group is a hotel company with its head office in Delhi.

. . .

Model can ignore the bridging entity and directly predict the answer



# Multi-hop Reasoning

**Question**: What government position was held by the woman who portrayed **Corliss Archer** in the film Kiss and Tell?

- Shirley Temple Black was an American actress, businesswoman, and singer ...

As an adult, she served as Chief of Protocol of the United States

Same entity

Same entity

Kiss and Tell is a comedy film in which 17-year-old Shirley Temple acts as
 Corliss Archer

)OC 3

Meet Corliss Archer is an American television sitcom that aired on CBS ...

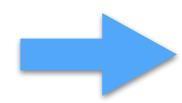
No simple lexical overlap.

...but only one government position appears in the context!



## Investigation

Can a model identify the answer with only a set of candidates?



Government position ————— Chief of Protocol, actress, singer

Can a model identify where the answer is in a single hop?

Oberoi Family Delhi





# Finding the answer directly

**Question**: What government position was held by the woman who portrayed Corliss Archer in the film Kiss and Tell ?

Shirley Temple Black was an American actress, businesswoman, and singer ...

As an adult, she served as Chief of Procol of the United States

Kiss and Tell is a comedy film in whic Corliss Archer.

Meet Corliss Archer is an American television sitcom that aired on CBS ...

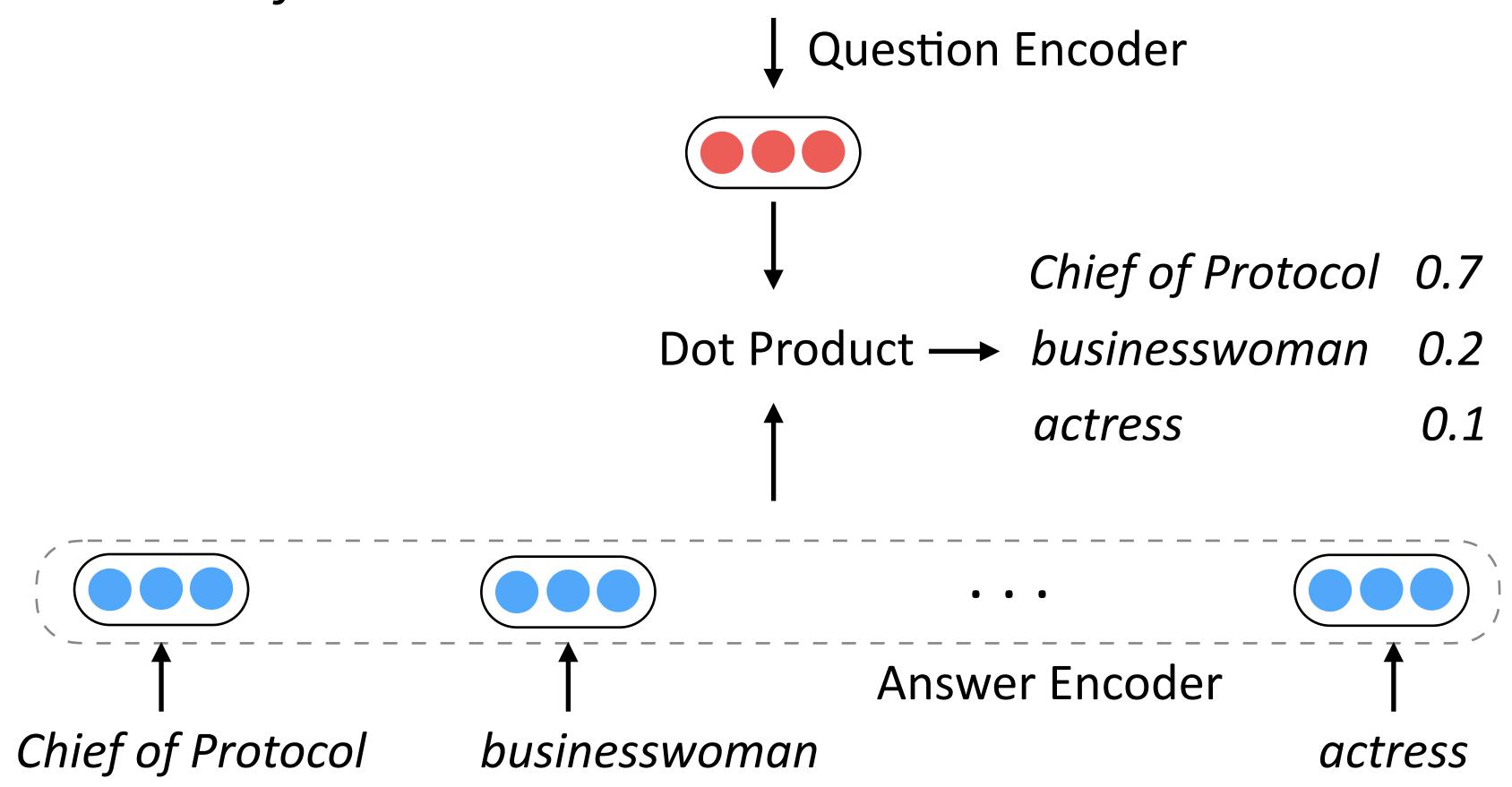
Chief of Protocol businesswoman ... actress

Kaushik and Lipton (2018)



### No Context Baseline

**Question**: What government position was held by the woman who portrayed Corliss Archer in the film Kiss and Tell?



Chen and Durrett (2019)



# Results on WikiHop

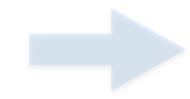
More than half of questions can be answered without even using the context!

SOTA models trained on this **may** be learning question-answer correspondences, not multi-hop reasoning as advertised



## Investigation

Can a model identify the answer with only a set of candidates?



Government position Chief of Protocol, actress, singer

Can a model identify where the answer is in a single hop?

Oberoi Family

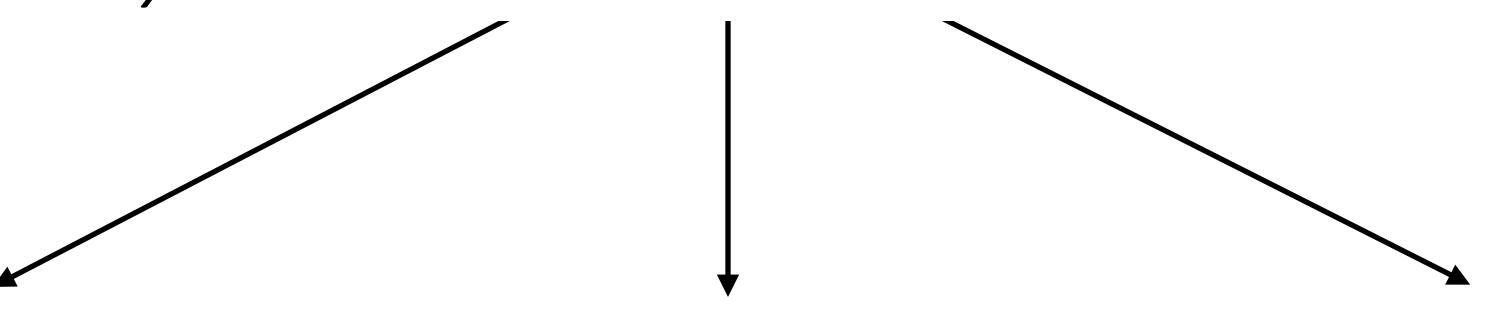




#### Sentence Factored Model

Find the answer by comparing each sentence with the question separately!

**Question**: The Oberoi family is part of a hotel company that has a head office in what city?



Doc 1

The Oberoi family is an Indian family that is ...

Doc 2

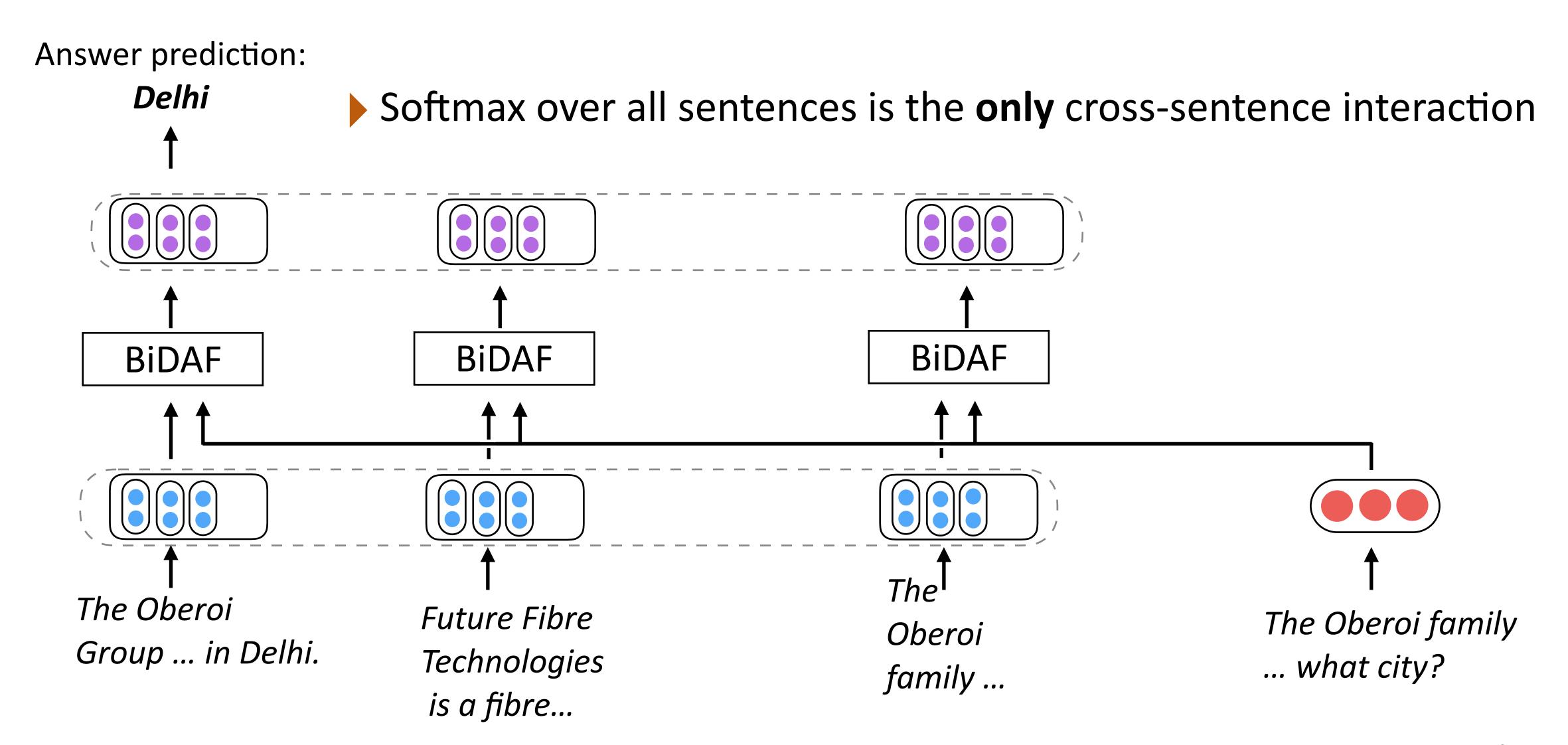
The Oberoi Group is a hotel company with its head office in Delhi.

Doc 3

Future Fibre Technologies a fiber technologies company ...



#### Sentence Factored Model



Chen and Durrett (2019)



# Results on HotpotQA

A simple single sentence reasoning model can solve more than half questions on HotpotQA.



#### Other Work

- Min et al. ACL 2019 "Compositional Questions do not Necessitate Multihop Reasoning"
  - Focuses just on HotpotQA
  - Additionally tries to adversarially harden Hotpot against these attacks.Some limited success, but doesn't solve the problem



# Question Answering with Chains

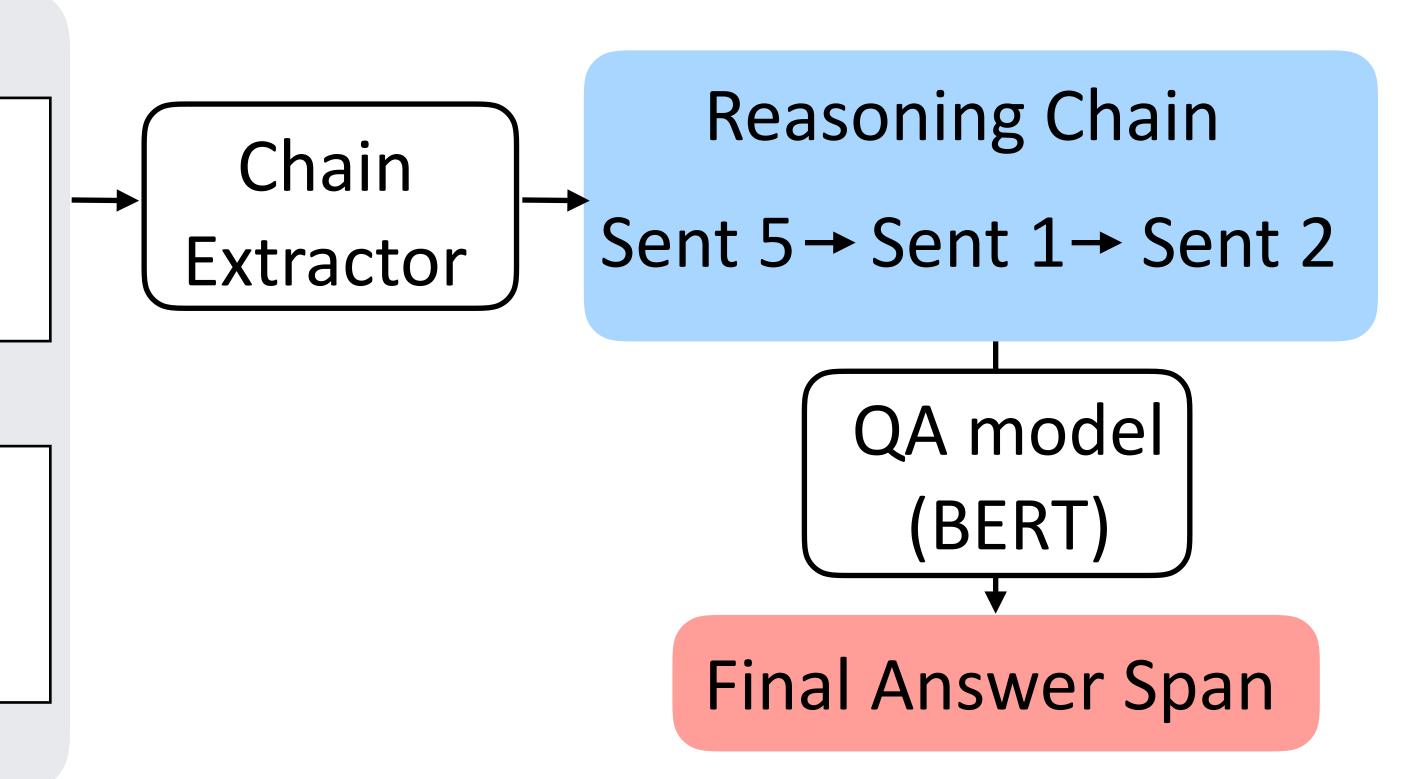
#### Q: What government position was held...

Shirley Temple Black was a ...
As an adult, she served as Chief of
Protocol of the United States

She began her diplomatic career...

Kiss and Tell is a comedy film in which 17-year-old Shirley Temple acts as Corliss Archer.

A Kiss for Corliss was...



Maybe we can strengthen our models to avoid these weaknesses. Force them to explicitly extract a reasoning chain to make them better



# Question Answering with Chains

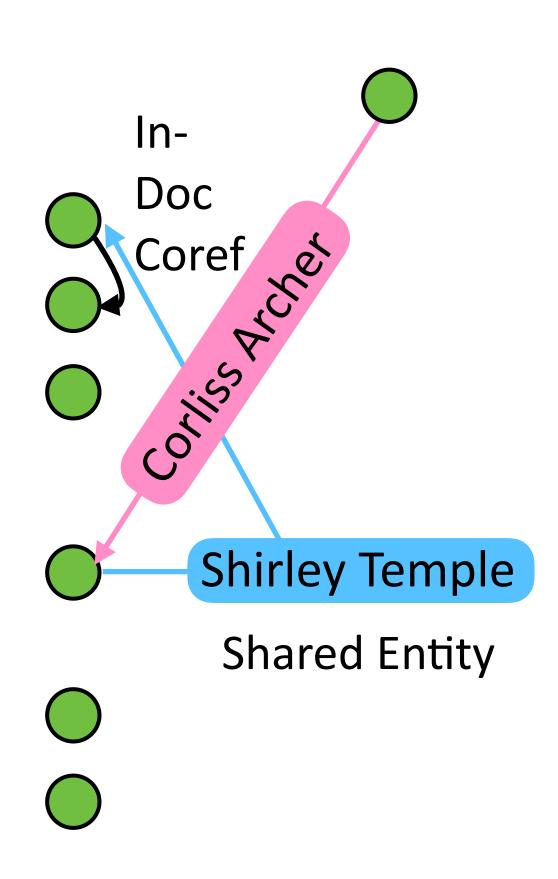
Reasoning Chain 1 Question: What government position was held by the woman who portrayed Answer: Chief of Protocol Corliss Archer in the film Kiss and Tell? In-Doc Shirley Temple Black was an American actress, businesswoman, and diplomat ... Coref As an adult, she served as the Chief of Protocol of the United States ... She began her diplomatic career in 1969, when she represented ... **Shirley Temple** Light Kiss and Tell is a film in which 17-year-old Shirley Temple acts as Corliss Archer. Shared Entity "A Kiss for Corliss" is a sequel to the film "Kiss and Tell". It stars **Shirley Temple** in her final starring role ...

Strong connection between the entities used here



# Chain Supervision

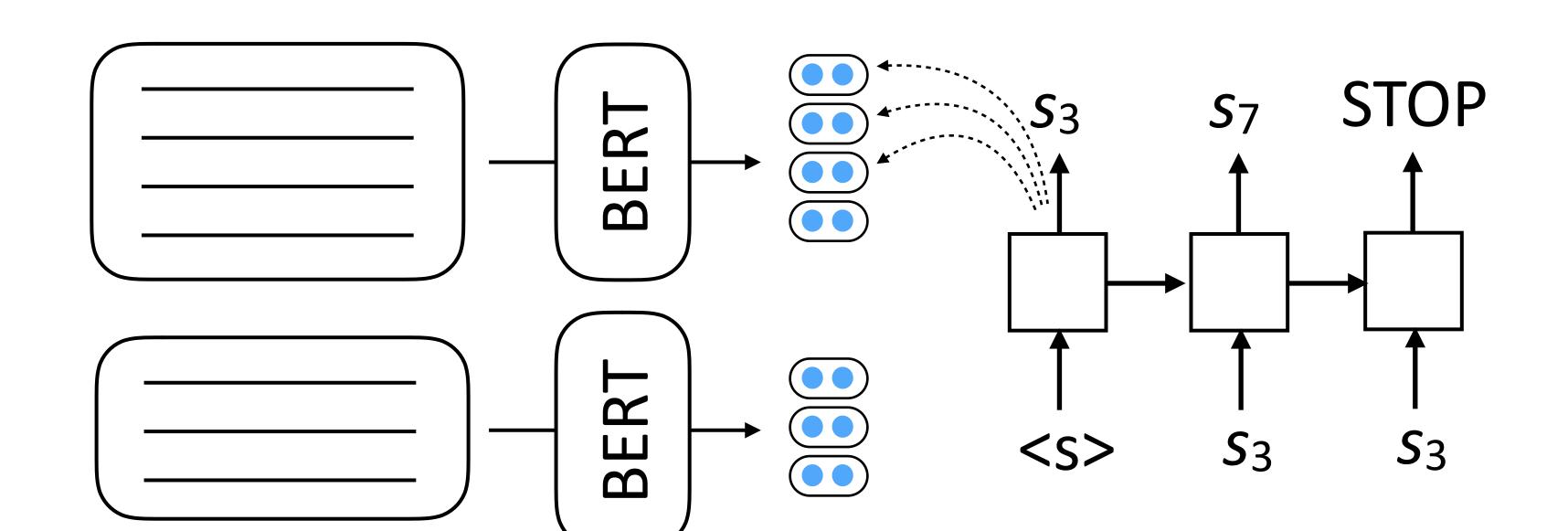
- Extract pseudogold chains based on:
  - Within-document coreference: we don't run a coreference system but instead link all sentences within a paragraph
  - Shared entities: enable connections between different sources
- Given these chains, we learn a model to extract them. At test time, no annotations are needed

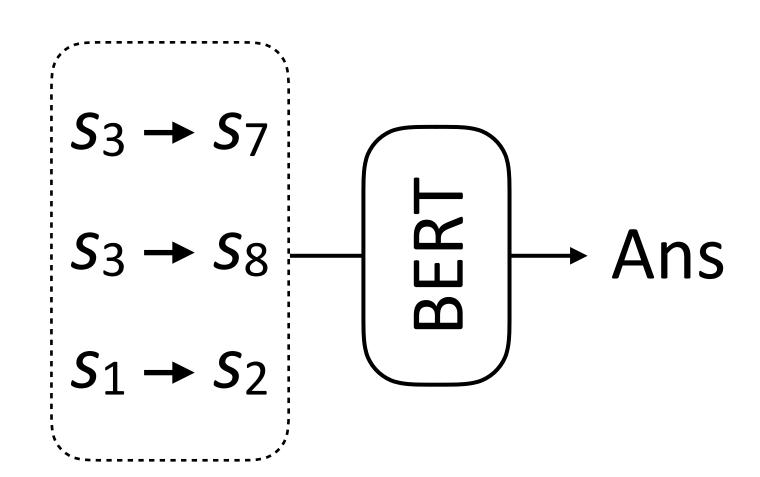




### Chain Extraction and QA

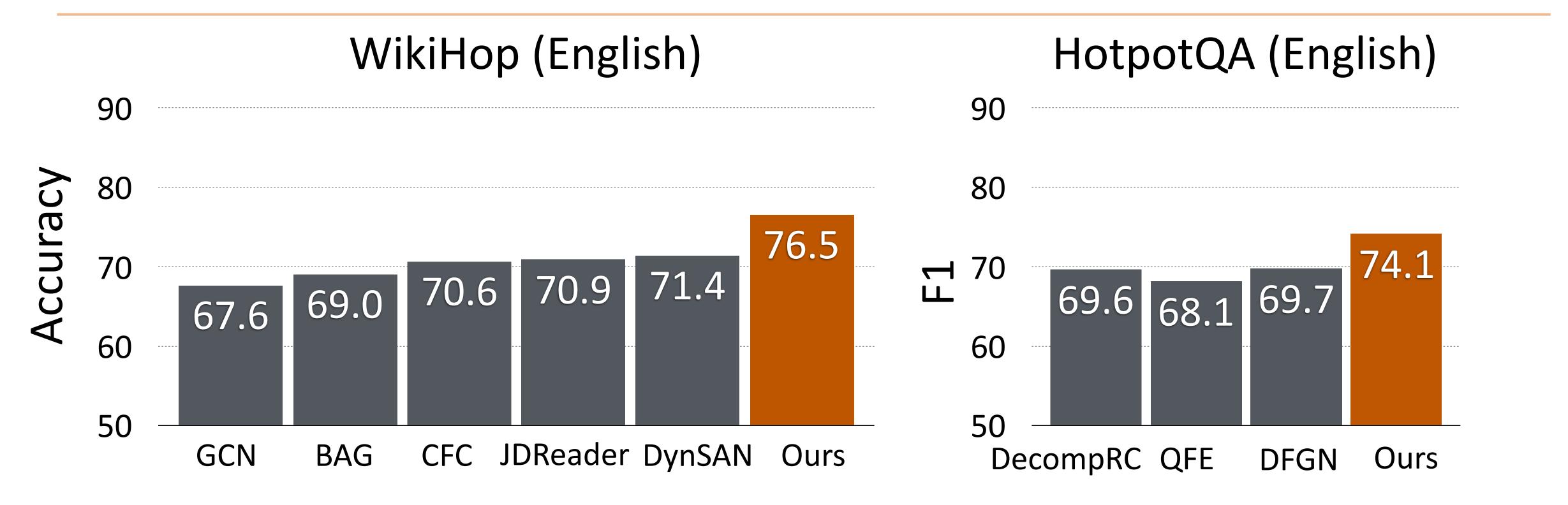
- Paragraphs are encoded with BERT to compute sentence representations
- A pointer network selects a sequence of sentences
- A final BERT model then extracts an answer span from one or more chains







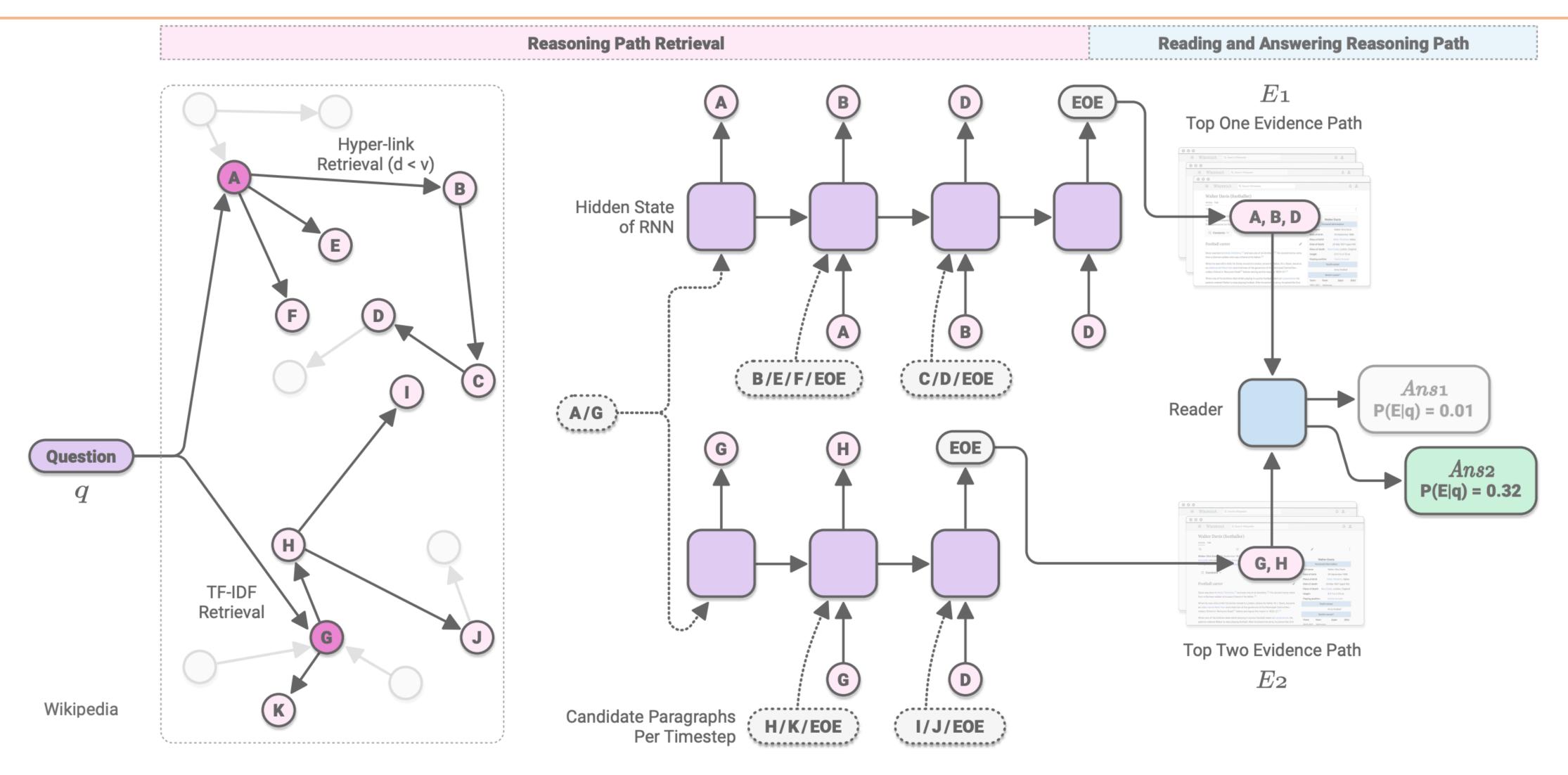
#### QA Results



- ▶ High performance on WikiHop (\*past systems didn't use BERT) and Hotpot
- Also large gains on hard examples in HotpotQA



#### State-of-the-art Models



▶ Best systems: use hyperlink structure of Wikipedia and a strong multi-step retrieval mode built on BERT

Asai et al. (2020)

# New Types of QA



#### DROP

QA datasets to model programs/computation

| Passage (some parts shortened)                          | Question                | Answer  | BiDAF   |
|---|-------------------------|---------|---------|
| That year, his Untitled (1981), a painting of a haloed, | •                       | 4300000 | \$16.3  |
| black-headed man with a bright red skeletal body, de-   | lars was the Untitled   |         | million |
| picted amid the artists signature scrawls, was sold by  | (1981) painting sold    |         |         |
| Robert Lehrman for \$16.3 million, well above its \$12  | for than the 12 million |         |         |
| million high estimate.                                  | dollar estimation?      |         |         |

- Question types: subtraction, comparison (which did he visit first), counting and sorting (which kicker kicked more field goals),
- Invites ad hoc solutions like predicting two numbers + operation



### MultiQA

Maybe we should just look at lots of QA datasets instead?

|          | CQ   | CWQ  | СомQА | WikiHop | DROP | SQUAD  | NewsQA | SEARCHQA | TQA-G | TQA-W | НотротQА |
|----------|------|------|-------|---------|------|--------|--------|----------|-------|-------|----------|
| SQuAD    | 23.6 | 12.0 | 20.0  | 4.6     | 5.5  | i<br>- | 31.8   | 8.4      | 37.8  | 33.4  | 11.8     |
| NewsQA   | 24.1 | 12.4 | 18.9  | 7.1     | 4.4  | 60.4   | -      | 10.1     | 37.6  | 28.4  | 8.0      |
| SEARCHQA | 30.3 | 18.5 | 25.8  | 12.4    | 2.8  | 23.3   | 12.7   | -        | 53.2  | 35.4  | 5.2      |

• • •

- ▶ BERT trained on SQuAD gets <40% performance on any other QA dataset
- Our QA models are pretty good at fitting single datasets with 50k-100k examples, but still aren't learning general question answering



#### NarrativeQA

- Humans see a summary of a book: ...Peter's former girlfriend Dana Barrett has had a son, Oscar...
- Question: How is Oscar related to Dana?
- Answering these questions from the source text (not summary) requires complex inferences and is extremely challenging; no progress on this dataset in 2 years

#### **Story snippet:**

DANA (setting the wheel brakes on the buggy)
Thank you, Frank. I'll get the hang of this eventually.

She continues digging in her purse while Frank leans over the buggy and makes funny faces at the baby, OSCAR, a very cute nine-month old boy.

FRANK (to the baby)
Hiya, Oscar. What do you say, slugger?

FRANK (to Dana)

That's a good-looking kid you got there, Ms. Barrett.

Kočiský et al. (2017)

# Takeaways

Lots of problems with current QA settings, lots of new datasets

QA over tables, images, knowledge bases, ...

Models can often work well for one QA task but don't generalize

There's lots that we can't do, but we're getting really good at putting our hands on random facts from the Internet