

1. Write the GCN (Guarded Command Notation) equivalent of the following C statements:

a. Assume here that `s1`, `s2`, `s3`, and `s4` represent arbitrary C statements, and that `A`, `B`, and `C` represent arbitrary C expressions.

```
if (A)
{
    s1;
    if (!B)
    {
        s2;
    }
    else if (C)
    {
        s3;
    }
    else
    {
        s4;
    }
}
```

b.

```
for (i=0; i<n; i++)
{
    for (j=i; j<n; j++)
    {
        k = n-i;
    }
}
```

c.

```
do
{
    s1;
    if (C)
        break;
    s2;
} while (A && B);
```

2. Sethi 5.3.

3. Show the result of the following program under the following scoping schemes.

a. Lexical scoping

b. Dynamic scoping

```
int Penn, Teller;
procedure poof()
{
    int Penn = 7;
    return (Penn + Teller);
}

procedure laugh()
{
    int Teller = 34;
    return (Penn + Teller - poof());
}

main()
{
    Penn = 171;
    Teller = 61;

    Penn = poof();
    print(Penn);

    Penn = laugh();
    print(Penn);
}
```

4. For the following program, show the output under each of the following parameter passing mechanisms:

a. Call by value

b. Call by reference

c. Call by value-result

d. Call by name

```
Michael : integer;

procedure Wizard (Jeffrey: integer)
{
    Michael := Michael-3;
    Jeffrey := Jeffrey+38;
    print(Michael, Jeffrey);
}

main()
{
    Michael := 23;
    Wizard(Michael);
    print(Michael);
}
```