

CS 327E Class 6

March 4, 2019

1) A Beam transform such as `ParDo` modifies the input collection while processing its elements.

- A. True
- B. False

2) What kind of object does the `ParDo` transform expect?

- A. A `DoFn` subclass
- B. A `DoFn` super class
- C. A `DoFn` abstract class

3) Does `ParDo` support random access to `PCollections`? For example, is the **highlighted** code allowed?

A. Yes

B. No

```
class ComputeWordLengthFn (beam.DoFn) :
    def process (self, element) :

        another_element = words[3]

        if len(element) > len(another_element) :
            return [len(element)]

word_lengths = words | beam.ParDo (ComputeWordLengthFn ())
```

4) Which Beam transform is equivalent to a SQL WHERE clause?

- A. ParDo
- B. GroupByKey
- C. CoGroupByKey
- D. Flatten

5) Which Beam transform is equivalent to a SQL JOIN?

- A. ParDo
- B. GroupByKey
- C. CoGroupByKey
- D. Flatten

ParDo Transform

- Maps 1 input element to (1, 0, many) output elements
- Invokes a user-specified function on each of the elements of the input `PCollection`
- User code is implemented as a subclass of `DoFn` with a `process(self, element)` method
- Input elements are processed independently and in parallel
- Output elements are bundled into a new `PCollection`
- Typical usage: filtering, formatting, extracting parts of data, performing computations on data elements

GroupByKey Transform

- Takes a `PCollection` as input where each element is a (key, value) pair
- Groups the values by unique key
- Produces a `PCollection` as output where each element is a (key, list(value)) pair
- Related, but not analogous to `GROUP BY` in SQL

Demo: Student_single.py

```
git clone https://github.com/cs327e-spring2019/snippets.git
```

Hands-on Exercise 1

Run `Student_single.py`

iClicker Question 1

How many records are in the resulting Student table?

- A. 0
- B. 12
- C. 15

Demo: convert pipeline to Dataflow

```
git clone https://github.com/cs327e-spring2019/snippets.git
```

Walk through `Student_cluster.py`

Hands-on Exercise 2

Create `Teacher_cluster.py` from `Teacher_single.py`

Run `Teacher_cluster.py` on Dataflow

iClicker Question 2

How many nodes are in the job's execution graph?

- A. 3
- B. 4
- C. 9

ParDo Side Inputs

- A side input is an optional input passed to DoFn
- Passed as extra arguments to `process(self, element, side_input1, side_input2 ...)`
- Side input can be ordinary values or entire PCollections
- DoFn reads side input while processing an individual element
- Multiple side inputs per DoFn are supported

Demo: Side input example

```
git clone https://github.com/cs327e-spring2019/snippets.git
```

Walk through `Takes_single.py`

Flatten Transform

- Takes a list of `PCollections` as input
- Produces a single `PCollection` as output
- Results contain all the elements from the input `PCollections`
- Note: Input `PCollections` must have matching schemas

```
a_pcoll = p | 'Read File 1' >> ReadFromText('oscars_data_archive.tsv')
b_pcoll = p | 'Read File 2' >> ReadFromText('oscars_data_2019.tsv')

# Union the two PCollections
c_pcoll = (a_pcoll, b_pcoll) | 'Merge PCollections' >> beam.Flatten()
```

CoGroupByKey Transform

- Takes two or more `PCollections` as input
- Every element in the input is a (key, value) pair
- Groups values from all input `PCollections` by common key
- Produces a `PCollection` as output where each element is a (key, value) pair
- Output value is a list of dictionaries containing all data associated with unique key
- Analogous to the `FULL OUTER JOIN` in `SQL`

CoGroupByKey Transform

```
q1 = 'SELECT sid, cno, grade FROM college_split.Takes'
q2 = 'SELECT cno, cname FROM college_split.Class'

takes_pcoll = p | 'Run Q1' >> beam.io.Read(beam.io.BigQuerySource( query=q1))
class_pcoll = p | 'Run Q2' >> beam.io.Read(beam.io.BigQuerySource( query=q2))

takes_tuple = takes_pcoll | 'Takes Tuple' >> beam.ParDo(MakeTuple())
class_tuple = class_pcoll | 'Class Tuple' >> beam.ParDo(MakeTuple())

joined_pcoll = (takes_tuple, class_tuple) | 'Join' >> beam.CoGroupByKey()
```

Milestone 6

1) Requirements and rubric: [assignment sheet](#)

2) Debugging assistance: [sign-up sheet](#)