Systems I

Pipelining III

Topics

- Hazard mitigation through pipeline forwarding
- Hardware support for forwarding
- Forwarding to mitigate control (branch) hazards

How do we fix the Pipeline?

Pad the program with NOPs

- Yuck!

Stall the pipeline

- Data hazards
  - Wait for producing instruction to complete
  - Then proceed with consuming instruction
- Control hazards
  - Wait until new PC has been determined
  - Then begin fetching
- How is this better than putting NOPs into the program?

Forward data within the pipeline

- Grab the result from somewhere in the pipe
  - After it has been computed
  - But before it has been written back
- This gives an opportunity to avoid performance degradation due to hazards!

Data Forwarding

Naïve Pipeline

- Register isn't written until completion of write-back stage
- Source operands read from register file in decode stage
  - Needs to be in register file at start of stage

Observation

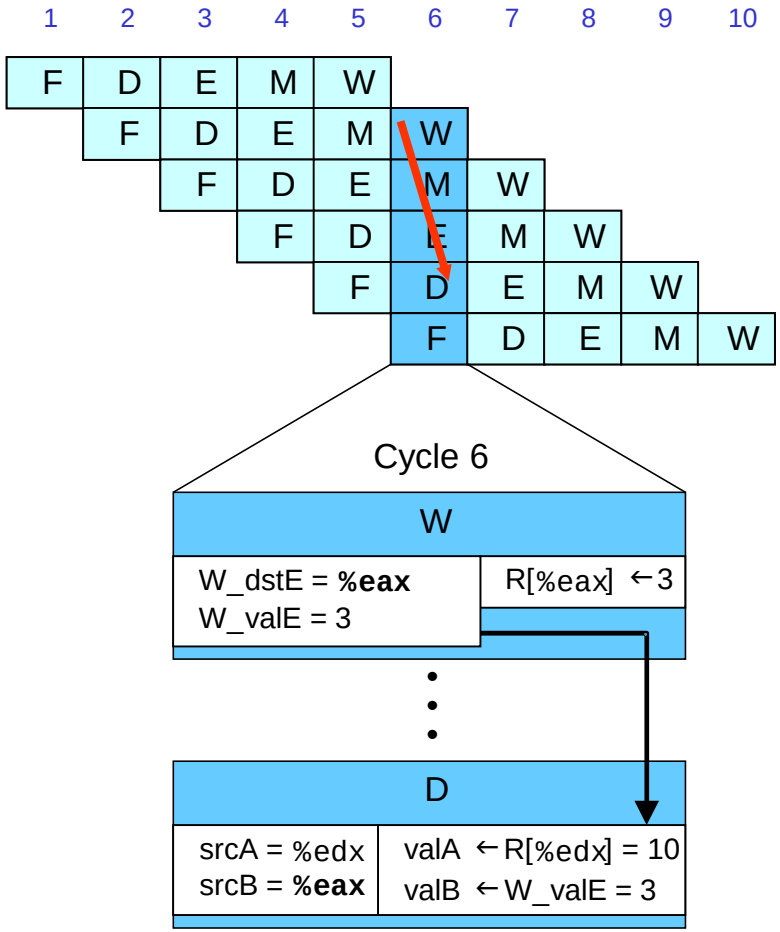
- Value generated in execute or memory stage

Trick

- Pass value directly from generating instruction to decode stage
- Needs to be available at end of decode stage

Data Forwarding Example

```
# demo-h2.ys
0x000: irmovl $10,%edx
0x006: irmovl  $3,%eax
0x00c: nop
0x00d: nop
0x00e: addl %edx,%eax
0x010: halt
```



- `irmovl` in write-back stage
- Destination value in W pipeline register
- Forward as valB for decode stage

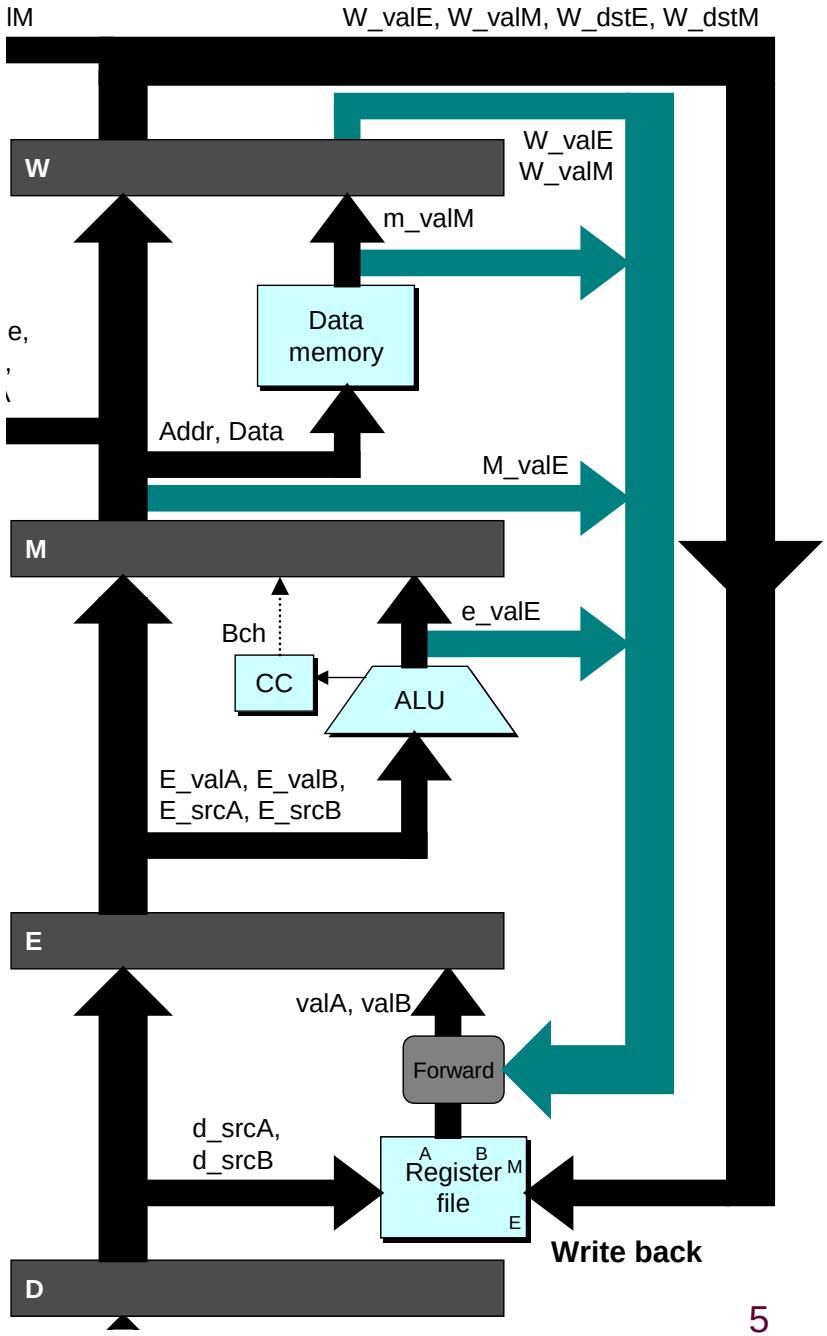
Bypass Paths

Decode Stage

- Forwarding logic selects valA and valB
- Normally from register file
- Forwarding: get valA or valB from later pipeline stage

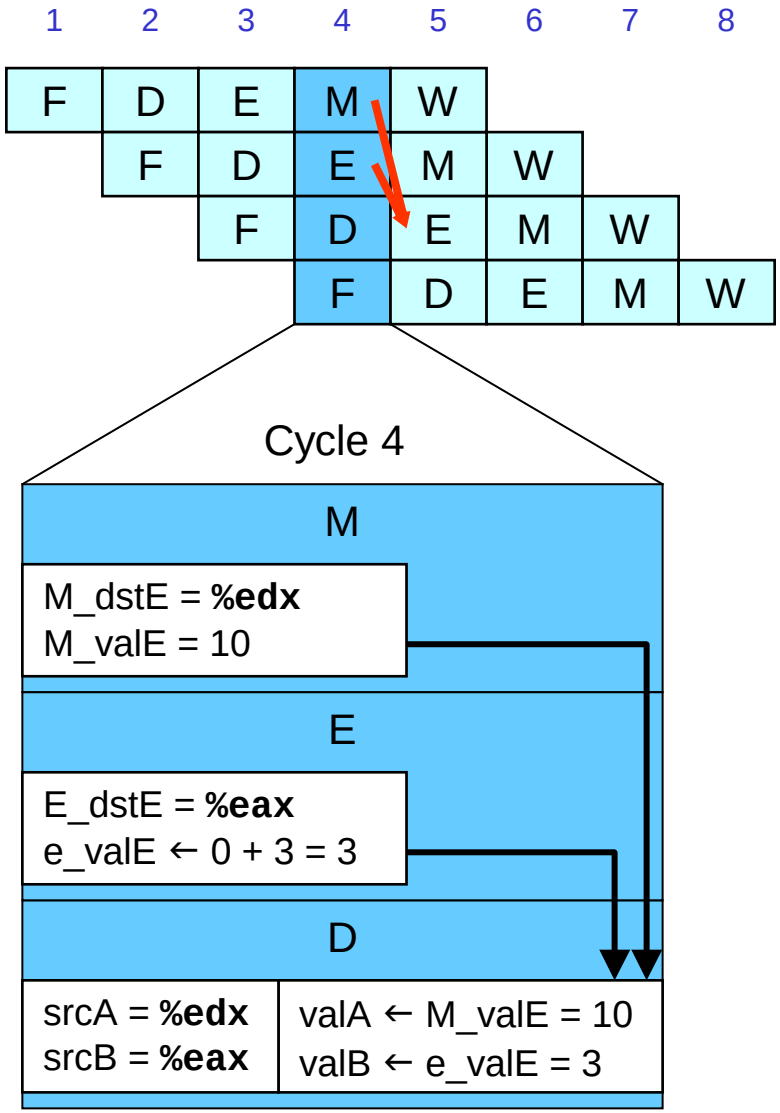
Forwarding Sources

- Execute: valE
- Memory: valE, valM
- Write back: valE, valM



Data Forwarding Example #2

```
# demo-h0.ys
0x000: irmovl $10,%edx
0x006: irmovl  $3,%eax
0x00c: addl %edx,%eax
0x00e: halt
```



Register %edx

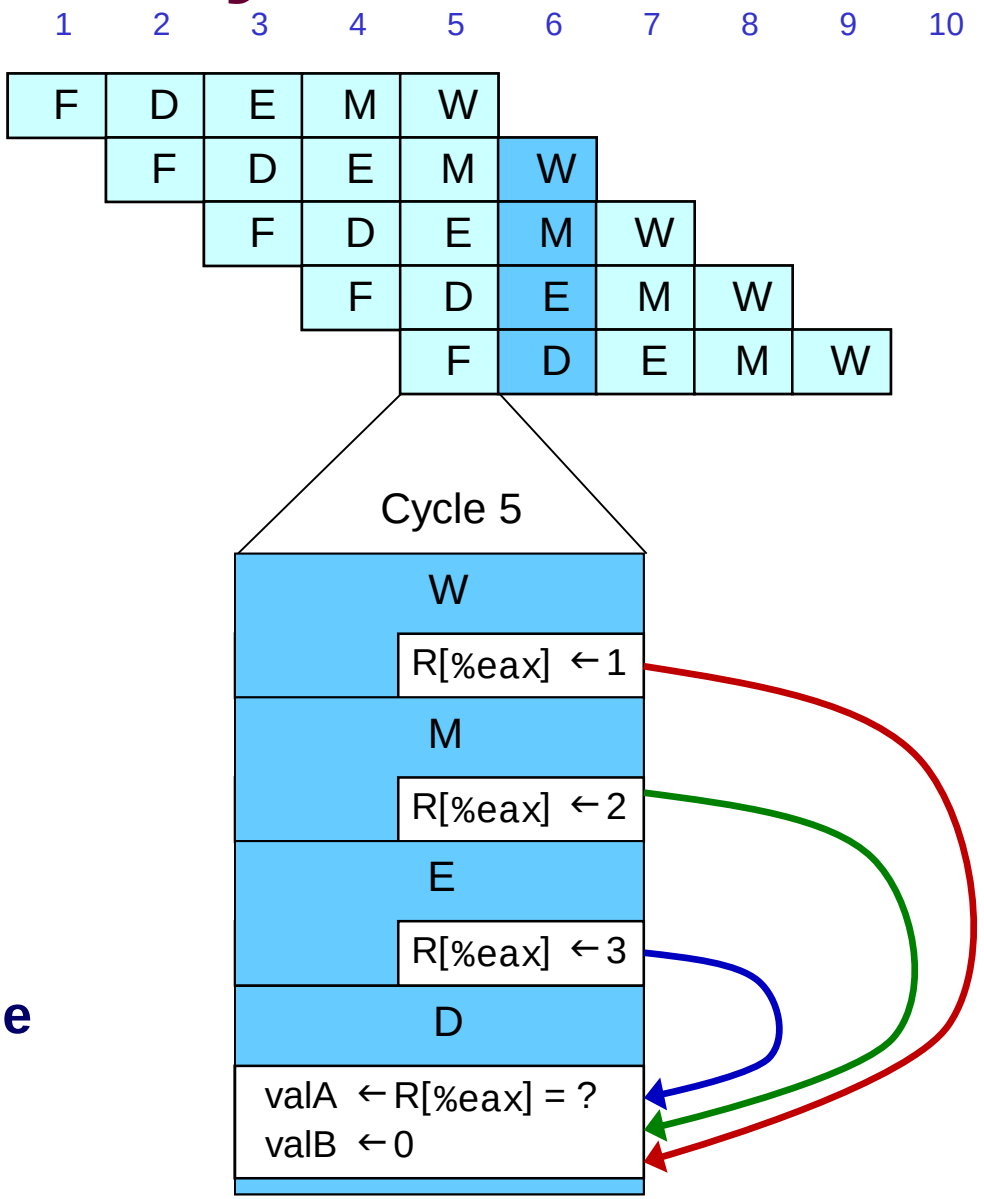
- Generated by ALU during previous cycle
- Forward from memory as valA

Register %eax

- Value just generated by ALU
- Forward from execute as valB

Forwarding Priority

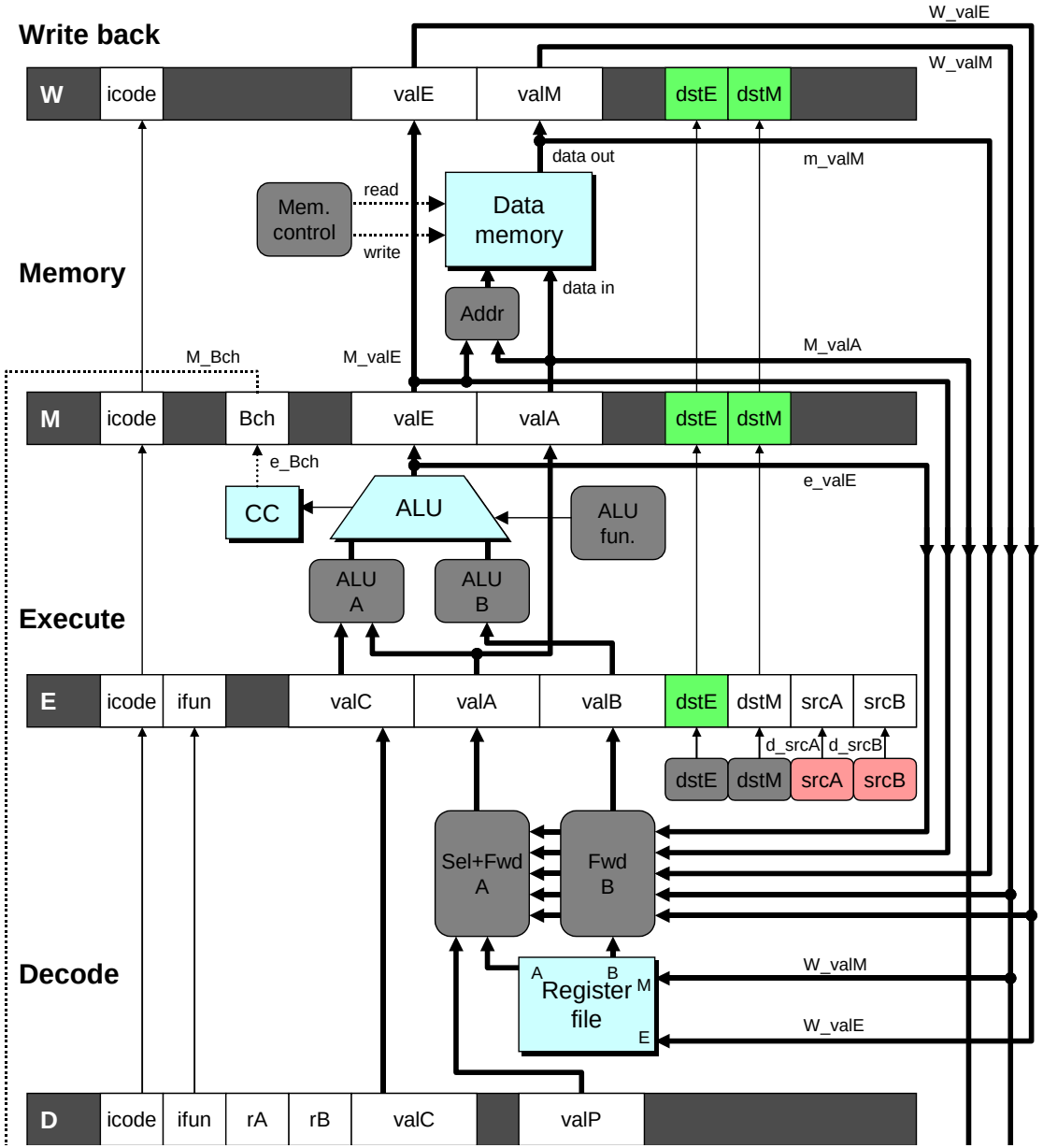
```
# demo-priority.ys
0x000: irmovl $1, %eax
0x006: irmovl $2, %eax
0x00c: irmovl $3, %eax
0x012: rrmovl %eax, %edx
0x014: halt
```



Multiple Forwarding Choices

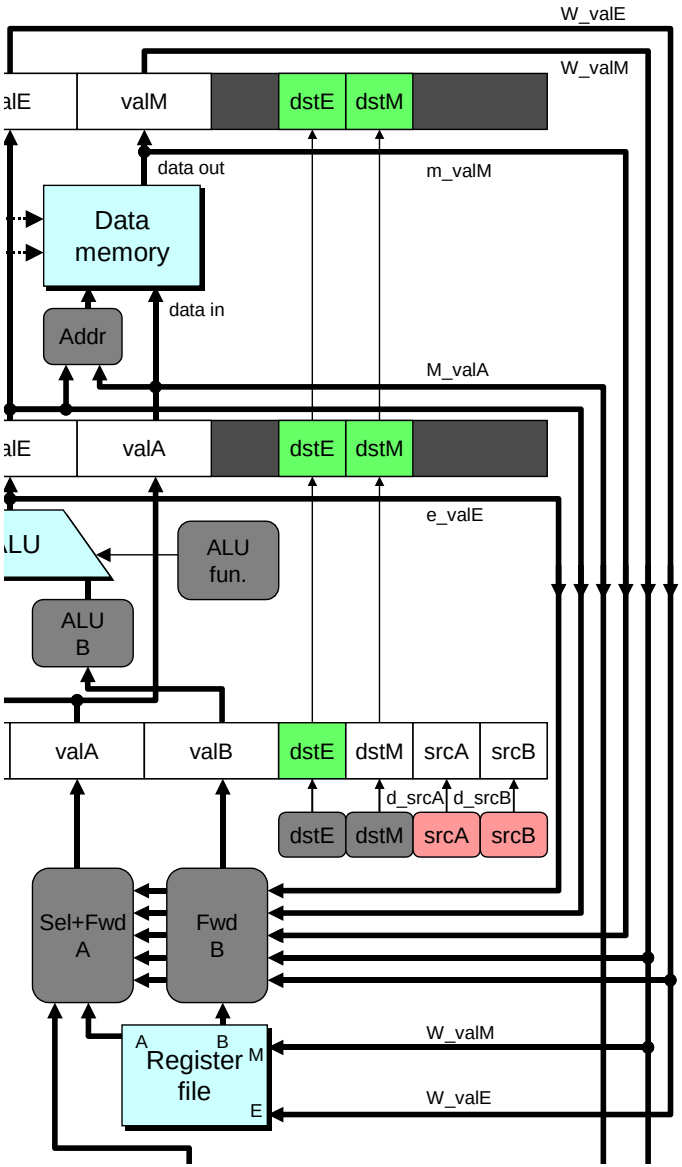
- **Which one should have priority**
- **Match serial semantics**
- **Use matching value from earliest pipeline stage**

Implementing Forwarding



- Add additional feedback paths from E, M, and W pipeline registers into decode stage
- Create logic blocks to select from multiple sources for valA and valB in decode stage

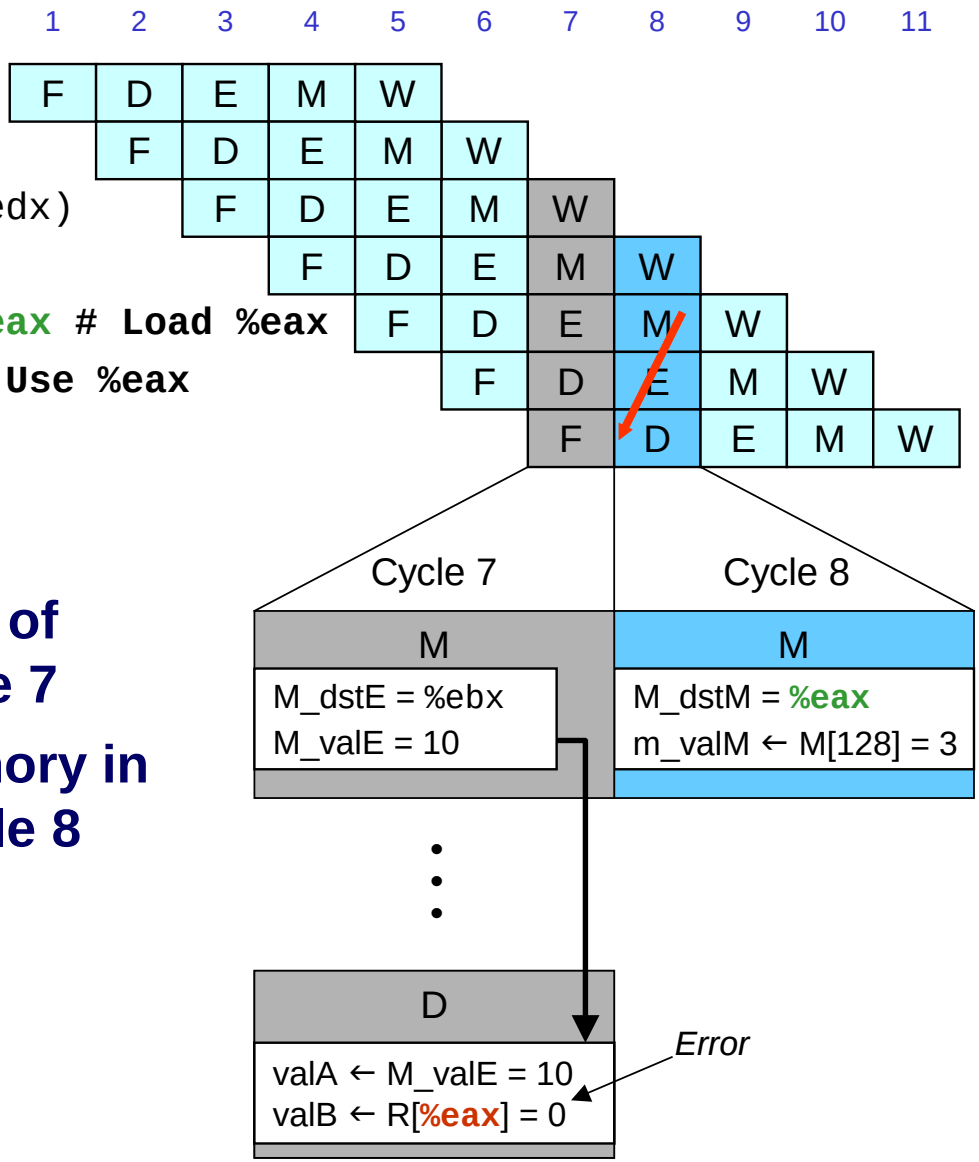
Implementing Forwarding




```
## What should be the A value?
int new_E_valA = [
  # Use incremented PC
     D_icode in { ICALL, IJXX } : D_valP;
  # Forward valE from execute
     d_srcA == E_dstE : e_valE;
  # Forward valM from memory
     d_srcA == M_dstM : m_valM;
  # Forward valE from memory
     d_srcA == M_dstE : M_valE;
  # Forward valM from write back
     d_srcA == W_dstM : W_valM;
  # Forward valE from write back
     d_srcA == W_dstE : W_valE;
  # Use value read from register file
     1 : d_rvalA;
];
```

Limitation of Forwarding

```
# demo-luh.ys
0x000: irmovl $128,%edx
0x006: irmovl  $3,%ecx
0x00c: rmmovl %ecx, 0(%edx)
0x012: irmovl $10,%ebx
0x018: mrmovl 0(%edx),%eax # Load %eax
0x01e: addl %ebx,%eax # Use %eax
0x020: halt
```

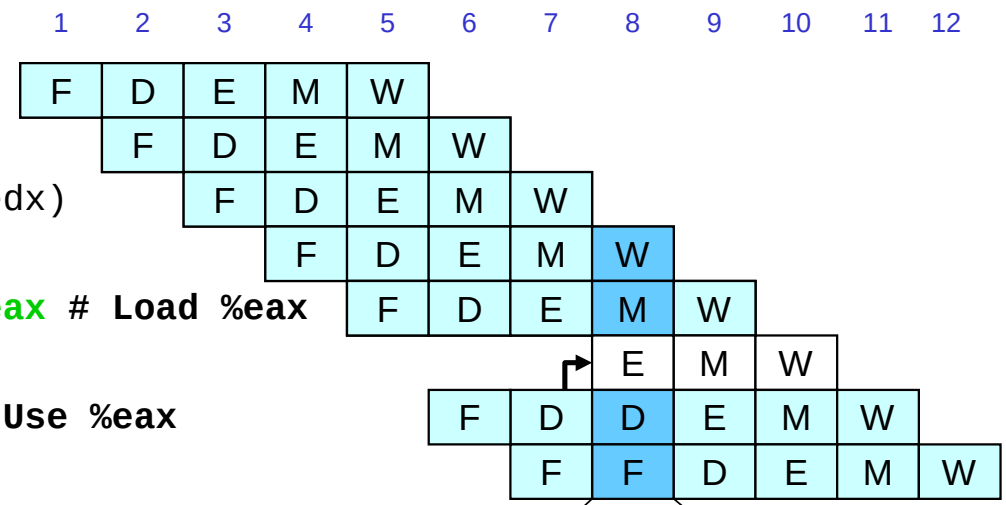


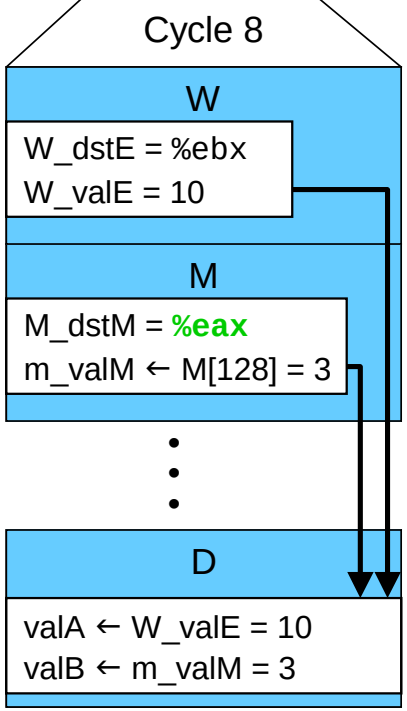
Load-use dependency

- Value needed by end of decode stage in cycle 7
- Value read from memory in memory stage of cycle 8

Avoiding Load/Use Hazard

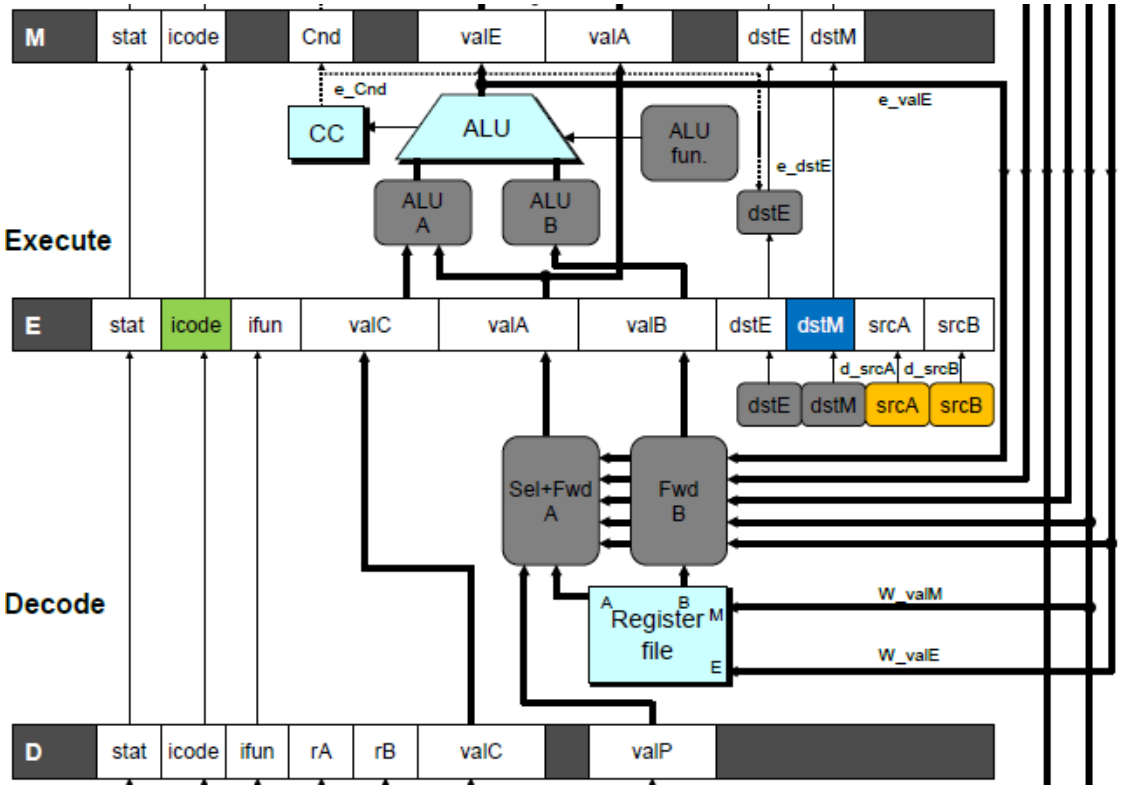
```
# demo-luh.ys
0x000: irmovl $128,%edx
0x006: irmovl  $3,%ecx
0x00c: rmmovl %ecx, 0(%edx)
0x012: irmovl $10,%ebx
0x018: mrmovl 0(%edx),%eax # Load %eax
       bubble
0x01e: addl %ebx,%eax # Use %eax
0x020: halt
```





- **Stall using instruction for one cycle**
- **Can then pick up loaded value by forwarding from memory stage**

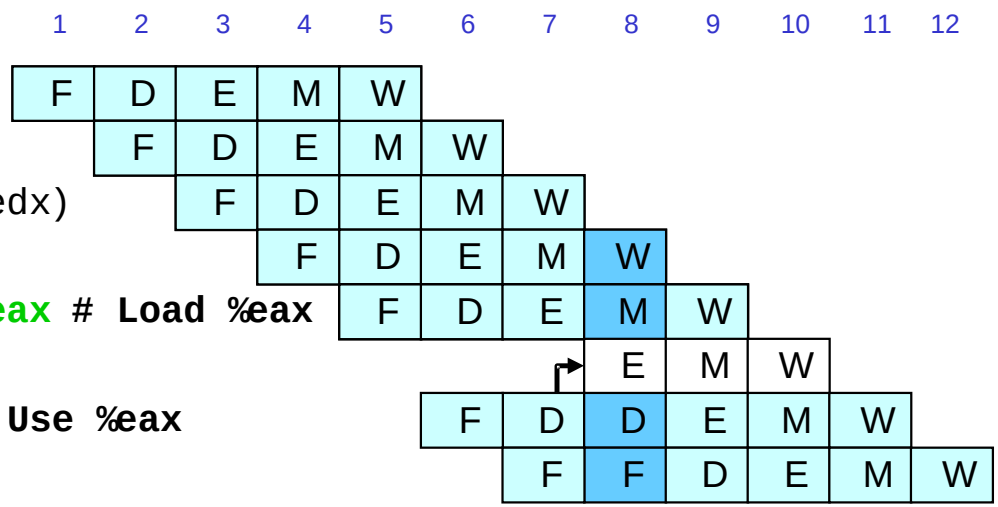
Detecting Load/Use Hazard



Condition	Trigger
Load/Use Hazard	E_icode in { IMRMOVL, IPOPL } && E_dstM in { d_srcA, d_srcB }

Control for Load/Use Hazard

```
# demo-luh.ys
0x000: irmovl $128,%edx
0x006: irmovl  $3,%ecx
0x00c: rmmovl %ecx, 0(%edx)
0x012: irmovl $10,%ebx
0x018: mrmovl 0(%edx),%eax # Load %eax
       bubble
0x01e: addl %ebx,%eax # Use %eax
0x020: halt
```



- Stall instructions in fetch and decode stages
- Inject bubble into execute stage

Condition	F	D	E	M	W
Load/Use Hazard	stall	stall	bubble	normal	normal

Branch Misprediction Example

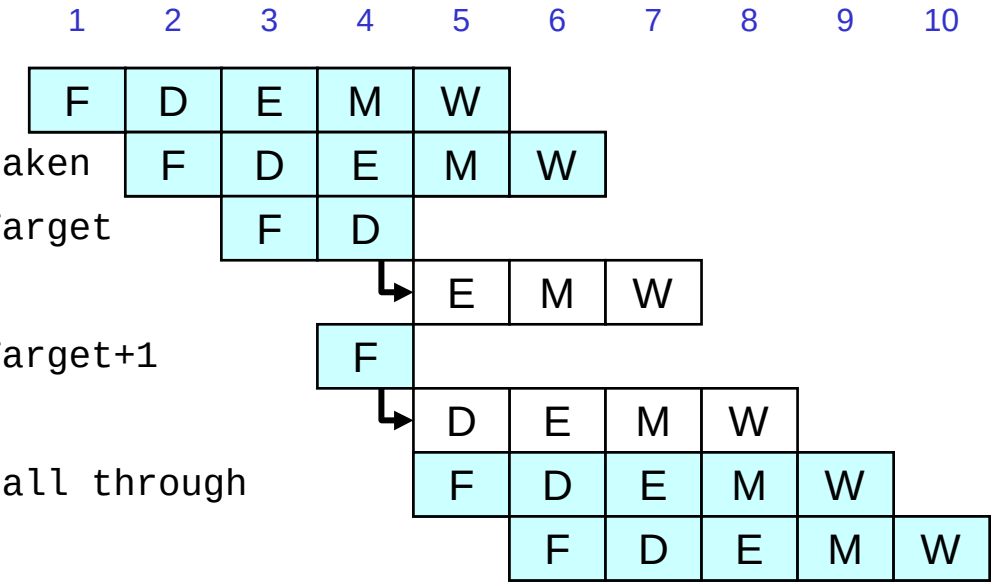
demo-j.ys

```
0x000:     xorl %eax,%eax
0x002:     jne  t               # Not taken
0x007:     irmovl $1, %eax      # Fall through
0x00d:     nop
0x00e:     nop
0x00f:     nop
0x010:     halt
0x011: t:  irmovl $3, %edx      # Target (Should not execute)
0x017:     irmovl $4, %ecx      # Should not execute
0x01d:     irmovl $5, %edx      # Should not execute
```

- Should only execute first 7 instructions

Handling Misprediction

```
# demo-j.ys
0x000:     xorl %eax,%eax
0x002:     jne target # Not taken
0x011: t:  irmovl $2,%edx # Target
           bubble
0x017:     irmovl $3,%ebx # Target+1
           bubble
0x007:     irmovl $1,%eax # Fall through
0x00d:     nop
```



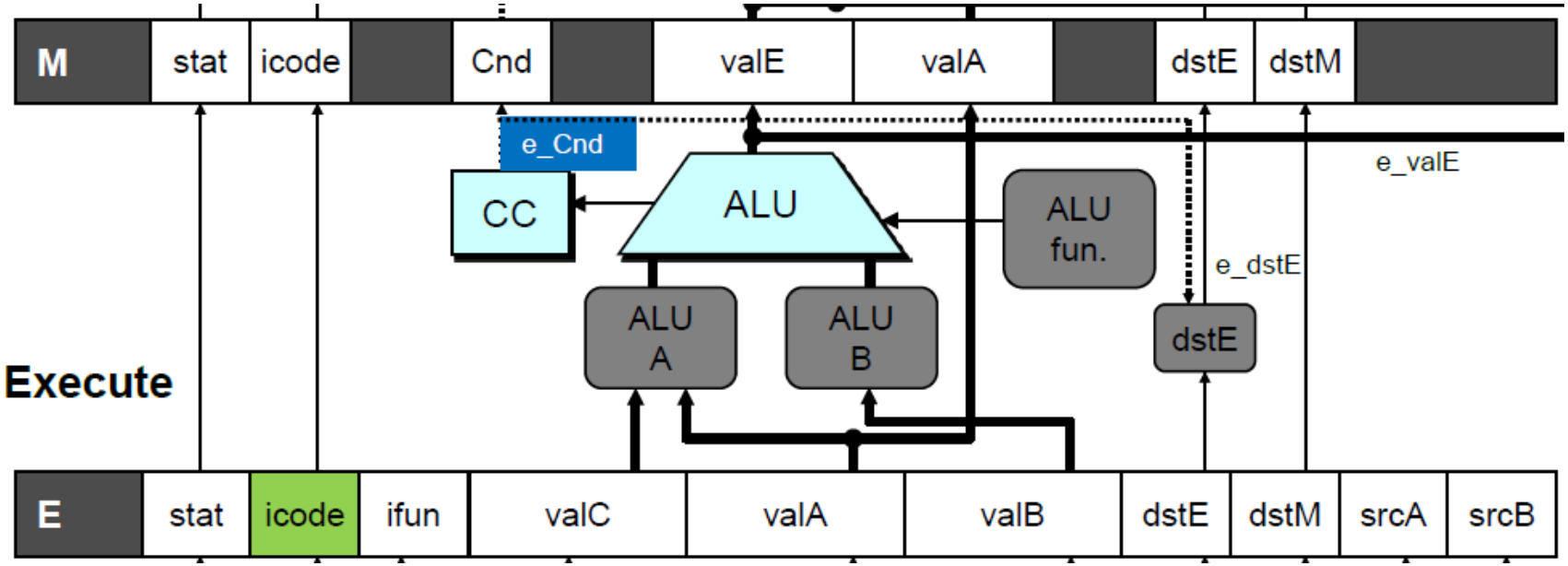
Predict branch as taken

- Fetch 2 instructions at target

Cancel when mispredicted

- Detect branch not-taken in execute stage
- On following cycle, replace instructions in execute and decode by bubbles
- No side effects have occurred yet

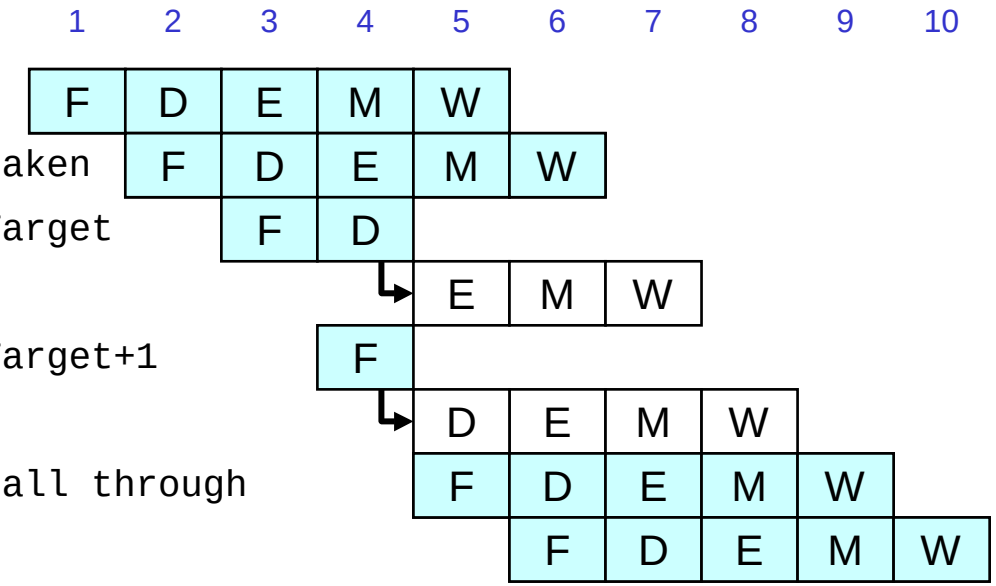
Detecting Mispredicted Branch



Condition	Trigger
Mispredicted Branch	E_icode = IJXX & !e_Cnd

Control for Misprediction

```
# demo-j.ys
0x000:     xorl %eax,%eax
0x002:     jne target # Not taken
0x011: t:  irmovl $2,%edx # Target
           bubble
0x017:     irmovl $3,%ebx # Target+1
           bubble
0x007:     irmovl $1,%eax # Fall through
0x00d:     nop
```



Condition	F	D	E	M	W
Mispredicted Branch	normal	bubble	bubble	normal	normal

Return Example

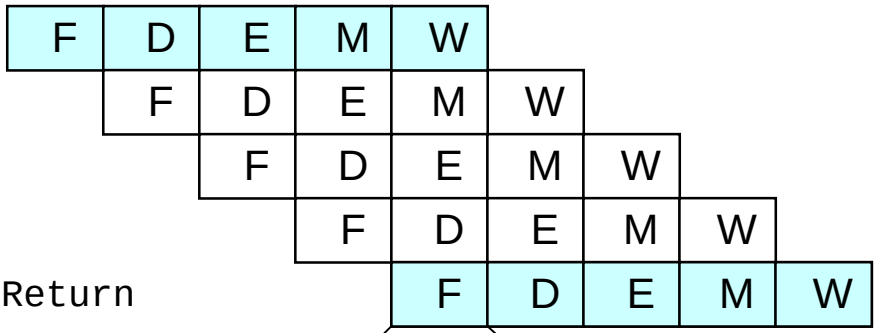
demo-retb.ys

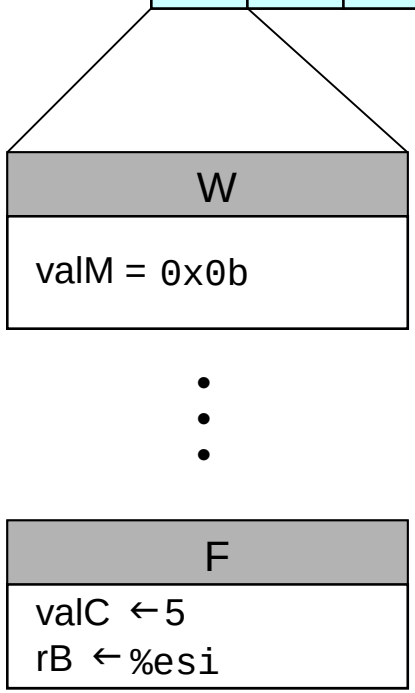
```
0x000:    irmovl Stack,%esp  # Initialize stack pointer
0x006:    call p             # Procedure call
0x00b:    irmovl $5,%esi     # Return point
0x011:    halt
0x020: .pos 0x20
0x020: p: irmovl $-1,%edi    # procedure
0x026:    ret
0x027:    irmovl $1,%eax     # Should not be executed
0x02d:    irmovl $2,%ecx     # Should not be executed
0x033:    irmovl $3,%edx     # Should not be executed
0x039:    irmovl $4,%ebx     # Should not be executed
0x100: .pos 0x100
0x100: Stack:                # Stack: Stack pointer
```

- Previously executed three additional instructions

Correct Return Example

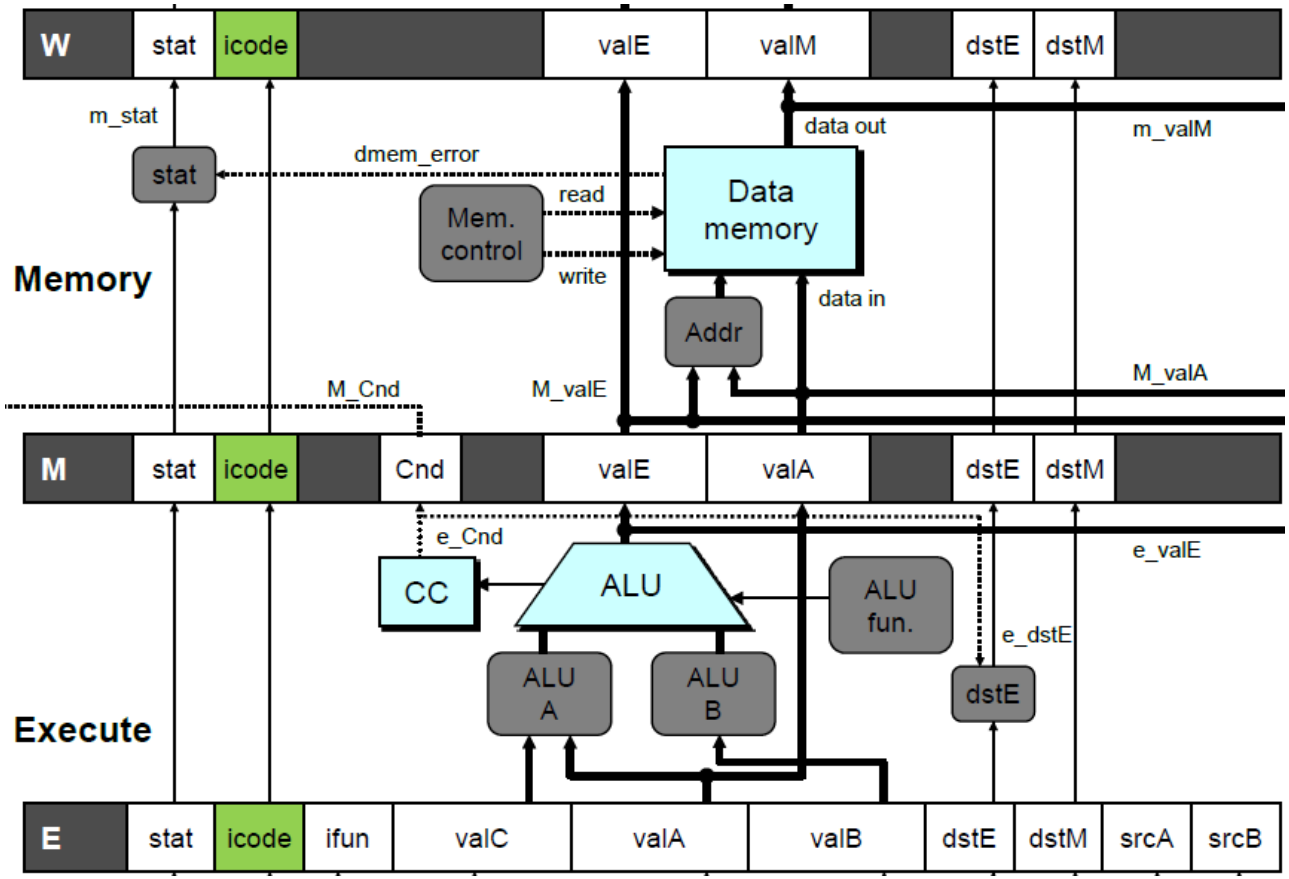
```
# demo-retb
0x026:    ret
          bubble
          bubble
          bubble
0x00b:    irmovl $5,%esi # Return
```





- As `ret` passes through pipeline, stall at fetch stage
  - While in decode, execute, and memory stage
- Inject bubble into decode stage
- Release stall when reach write-back stage

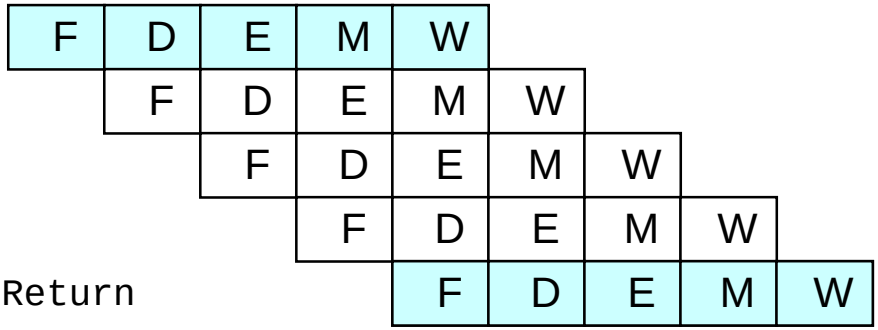
Detecting Return



Condition	Trigger
Processing ret	IRET in { D_icode, E_icode, M_icode }

Control for Return

```
# demo-retb
0x026:    ret
          bubble
          bubble
          bubble
0x00b:    irmovl $5,%esi # Return
```



Condition	F	D	E	M	W
Processing ret	stall	bubble	normal	normal	normal

Special Control Cases

Detection

Condition	Trigger
Processing ret	IRET in { D_icode, E_icode, M_icode }
Load/Use Hazard	E_icode in { IMRMOVL, IPOPL } && E_dstM in { d_srcA, d_srcB }
Mispredicted Branch	E_icode = IJXX & !e_Bch

Action (on next cycle)

Condition	F	D	E	M	W
Processing ret	stall	bubble	normal	normal	normal
Load/Use Hazard	stall	stall	bubble	normal	normal
Mispredicted Branch	normal	bubble	bubble	normal	normal

Summary

Today

- Hazard mitigation through pipeline forwarding
- Hardware support for forwarding
- Forwarding to mitigate control (branch) hazards

Next Time

- Implementing pipeline control
- Pipelining and performance analysis